

Final Report for B1700-DFM
16 July 2004

B1700 is located directly south of B1200 and was opened last year as an extension of B1200 by NMD. B1700 is defined by B1204 to the north, and the eastern boundary consists of B1710 and the southern continuation of B703. The southern and western parameters were arbitrarily set with the purpose to locate possible architectural features to define the area. The excavation of B1700 was conducted from 01 June 2004 to 01 July 2004.

Due to the contours of the area, B1700 is oddly shaped, measuring 6.10 m -N, 7.65 m -E, 2.43 m -S, and then it angles 5.50 m to the NW, and 3.30 m -W.

The following benchmarks were used during the excavations: R11 (355.86), R12 (353.82), and R14 (354.37).

The depositional history of this trench is rather complex, with levels of habitation spanning from the Final Neolithic (FN) to the Archaic Period. Unfortunately, most of the southern half of the trench is in a major erosion zone of bedrock and slope wash, thus destroying much of the stratigraphy and mixing several periods of occupation into a jumbled mass. Some of the lowest levels, however, were spared in the southern half. The excavation of the extreme southern end was completed with Locus B1718. This locus revealed traces of a floor surface. The surface was dark red and fairly hard and most likely represents a FN floor. The remains of the floor were fairly scant and along the eastern edge of wall B1716 ran a densely packed accumulation of small stones and cobblestones. These stones most likely are part of the foundation deposit for the wall B1716 that cut into the floor of B1718. The date of B1716 is uncertain, yet its style of construction and the fact that it is abutting the FN wall B1719 at a different angle indicates a post-FN date for construction. Locus B1717 was immediately above and the section covering B1718 is associated with the pottery pail B1717.2. This part of B1717 also revealed a patchy floor surface, and the soil above the hard grey surface was light brown, mixed with yellowish roofing clay. North of B1718, locus B1717 continued and covered the area defined by walls B1719, B1720, and B1721. These walls date to the FN period due to their type of construction and the associated pottery and form an FN structure/building. This part of B1717 is associated with the pottery pail B1717.1. Here, the soil is a rich red color, with patches of dark, burnt soil and is clearly FN habitation debris, as indicated by chipped stone and a pure FN pottery pail. Another layer of FN habitation debris is represented by locus B1715.5 within the area defined by the three FN walls. Locus B1715 also extended west, over B1719 and the space between B1719 and B1722, another FN wall, was filled with FN habitation debris, as indicated by the pure FN pottery pails B1715.6 and B1715.7 and several chipped stone flakes. The rest of locus B1715 is a mixture of habitation debris (mostly dating to the FN period) and floor packing, especially in the northern part of the locus, in front of B1204. Before moving on to the depositional history of the northern part of the trench, where the floor surfaces are best preserved, it should be noted that locus B1714, which is a combination of

habitation debris and slope wash, covered the southern half of the trench, lying directly above locus B1715 within the three FN walls and B1717.2.

The northern half of the trench was fairly well preserved, protected by the upper layers of habitation and wall tumble. Locus B1713 serves as the floor packing for the floor uncovered by locus B1712. The floor surface of B1712 runs under the Archaic wall B1204 and the pottery dates this surface to LM IIIC. The floor is preserved across the trench until it reaches the wall B1720, as do most of the surfaces. Locus B1712 consists not only of floor deposition, but also of floor packing for the floor surface revealed by locus B1711. The floor is preserved in the northern half of the trench and in a small patch S of B1705 and had, at one point, covered the eastern side of B1721. A LG vessel was found laying on the surface of the small patch of floor, thus helping to date the floor to the LG period. The floor of B1711, like B1712, rests just under B1204 and so the wall B1204 post-dates these floors. The next layer, locus B1706, is a mixture of habitation debris with some roofing clay, which is resting upon a rough floor surface, and represents the earliest phase of occupation during the Archaic period. A fair amount of food debris was found in this locus. A few broken pots, a stone tool and quern were both strewn on and sunken into the surface, appearing to have been affected by the slope wash. These were removed as locus B1708. Contemporary with this deposit is locus B1707, which represents the habitation debris within the space defined by walls B1705, B1709, and B1710. It's most likely that wall B1710 was constructed during this early phase of Archaic habitation and wall B1709 was an earlier wall being re-used at this time, to serve as some sort of spur wall to section off the corner from the rest of the area. The construction of wall B1705 is a later Archaic feature and will be discussed momentarily. The discovery of several mandibles, all from goats of primary butchering age, concentrated in this enclosed space clearly indicates that during the early Archaic period there was a clear division of labor within this area. The combination of food debris, a butchering area, several stone tools and querns, the lack of a solid, hard packed floor surface and the lack of definitive western wall strongly suggests that this was an exterior space used as a working area, though part of the space was roofed, as indicated by the remains of roofing clay as part of the matrix of loci B1707 and B1704. Locus B1704 is habitation debris mixed with roofing clay, resulting from the continual use of the area during the Archaic period. The division of space and labor also continued up till the latest phase of Archaic occupation and this area held the same function as it did in the earlier phase. Wall B1705 is associated with this latest phase of occupation, B1704, and was constructed as a retaining wall to maintain the separation of the northeast corner as a butchering area, where another similar concentration of mandibles were found, from the rest of the area, as the level of the surface rose with the accumulation of habitation debris. The final locus, B1702, that covered most of the eastern half of the trench, consisted of wall tumble and roofing clay. Locus B1701 was the removal of the topsoil along the edges of the trench that remained from last year's removal of topsoil (B1201) in the extension of B1200.

The western edge, the extreme southern end, and the southeast corner of the trench were investigated and uncovered by locus B1703. This locus consisted of slope wash and eroded bedrock. Pails B1703.1-5, 8-9, 12-15 were in the western part of the trench

removing the slope wash and helping to find and define the western boundary walls B1719 and B1722. These two parallel walls, both dating to the FN period, appear to possibly represent two different phases of FN construction in this area. The outer, most western wall is poorly preserved, yet its construction with massive pieces of bedrock differs from B1719, which is built of much smaller stones and pieces of bedrock. Pails B1703.6, 7, and 10 removed part of the slope wash from the extreme southern area. Pails B1703.11, 16-17 investigated the eroded bedrock in the southeast corner, uncovering the line of bedrock that served as wall bedding for a wall that stretched across the SE corner of the area.

Substantial phases of occupation, with associated floor surfaces and architecture: FN, LM IIIC, LG, and Archaic

Loci and Pail list:

- B1701.1-2: Topsoil
- B1702.1-3: Wall tumble
- B1703.1-17: Slope Wash/Eroded bedrock
- B1704.1: Roofing Clay and Habitation Debris
- B1706.1-3: Habitation Debris above a rough surface-exterior space-Archaic
- B1707.1-5: Habitation Debris above a rough surface-exterior space-Archaic
- B1708.1: Pottery Scatter across rough surface and eroded surface area in S. half
- B1711.1: Floor Deposition/Debris above floor surface-LG
- B1711.2-6: Floor Deposition mixed with slope wash/erosion
- B1712.1-4: Floor Deposition and Floor Packing above floor surface-LM IIIC
- B1713.1-3: Floor Packing/Habitation Debris
- B1714.1-9: Habitation Debris and Slope wash/erosion
- B1715.1-4: Habitation Debris and Slope wash/erosion
- B1715.5-7: Habitation Debris (FN)
- B1717.1: Habitation Debris (FN)-possible floor surface
- B1717.2: Habitation Debris and Slope wash/erosion-trace of floor surface
- B1718: Habitation Debris and Slope wash/erosion-trace of FN floor surface

Walls:

- B1705: Latest built feature; used as retaining wall to separate NE corner from rest of area-late Archaic
- B1709: Wall of unknown date-earlier than Archaic, most likely
- B1710: Small spur wall built in front of B703-thought to be Archaic, yet pottery from wall cleaning date to EIA
- B1716: Wall of unknown date-definite post-FN date; possible remains of the LM III C structure associated with LM IIIC floor due to the dominance of LM III C pottery in associated pails

B1719

B1720

B1721: Walls forming part of FN structure, with B1720 as small E/W partition wall, dividing the space into at least two rooms; southern room fully excavated

B1722: FN wall of possible earlier structure

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1701.1Excavator DFM**Elevations**Benchmark used: R11 (355.8)

Reading on

Benchmark: 1.291H.I.: 357.151Formula: TopH.I. - Δ = Elevation

$$\Delta 1 = 1.692$$

$$357.151 - 1.692 = 355.459$$

$$\Delta 2 = 2.500$$

$$357.151 - 2.500 = 354.651$$

$$\Delta 3 = 2.709$$

$$357.151 - 2.709 = 354.442$$

$$\Delta 4 = 2.724 = 354.427$$

$$357.151 - 2.724$$

Bench mark used: R11 (355.6)Reading on Benchmark: 1.293

$$\Delta 1 = 1.784 \quad \text{H.I. } 357.153$$

$$357.153 - 1.784 = 355.369$$

$$\Delta 2 = 2.716$$

$$357.153 - 2.716 = 354.437$$

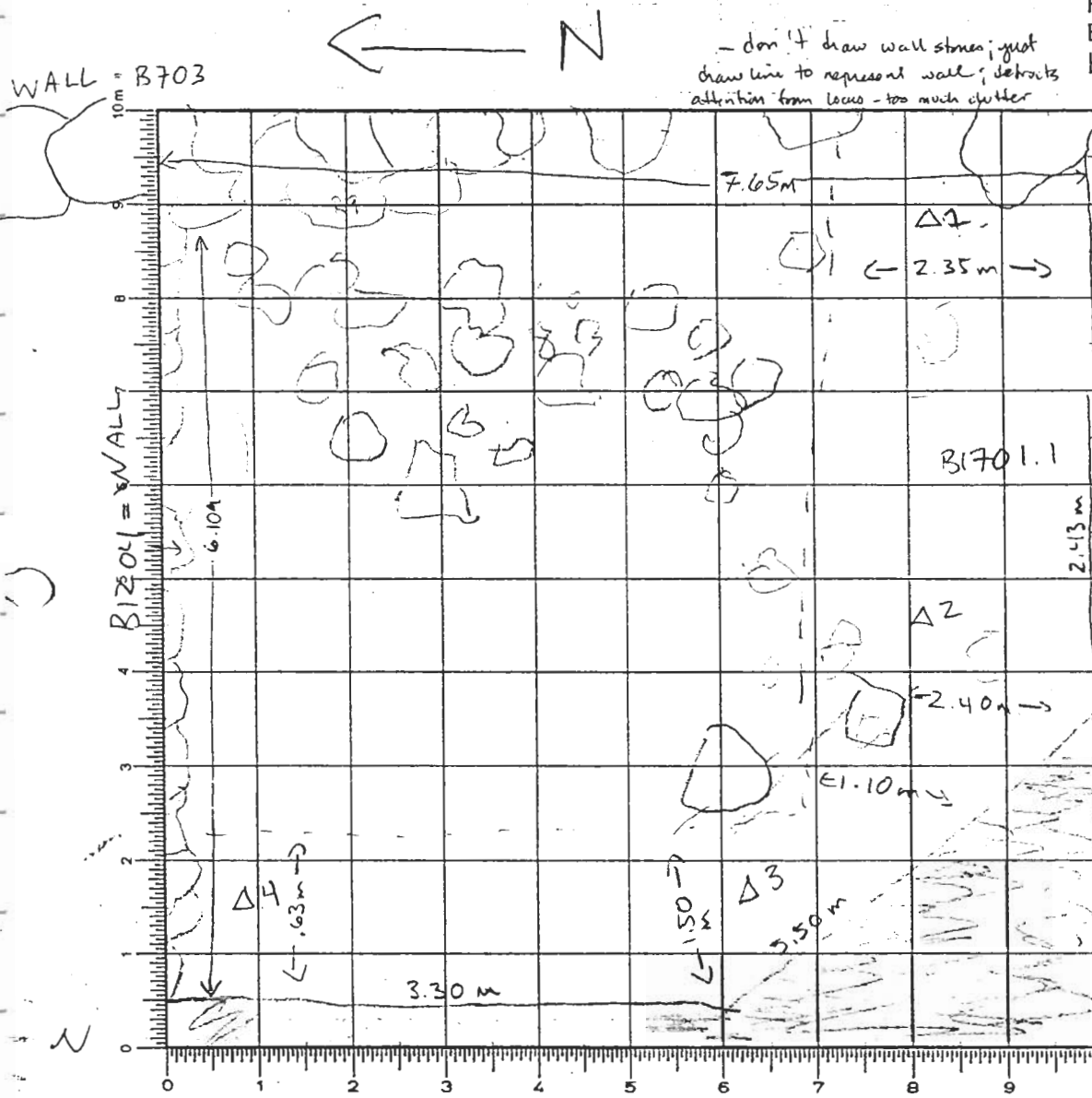
$$\Delta 3 = 2.836$$

$$357.153 - 2.836 = 354.317$$

$$\Delta 4 = 2.872$$

$$357.153 - 2.872 = 354.281$$

Bottom

DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain **why** you changed locus numbers):Today's date: 01 June 2004Locus above: B1201Locus parameters: See page 2Verbal description: very loose light brown soilmatrix - sm to medium cobble stones/rocksdecayed vegetation material roots, etc.See page 2 for continuation- in S.E. corner getting decayed look like just brown soil

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

01 June 2004top soil, stone wash from above

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1701.1 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

Locus parameter:

This locus shape is a bit awkward; the western boundary measures approx. 3.30m and is 0.63m in width; as it goes southward, it widens to 1.50m, at which point, the locus turns southeast for approx. 5.50m - the width of this southeastern section of locus B1701 varies in width from 1.10m to 2.40m. The southern boundary measures 2.43m and it measures 2.35m at its widest point.

Verbal description: As previously stated, locus B1701 is the top soil that borders ~~the~~ the trench B1700 along its ~~western~~ and southern ends. The soil color is light brown, yet in the south east corner of locus B1701, the color gets a bit darker, to medium brown (yet this area was richer in vegetation matter and roots). The level of compaction is fairly loose and is easily picked through. The matrix of the soil, as stated earlier, is rich dirt with a fair amount of rocks, ranging in size from small pebbles to medium size rocks, and mixed in is decayed vegetation materials and roots. In the southeast corner of the locus, the soil had much decayed bedrock mixed in w/ ^{it} the soil.

Locus B1701 is basically the continuation of locus B1201.5, which was the trench extension of B1200 to the south and so that B1700 will then have an even surface. B1201.5 is the top soil level, and ~~so~~ B1701 is the rest of the top soil left from last year, in B1201.

01 June 2004

After spending all of 31 May 2004 clearing off the vegetation and other material from the designated trench area, today was spent starting up the trench. First we swept the ~~site~~ area B1701 and then we set up the ~~per~~ perimeter and dimensions of the trench. After such measurements were taken, we set about to take elevations. Originally

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1701 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

01 June 2004

- we were going to use R9 as our monument, yet after much discussion, it was decided to use R11 instead. Once elevations were taken at four points across the locus, we began our first pass of B1701, and this was given pottery find B1701.1. Pottery was found, along with only a few pieces of bone. A possible piece of iron was found in the southeast corner. In the southern half, underneath the top soil a few substantial nodes were uncovered, some that extended ~~into~~ into the bedrock that lines the eastern boundary of the trench. Hopefully this will turn out to be the cross wall of the Archaic room just N of B1701. At the end of the day we were finishing up ~~the~~ sweeping ~~the~~ B1701 - the pass was complete.

For B1701.2, see 03 June 2004 - Locus B1702

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1702A Excavator DFM**Elevations**

Benchmark used: R11 (33.86)

Reading on

Benchmark: 1.281

H.I.: 357.141

98

 $\Delta 1 = 1.982$ $\Delta 2 = 2.365$ $\Delta 3 =$ $\Delta 1 = 1.982$ $357.141 - 1.982 =$ 355.159 $\Delta 2 = 2.365$ $357.141 - 2.365 =$ 354.776 $\Delta 3 = 2.034$ $357.141 - 2.034 =$ 355.107 $\Delta 4 = 2.383$ $357.141 - 2.383 =$ 354.758 $\Delta 5 = 1.978$ $357.141 - 1.978 =$ 355.163 $\Delta 6 = 2.423$ $357.141 - 2.423 =$ 354.718Bottom Elevations: $\Delta 1 = 354.550$; $\Delta 2 = 354.701$; $\Delta 3 = 354.782$; $\Delta 5 = 355.058$

SKETCH 1:75 N

DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 02 June 04 Locus above: B1201

Locus parameters: Cluster of wall tumble in NE corner, betw. wall B1201 and (Northern boundary) and B703; extent of locus yet to be determined; approx. ~~2.4m x 4.5m~~ 1.6m x 4.5**Verbal description:**

Level of compaction - extremely compact + hard (this area has been exposed for at least 1 year)
 Matrix - hard light brown soil compressed against lg. rocks; getting lg. pithos fragments and other pottery fragments; bone; in a concentrated area, an light gray waxy/clay ~~matrix~~ soil was uncovered, w/ flecks of carbon in it - it was heavy, thick, and very compacted; an interstitial soil sample was taken.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

02 June 2004

The tumble ~~probably~~ most likely is from an ancient wall that has fallen down, down the natural slope of the hill. It was suggested that the wall tumble was probably higher, but stones had been removed for cement + local agricultural use.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1701 B1702 Excavator DFM

[illegible]

OBJECTS

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

[illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1702 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

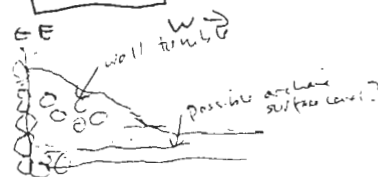
02 June 2004

- Started out the day finishing up the sweeping to prepare for photographs of B1701

- Finished sweeping, Peggy took 2 photographs of B1701, taken ^{from SW} ~~from SE~~ direction

- After discussion, decided to try to find the ~~face~~ continuing face of wall B1703 and remove the tumble, which is now B1702, w/ pottery pair B1702.1 associated w/ it. Elevations were taken at 6 points across suspected ^{area}

- After some digging in the extreme ^{NE} corner of B1700,



underlying courses of ~~the~~ wall B1204 and B1703 were uncovered. There was a concentration of pitheos fragments in the general area of the NE corner, (i.e. ~~protrusion~~ the)

- Began to proceed southward, removing the ~~face~~ wall to tumble, and revealing more of wall B1703

- Within the wall tumble, we found our 1st object - a round stone base, or a pitheos cover, ~~it was~~

- While continuing digging southward, past the stone base, Martina noticed a change in soil - became more ashy, w/ flecks of carbon. It was heavy and thick, and a light grey in color. She suggested possibly that it is similar to material that is often used to stick around ~~the~~ a hearth to solidify it around the base and edges. An intensive soil sample was taken from the area approximately 1.8 m from B1204 and .95 m from B1703.

The pass through B1702 ~~was~~ continued and was not finished by the end of ^{the} day - the area was swept and Peggy ~~over~~ and took a photograph of Object #1 in situ (the stone base/pitheos cover). Then the object was removed and brought down for cataloguing.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1702 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pile(s)]:

03 June 2004

- We continued to excavate locus B1702, moving south in the NE quadrant of the trench. The associated pile # is B1702.2, and it is a continuation of ~~the~~ pile B1702.1

- Final elevations were taken for B1701.1

$$\Delta 11 = 1.293$$

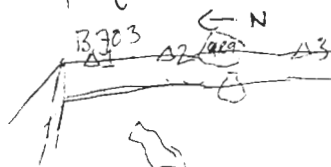
$$\Delta 1 = 0.784$$

$$\Delta 2 = 2.716$$

$$\Delta 3 = 2.834$$

$$\Delta 4 = 2.872$$

- Elevations were taken for B1701.2 - this pile is for the soil on top of wall B703, to clean the top of the wall (the cleaning of the wall will probably be started after the wall tumble is removed)



- ~~the~~ Continuing southward, Marina came ~~across~~ across another patch of the light grey ashy soil, compact and heavy w/ flecks of carbon - an intensive soil sample was taken. No ~~stones~~ stones were found around this patch. ~~The~~ The patch was located approx. 2.3m from B1704 and .95m from B703.

- Further south in B1702.2, Marina started getting the dark red soil that exists where bedrock ~~and so on~~ and there ~~was no longer~~ not many stones number of rocks had greatly decreased to only a few scattered here and there, so an ~~arbitrary~~ arbitrary line was drawn for a stopping point of B1702.2.

~~As~~ In this southern section, all traces of the possible ^{continuing} wall B703 ~~disappeared~~ disappeared. It's possible that ~~that~~ the wall turns inward (or eastward) to follow the contours of the bedrock. So possibly the wall is further east and curves in.

- Contrary to what was written above, ~~the~~ it was decided to give the wall cleaning area of B703 the pile # B1702.3 because it was not the top soil, which is B1701, because the top soil was removed last year. B1702.3 was made like the wall tumble that we excavated ~~of~~ because some of the smaller stones appear to be tumble and not part of the wall.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1702 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

03 June 2004

- Before removing the soil around the wall and defining the wall itself and its extent, we decided to remove the small amount of top soil that was left ^{from} last year along the edge of the bedrock that borders the trench B1700. This soil was given pair # B1701.2 because it was ~~the~~ similar to the top soil locus B1701.1 that we removed on the second day to even out

the trench in the western half. Three elevations were taken across the area

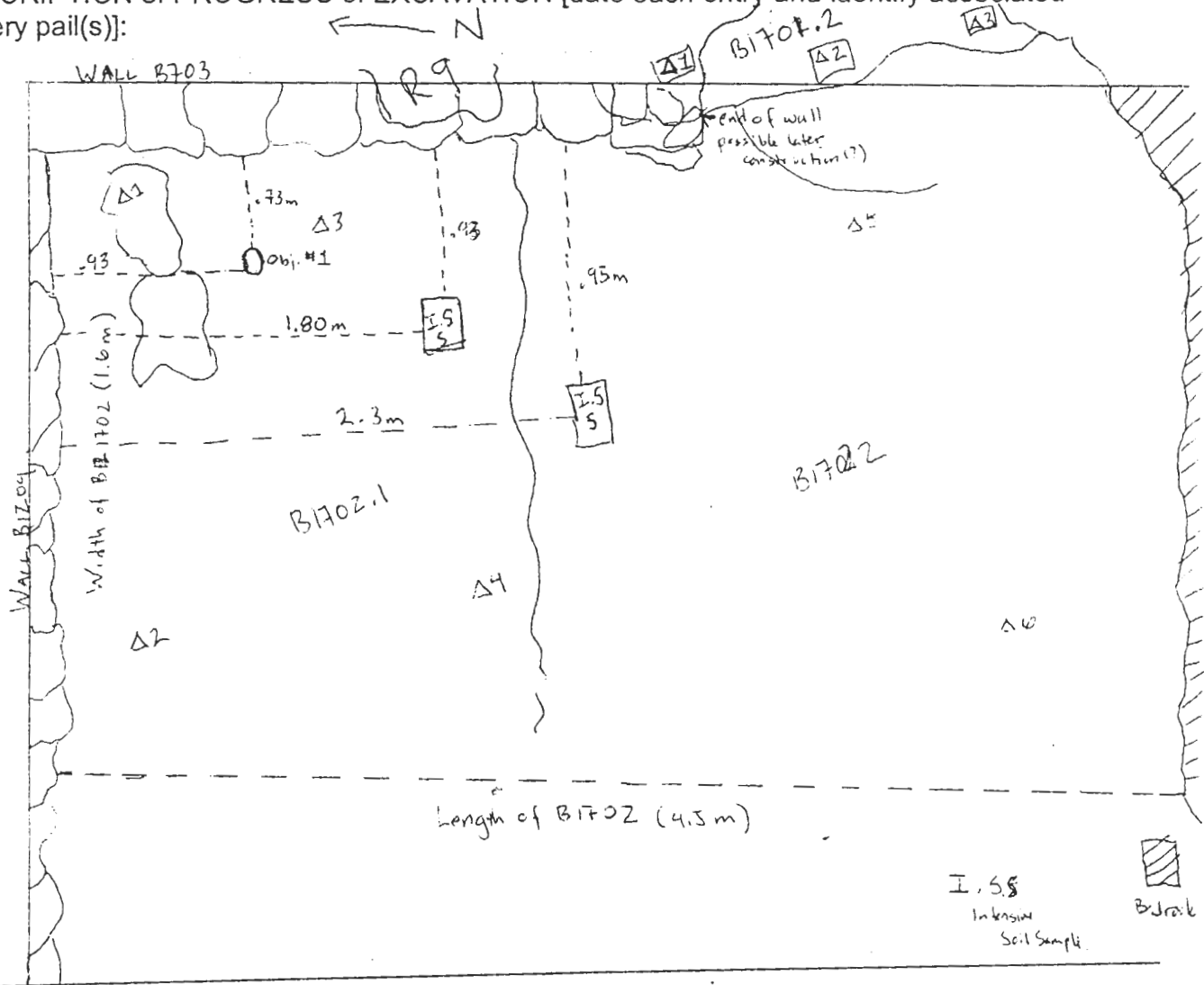
$E11 = 1.288$
 $\Delta 1 = 1.963$
 $\Delta 2 = 1.778$
 $\Delta 3 = 1.680$

- Once the top soil was removed, Martina began to clean the wall and articulate the stones, and then she continued south along the wall hoping to find the rest of the wall, possibly abutting the bedrock. As stated earlier, this was given pair # B1702.3. Unfortunately, the wall seems to have ended - lose trace of it, even digging ~~to~~ back into the bedrock - it doesn't appear to be there. The area was cleared, swept, and photographed.

Final elevations for locus B1702 were taken. Tomorrow we will start the day ~~not~~ starting a new locus, making a pass moving eastward toward B703 and the eastern boundary. The ~~ext~~ perimeter of the locus has yet to be measured.

- A general observation - in the southern half of the northeast quadrant of the trench, ^(exp. B1702.2, B1702.3) within locus B1702, there was a concentration of limpet shells and bones in the area. They were spread out ~~in~~ throughout the area, but was a notable difference from the ~~so~~ northern half. In addition, the number of ~~stones~~ stones also decreased as the further south you went from B1204. Also, throughout the whole locus there were patches of light grey ashy soil w/ flecks of carbon. Possible suggestions were given, either roofing clay or Martina sug. that it looked like soil that is packed around a hearth.

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

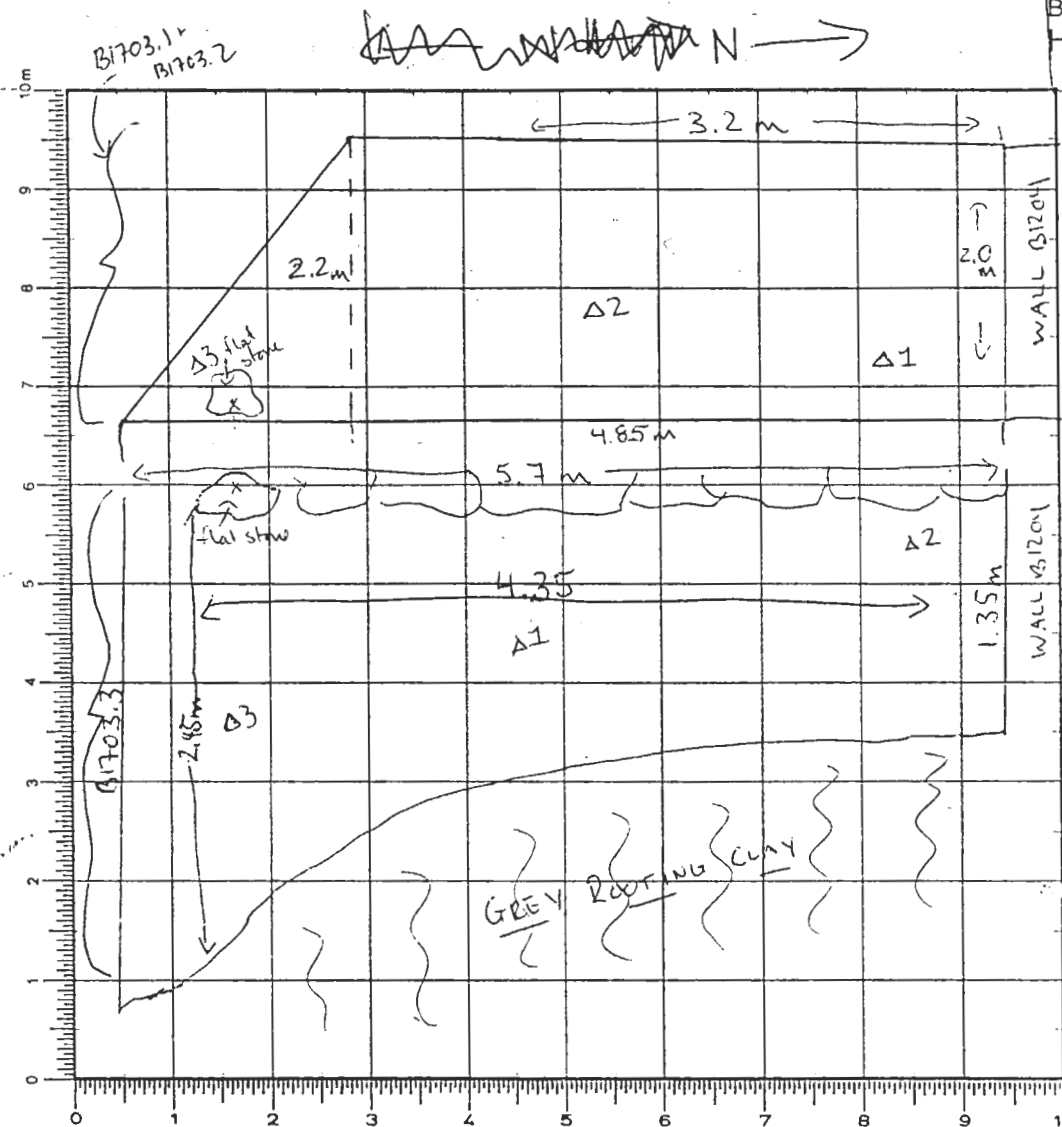


- 1702.1 = 02 June 2004 - pass of wall tumble
- 1702.2 = 03 June 2004 - germination of pins into wall tumble
- 1702.3 = 03 June 2004 - articulation of wall + defining its extent

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DFM

Elevations

Benchmark used: R11
Reading on Benchmark: 1.688
H.I.: 357.548



Δ1 =
 $357.548 - 3.201 = 354.347$

Δ2 =
 $357.548 - 3.203 = 354.345$

Δ3 =
 $357.548 - 3.197 = 354.351$

R11 (355.86) B1703.3
Reading on benchmark: 1.353
H.I. = 357.213

Δ1 =
 $357.213 - 2.785 = 354.428$

Δ2 =
 $357.213 - 2.762 = 354.451$

Δ3 =
 $357.213 - 2.757 = 354.456$

DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 04 June 2004 Locus above: B1701.1

Locus parameters: The northern boundary is ~~B1703~~ B1204 (wall) and measures about 2.0m in depth at this end, yet get a bit flatter (2.2m) at the point where the western boundary turns SE. The eastern boundary is the eastern face of wall B1211 in trench B1203 and measures 5.7m in length.

Verbal description: The soil color is light to medium dark brown, level of compaction is medium to hard and the matrix is ~~very~~ compacted dirt mixed w/ medium to small stones, scattering of pottery (very worn), and vegetable matter, including a very large root of a nearby olive tree.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

This locus is the ancient slope wash that has accumulated from erosion of the above terrace and archaic floor surfaces. It most likely has been heavily disturbed from agricultural activity in the area, possibly in the path of a plow, etc.

AZORIA Project

p.2

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DFM

B1703.17 0 0

Locus/Pottery Pail Number	Weight of Sherds	Number of Sherds	Chronology & Comments
B1703.1	1.20 kg	76	LM III C, Archaic, Hell
B1703.2	0.92 kg	71	Archaic, LM III C, FN
B1703.3	1.05 kg	151	Byz / Modern, LM III C, Archaic (6 th)
B1703.16	.305 kg	34	FN, LM III C (6 III C - 4 = fine bits)
B1703.4	.35 kg	59	FN, LM III C, EO?, Archaic?
B1703.5	.68	40	FN, LM III C, Archaic
B1703.6	.10 kg	22	Archaic
B1703.7	.30 kg	56	FN??, LM III C, LG, Archaic, "ottoman"
B1703.8	.30 kg	60	FN, LM III C, LG, Hell?
B1703.9	.15 kg	59	FN, LM III C, LG, Archaic
B1703.10	.63 kg	99	FN, LM III C, LG, O.
B1703.11	.040 kg	13	FN, LM III C

B1703.12 1.225 kg 138 FN, LM III C, EIA, A
 B1703.13 1.850 161 OBJECTS FN, LM III C, A
 B1703.14 .065 kg 10 FN, LM III C

B1703.15 =
 N, LM III C
 LG - EIA *
 6 / .210 kg *

Object Number	Associated Pottery Pail	Identification (material/form)	Location	Elevation	Catalogue Number
1	B1703.9	stone tool	W balk = 2.42 B1204 = 2.70	354.23	
1	B1703.13	spindle wheel	betw SW wall + balk line		
1	B1703.14	spindle wheel	B1204 = 1.30 m	354.26	

B1703.17
 B1703.15

X ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

X- 1.5. C

Locus/Pottery Pail Number	Bones	Shell	Carbon	Pumice	Soil Sample	Other (specify)
B1703.1	X	X			Standard In situ	
B1703.2	X	X				
B1703.3	X	X				X - possible worked stone
B1703.16	X					
B1703.4	X					
B1703.5	X					
B1703.6	X					
B1703.7	X					
B1703.8	X					
B1703.9	X					
B1703.10	X					
B1703.11						

B1703.12

X

B1703.13

X

B1703.14

X

X possible worked stone

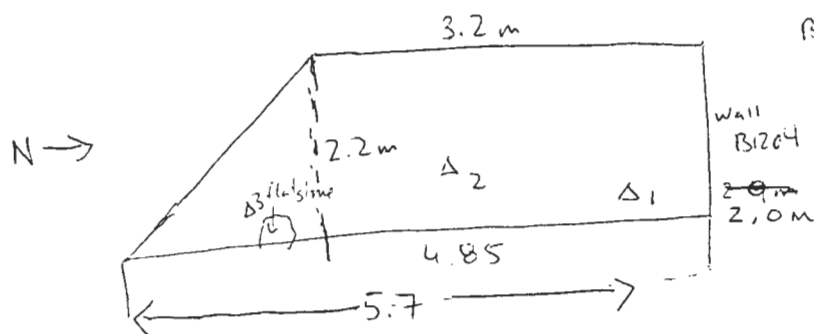
Year 2004 Trench/Locus ~~B1703~~ B1703 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

04 June 2004

- We first measured the area of the trench that would be B1703.1 - ~~the~~ a new locus, for it is in the western half of the trench, underneath where B1701.1 is, and it's not topsoil, nor is it wall tumble, so a new locus was needed. The pottery pail associated w/ the first pass is B1703.1.

The purpose of this new locus is to try to find the western boundary wall of the trench. This western wall is seen in B1700, B700, B1200, and so they are hoping to find that this wall continues into B1700, so it will help define the ~~space~~ of B1700 and provide us w/ an architectural structure, at least, or architectural space to work in. Elevations were taken:



B1703.1: R11 = 1.688
 $\Delta 1 = 3.201$
 $\Delta 2 = 3.233$
 $\Delta 3 = 3.197$

We screened ~~(8)~~ ⁽⁸⁾ zambulis of dirt from this pass, though it wasn't necessary. The soil's level of compaction was from medium to hard, and the matrix was dirt, ^{stones + pottery} ~~quite~~ light to medium dark brown in color.

- After the pass B1703.1 was completed, a few stones were revealed and appeared to belong to part of the western boundary wall that is seen in B1200, B700, + B1500. It was decided to take another pass to further reveal and delineate the stones of the wall, to see ~~if~~ the condition of preservation, and define the perimeter of the ~~west~~ wall. This pass is B1703.2 - a new locus is not needed since the soil appears to be the same. Though it's not a new locus, elevations were taken just to get a sense of how deep the first path was.

B1703.2: R11 = 1.183

- Once B1703.2 was finished, the western boundary wall was better defined and appears to have been heavily disturbed, with only a few stones appearing to still be in their original position. It appears that the wall has tumbled inward, upslope, ~~to an~~ toward the east, into the interior space of the room.

$\Delta 1 = 2.819$
 $\Delta 2 = 2.875$
 $\Delta 3 = 2.833$

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

04 June 2004 (continued)

- Now that the architectural space for trench B1700 was getting ~~better~~ more defined, the next step was to continue removing the slope wash that had covered the wall, but remove it within the room, towards the east, to search for the remains of a floor level. This next pass was B1703.3 and was going to be a lot shallower than the previous passes for this locus. The parameters of this pass had the newly discovered wall as its western boundary and the eastern boundary was formed by the distinction one could see in the soil approximately mid way up from the western wall. The distinction is ~~from there~~ between the light grey clay soil that is most likely the ~~detritus~~ remains of the roofing clay that covers the eastern half of the trench and was found under the wall ~~well~~ tumble and B1702 and the darker brown soil that is composed of the ancient slope wash that covered the western half of the room and beyond the western wall. Elevations were taken for B1703.3 because this pass extended beyond the original perimeters established for locus B1703.

R11 = 1.353

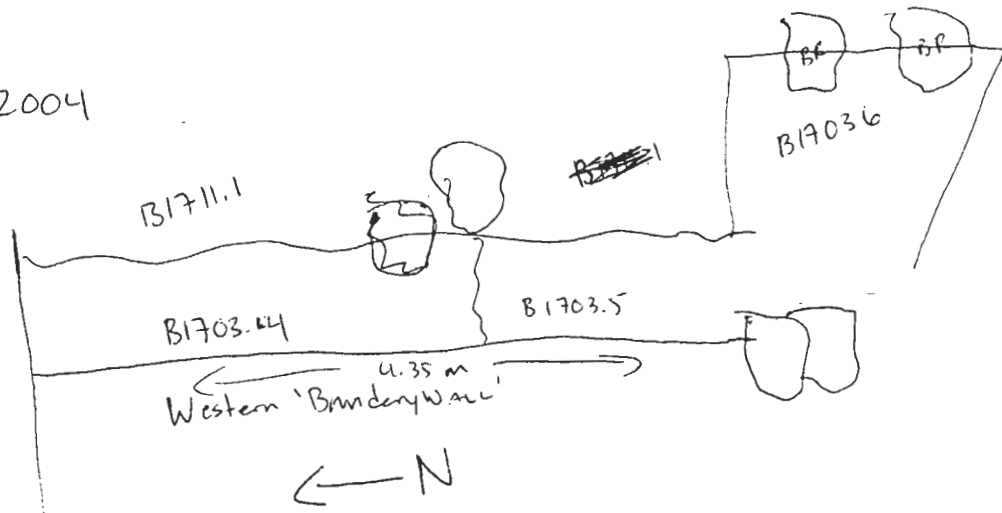
 $\Delta 1 = 2.785$ $\Delta 2 = 2.762$ $\Delta 3 = 2.757$

- The pass revealed a possible floor in the northern area of the pass along the wall B1704, in the middle area of the pass ~~a stone~~ rather flat stones were revealed, though one was more ~~to~~ embedded into the soil and also near this one ~~to~~ at the top of a stone tool was uncovered. It was, like the round flat stone, embedded further into the soil, beyond the depths of this pass. ~~For this~~ ^{around} this area, the soil changed a bit to being somewhat harder and redder than the other surrounding soil. Peggy stated that these objects, the stone tool and the flat stone appeared to have stepped down, not in their original position. ~~Sitting~~ Sewing was not done for this pass, but it should have been. The pass was completed towards the end of the day, so the remaining minutes of the day were spent cleaning and sweeping the newly uncovered areas for trench tours.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DFM

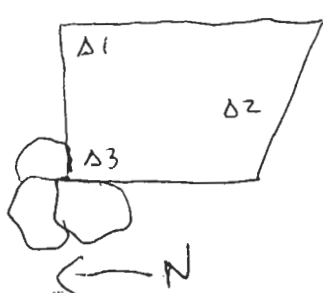
DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

14 June 2004



- This approx. ^{1m} ~~1.5m~~ wide strip of slope wash that was left at the western end of the trench was removed. The pottery find associated w/ this pass is B1703.4. As Martina moved past the very long, flat round pillar base, that lies approx. 2.0m from B1704, the find was changed to B1703.5 because its approx. around this point that the floor surface that was uncovered by B1711.1 is lost and disappears as it hits the large cluster of stones + bed rock that a stone queen + stone pebble was resting on (B1708.1 - dig #1, B1708.2 ~~dig~~ - dig #2).

As Martina hit the end of the trench, she uncovered at least two very large stones, that are most likely part of a wall, in connection w/ the two large corner stones (?) that were uncovered by B1703.2 and were once pass. thought to be a threshold stone belonging to the western boundary wall. At this point, the locus B1703.6 was extended to the south in hopes to find more of the wall, or define it at least. Elevations and measurements were taken.



$R11 = 1.117$
 $\Delta 1 = 2.427 (354.55)$
 $\Delta 2 = 2.540 (354.43)$
 $\Delta 3 = 2.586 (354.39)$
 This section is part of B1703 because it is the soil that was uncovered after the removal of the top soil which is B1701.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

14 June 2004 (continued)

- Final Elevations were taken for B1703

$$R11 = 1.117$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta 1 &= 2.916 = 354.06 \\ \Delta 2 &= 2.868 = 354.117 \\ \Delta 3 &= 2.784 = 354.19 \end{aligned} \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{B1703.1 / 1703.2}$$

$$R11 = 1.117$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta 1 &= 2.646 \\ \Delta 2 &= 2.633 \\ \Delta 3 &= 2.581 \end{aligned} \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \Delta = 354.33 \\ 1703.3 \Delta = 354.34 \\ \Delta = 354.39 \end{array}$$

These elevations were taken earlier in the day, before it was decided to dig ^{more} ~~farther~~ of B1703.

15 June 2004

- This morning, the pass B1703.6 was continued and so the pottery pail associated w/ the remaining part of the pass is B1703.7. Once this pass was finished the entire ~~trench~~ ^{trench} was swept for final photographs for B1711.

- Photographs were taken and the next step was to take another pass in the narrow strip that ~~separates~~ lies along the western boundary that is still the slope wash. This pottery pail associated with the first part of the pass is B1703.8. At the point where the floor surface is lost to the east, we switched pails to B1703.9 (just like how we divided the pass yesterday). The width of this strip is slightly smaller, only measuring approx. .70m wide. ^{W/} B1703.8, the soil had few pieces of pottery and ~~none~~ yet as Makua passed into B1703.9, the area past the end of the floor surface, she got a lot more bone and pottery, few FN sherds, and a stone tool. ~~The pottery, the bone, the~~ Obj #1's measurements + elevations were

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DEM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

15 June 2004

continued

- taken.

R14 = 2.451 / 2.450

Δ Obj. #1 = 2.589

From B1204 = 2.70 m

~~B1710~~ = ~~2.42~~ 3.42

~~W. edge of trench - bench~~ = 2.42

- Once the pass was finished, it was decided to take another pass into the southern extension of B1703 and this pottery pair number is B1703.10. The investigation into the area was to see if the possible wall continued any further NE ward and also to see if the cluster of bed rock and stones that is visible to the N of B1703's southern extension continued further south. The northern boundary of the southern B1703 extension ~~extended further north~~ ~~extended into the~~ ~~into the~~ original trench perimeter and it is in this area that some final neolithic pottery was being pulled out. It was decided to stop going north, but continue to head eastward toward the two large rocks of bed rock that served as the E boundary of this B1703 extension to see if the two stones were perhaps part of a wall that might be a FN wall in the extreme SE corner,

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

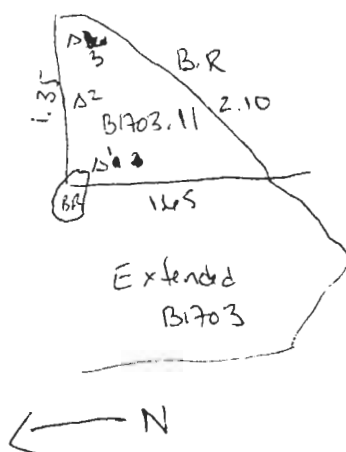
16 June 2004

- This morning we extended locus B1703 further east from the southern extension of B1703, ~~the~~ further into the bedrock tumble to get a clearer idea as to what was going on in the SE corner of the trench + to see if we could define possibly ~~the~~ a FN wall that might be extending out from the bedrock at the east end of the trench. The associated pottery pail was B1703.11

SE Addition to Extended B1703

B1703.11 extension

R14 = 3.672

 $\Delta 1 - 3.318$ (354.72) $\Delta 2 - 2.942$ (354.10) $\Delta 3 - 3.089$ (354.75)

The parameters of the SE addition actually went beyond the original section and further explored the bedrock cuttings further eastward to search out a possible wall or bedding line. It also went a bit north, into the middle of ~~an~~ east back wall to clear out the dirt and clay covering the bed rock to see if any clarity could be reached in the possible 'wall' or 'walls' either against the eastern bed rock or extending out from the bed rock at an ~~the~~ NW angle.

But it was clear from this pass that the SE half of the trench is extremely disturbed and is covered in bedrock and bedrock bedding and is lying in a major erosion wash zone.

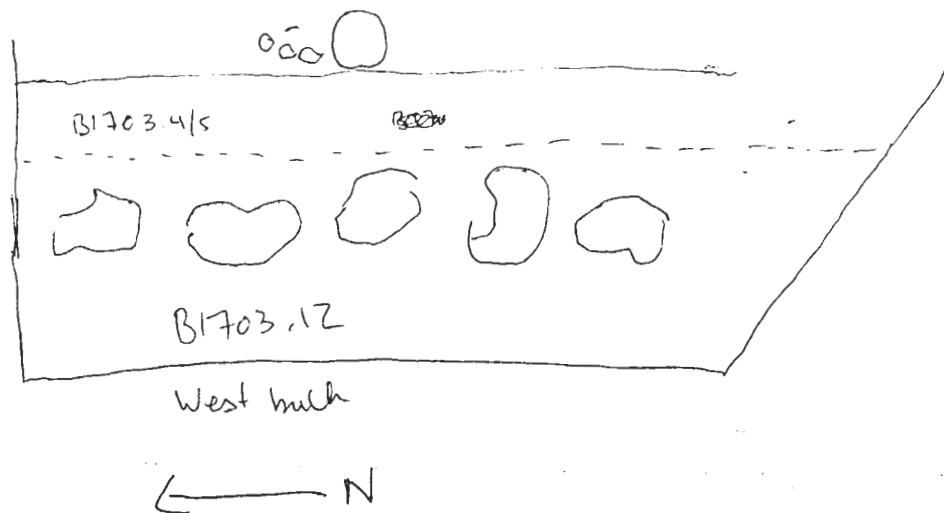
Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

17 June 2004

- Another pass was taken in the extreme western end of the trench, along the western side of the possible 'western' boundary wall of B1700. This pass is to remove more of the slope/erosion wash and so its still part of this locus, B1703, and the associated pottery find is B1703.12.

Hopefully this pass will expose more of the 'western' boundary wall or will clarify what is going on in that area + how far those massive bedrock boulders go down.



18 June 2004

- This morning, we continued the pass started yesterday (B1703.12) across the western end of the trench and the associated pottery find of the continuation is B1703.13. In the ~~see~~ area between the bulk line and the 'wall' in the extreme SW corner, a spindle wheel was found - obj. #1.

RM = 3.665

 $\Delta 1$ for object = 3.385

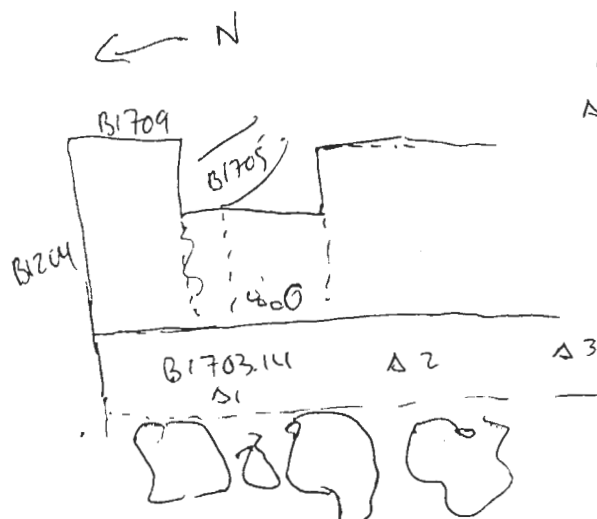
Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

18 June 2004 (continued)

- Another pass was taken of the western slope wash area, but this pass is the strip of soil running along not the edge of the floor surfaces and to the E of the western boundary wall. The associated pottery pail is B1703.14. Approx. 1.30 m into the pass, a spindle wheel was found, obj. #1 - R11 = 2.121. Before the pass was started, three $\Delta 1 = 3.718$ elevations were taken

R11 = 2.123

 $\Delta 1 = 3.704$ (354.28) $\Delta 2 = 3.720$ (354.26) $\Delta 3 = 3.747$ (354.24)

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

~~21~~ 21 June 2004

- This morning we continued the pass along the western strip of soil between the floor surfaces and the western boundary wall - the associated pottery pair is B1703.15. About mid way through the pass, just past the pillar base, there was some large chunks of carbon which were collected, taken down and at this point an I.S.S. was taken (approx 2.0m from 3204).

~~The process~~

22 June 2004

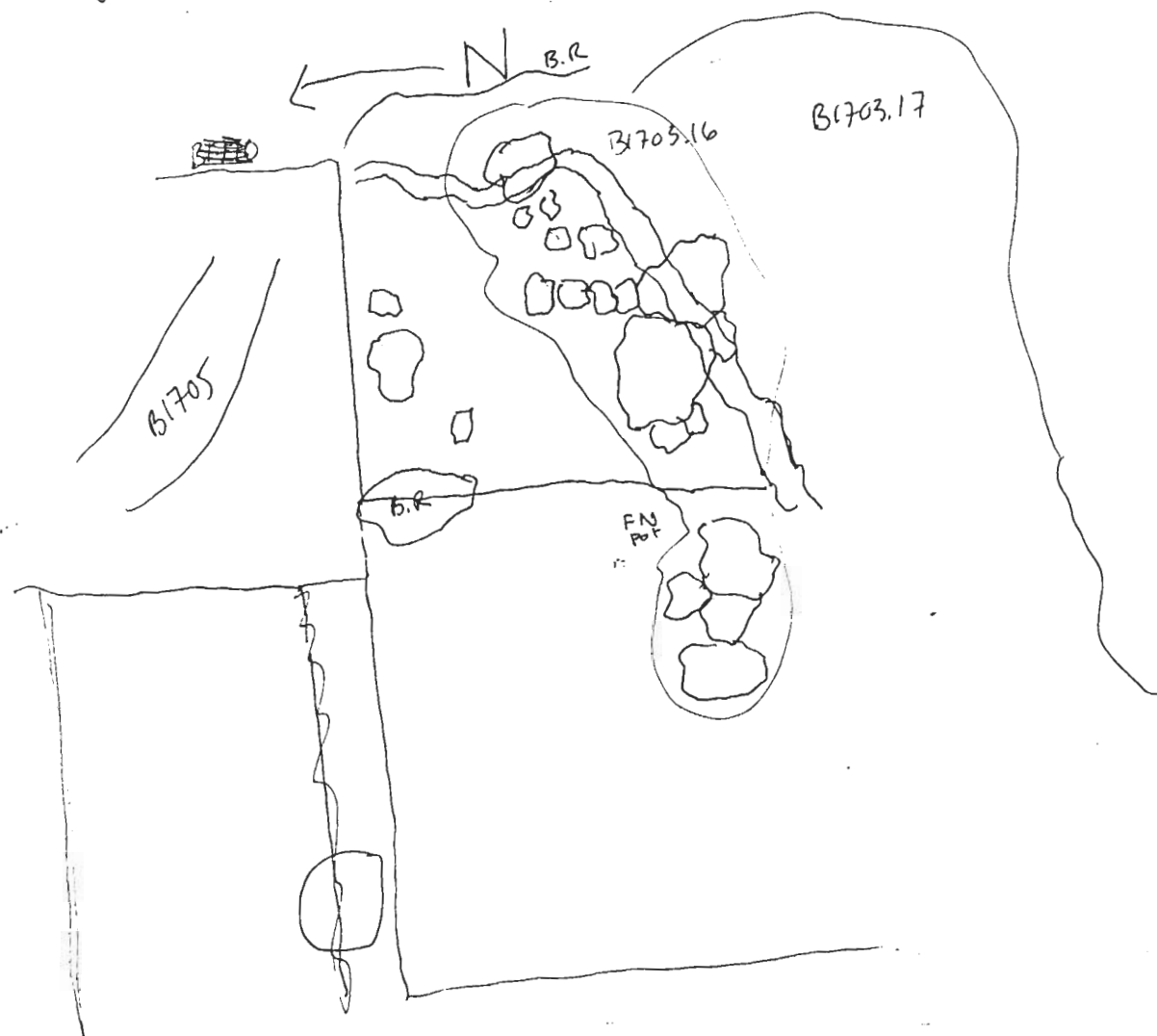
- In an attempt to define the SE area and possibly a section of a wall in the upper SE area, the stones were cleaned that might be associated with the possible wall. The pottery pair associated w/ this wall cleaning is B1703.16. This locus was used because part of stones in the feature, the south sections near the bedrock, entwined w/ the root are at a higher level and were clearly part of B1703. But the N side of the feature and its W / end were uncovered by other loci (B1706 + B1711) and are at a lower level. But this whole area is assigned to pottery pair B1703.16 to treat the feature as a whole and because it is just a cleaning ~~area~~ of a feature and not actual digging into a new locus.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1703 Excavator DEM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pile(s)]:

22 June 2004

- Sketch of B1703.16 area - SE area of trench in front of bed rock

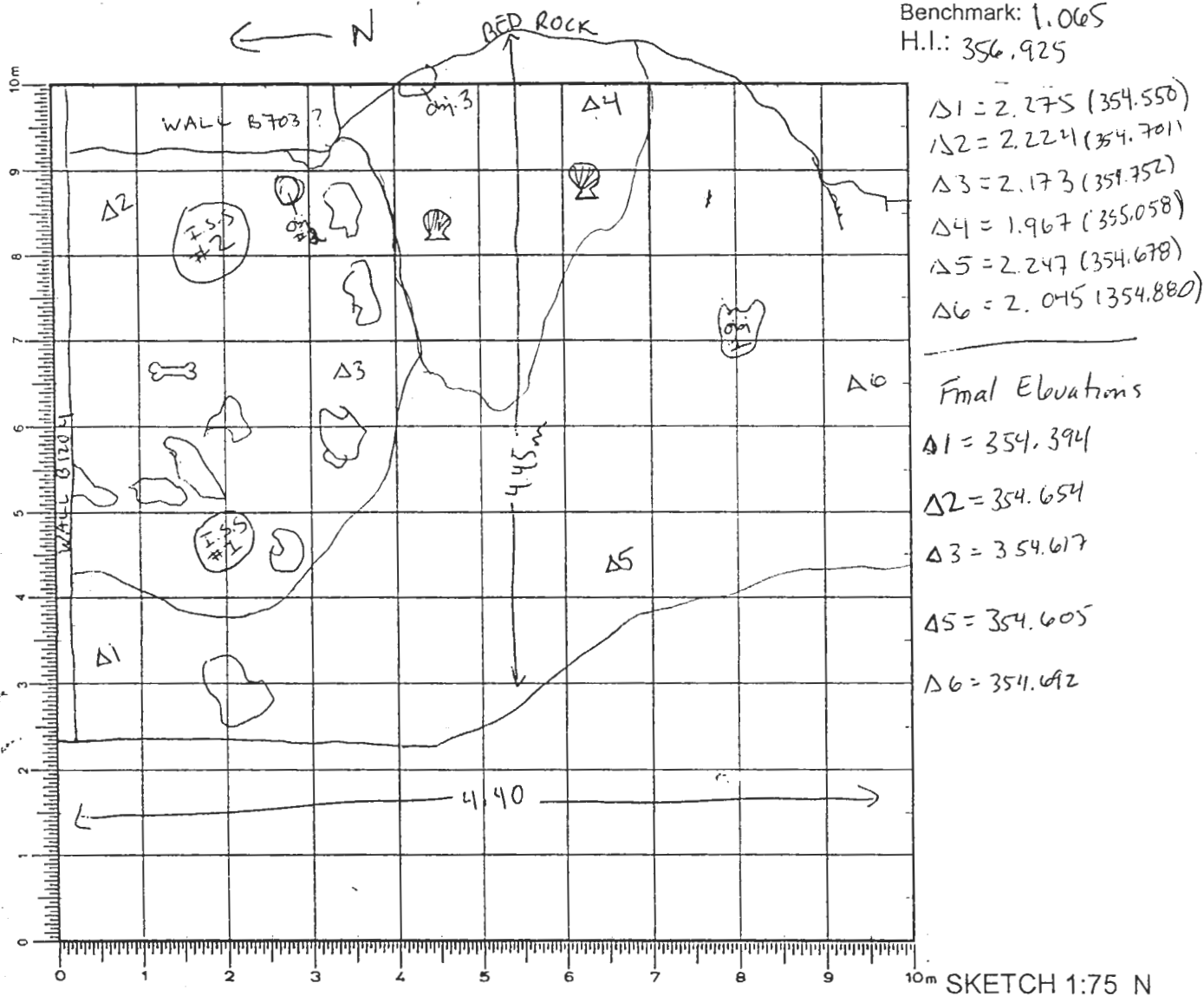


- B1703.17 - Area to the E of possible N/S wall and S side of rock in the south end of trench. The area is a mixture of bedrock, boulders of bed rock and stones - this part is to determine the possible face/line of the wall that most probably lined the SE area of the trench. It appears that several of the large boulders have fallen from the wall face that follows the diagonal line of the bed rock. The boulders are resting upon a thick layer of soil, particularly the two largest ones that are resting at the base of the bed rock.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B704 Excavator DFM

Elevations

Benchmark used: R11
 Reading on (355.86)
 Benchmark: 1.065
 H.I.: 356.925



DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 07 June 2004 Locus above: B702

Locus parameters: This locus is primarily in the eastern half of the trench. The locus measures 4.40m along its western edge; 2.65m along its eastern boundary and is approx 4.45m at its widest point.
 Verbal description: which is the middle of bed rock part of the eastern boundary

The level of compaction was light to medium compaction and the color was light grey, yet the soil did get redder in the area of the bedrock. The matrix of the soil was clay and dirt, mixed w/ few stones, yet substantial amounts of bone, pottery + shell.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

This locus is still permanent slope wash but it is mixed w/ patches of roofing clay so it has more of the grey color to it than just the pure slope wash that covered the western end of the trench, ~~over the~~ covering the western wall. This locus mostly likely is resting upon the Archaic floor surface

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1704 Excavator DFM

[illegible]

OBJECTS

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

[illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus ~~B1703~~ B1704 Excavator DFM

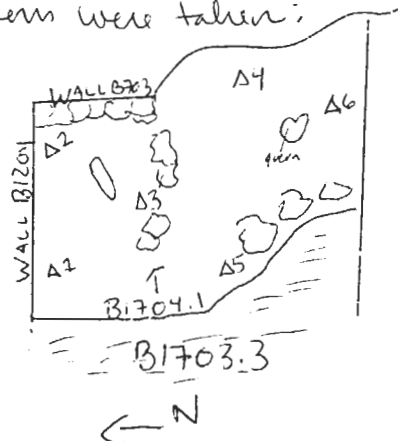
DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

07 June 2004

- We started out the day starting a new locus, B1704. This locus consists of the lighter grey clay that existed in the eastern half of the trench, that is most likely the collection of roofing clay that is laying above the floor. The ~~first~~ pass was taken to find the floor surface since it will most likely be better preserved in this eastern half of the trench. The pottery pail associated w/ this first pass is B1704.1.

Beginning elevations were taken:

R11: 1.065
 $\Delta 1$ - 2.275
 $\Delta 2$ - 2.224
 $\Delta 3$ - 2.173
 $\Delta 4$ - 1.967
 $\Delta 5$ - 2.247
 $\Delta 6$ - 2.045



These top elevations for B1704 will also serve as the bottom elevation for B1702 since the area of excavation was the same. This surface was what we came down upon after removing the wall tumble.

Since we are getting closer to possible ~~pottery level~~ floor levels, the dirt removed from this pass was screened!

The soil was a light grey color and was of medium compaction. There were very few stones, but a good amount of pottery throughout the whole area. In the southern half to of the pass, near the bedrock, the soil was redder in color and had a lot more stones, but still had pottery mixed in w/ the soil.

A possible stone quern was removed in this pass - it had been visible at the beginning of this pass. The stone quern(?) was given object #1, so elevations were taken and measurements were taken for it:

Obj #1
 R11 = ~~1.065~~ .932
 Reading for #1 = 2.019
 From B1704 - 3.7m
 B1703 - .63m

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1704 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

07 June 2004 (continued)

As the pass progressed eastward, a striking difference began to appear regarding ~~what~~ what was coming from ~~the~~ different areas of the pass. In the central area of the pass, between the decayed bed rock and a possible semicircular feature that was appearing in the northern half of the trench, a large amount of shells were found, including limpets and other sea shells. From ~~inside~~ within the stones forming a possible ~~wall~~ wall (?), but at least a division of space, large amounts of bone were found - no shells - only bone. In particular, as Matrie carefully excavated the area, a total of at least 12 jaw bones were found all lying flat against the ground. Lynn Snyder examined the bones and identified them as belonging to either sheep or goat. Several of teeth still remain intact w/ the jaw and once we remove them, Lynn will hopefully be able to determine possibly the sex, + age of the animal at time of death. Lynn also explained that this is probably a primary butchering area and that all the jaw bones were deposited at one time and are in their original depositional position because they are all lying ~~flat~~ flat against the ground and if they had been deposited over a period of time and had fallen into the area, they would be all jumbled and sticking up at odd angles. The majority of the jaw bones are clustered w/ a smaller semicircular line of stones in the extreme north east corner of the trench. A broken bowl lies next ~~to~~ to a few of the jaw bones. Two intensive soil samples were taken, ~~each~~ one w/ in the smaller ^(I.S.S. #2) semicircular area ~~w/ the bowl~~ and several jawbones, and the other was taken in the area w/ in the larger possible ~~wall~~ wall (?). ^(I.S.S. #1) I.S.S. #1 = .80 m from B1704 I.S.S. #2 = 1.60 m from B703

What exactly these two semicircular linear accumulations are, their relation to one another and their relation to the bone deposition is unclear. The surface w/ in the two areas ~~are~~ is hard and it is possible this is the top of the burnt soil that is built up w/ the 'hearth' and that these two 'walls' are the lines of hearths (or at least the smaller one is, and the larger one might just have been used as a division of space. It's also unclear how close we are to the actual floor layer.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B704 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

07 June 2004 (continued)

- From within the larger semicircular area, close to B703, and piece of possible iron slag was found. This was given Obj. #2 and its elevations + ~~positional~~ positional measurements were taken

Obj. #2

R11 = 1.001

Reading = 2.201

From B704 - 1.47 m

B703 - .20 m

- Another ~~also~~ interesting object was found close to end of B703 and right next to the eastern wall of bedrock - in this area where all the shells were found. This object is a possible stone weight and it is Obj. #3 - elevations + measurements taken

Obj. #3

R11 = 1.001

Reading = 2.075

From end of B703 - .20 m

From back wall of bedrock - .17 m

- it was decided that Rod would draw the jawbones in situ. At the end of the day Peggy took a few photographs of the jawbones within the smaller semicircular accumulation of stone.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus ~~B17040~~ B17041 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

08 June 2004

- Extraction of jawbones - begun this morning removed approx. 16 jawbones, or mandibles. For a more accurate drawing of the placement of the jawbones, see Red's plan; but here is a rough sketch (a tracing of Red's plan of the area).

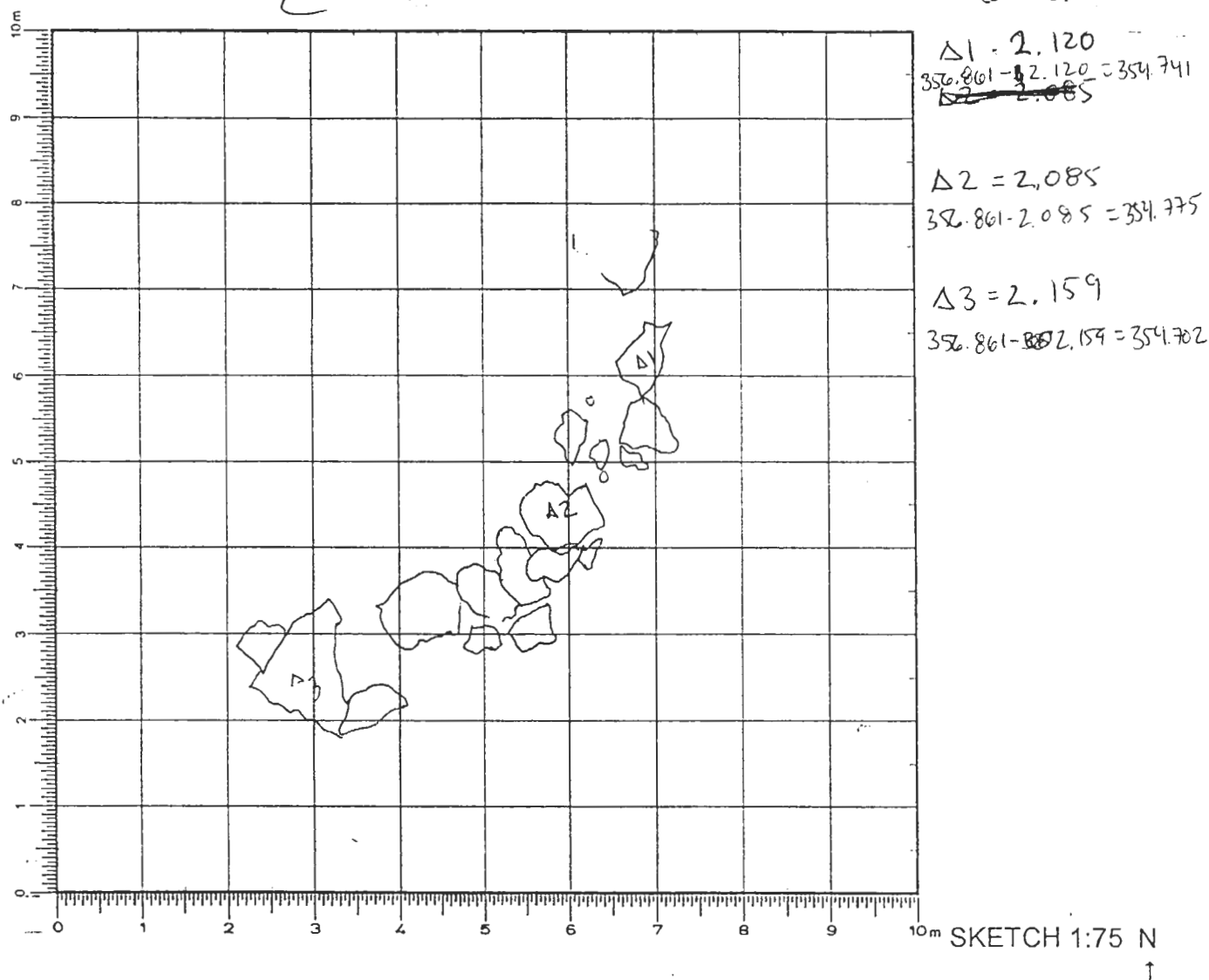


Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1705 Excavator DFMElevations

Benchmark used: R11 (355.86)

Reading on

Benchmark: 1.001

H.I.: ~~356~~ 356.861DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain **why** you changed locus numbers):Today's date: 08 June 2004 Locus above: 1702

Locus parameters: This architectural feature occupies the NE corner of the trench, spanning

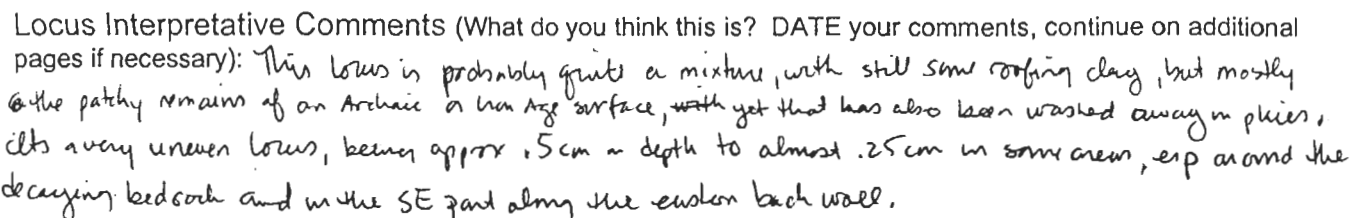
Verbal description:

This built feature consists of at least two courses and is composed of a few larger rocks, but more medium to smaller rocks packed in between w/ soil ~~as~~ as more packing. The feature ~~forms~~ is built in a curve, forming almost an enclosed space.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary): The semicircular shape of this object is a bit odd, perhaps a rough division of space, to enclose a smaller area that is in the extreme NE corner. Since at least 46 faunal bones were found w/in this area, this 'wall' might have been used to section off ~~at~~ this specific work area for primary butchering. This locus, B1705 is a later addition to the corner and is at least later than B1709. It's relation to B1710 is yet undetermined, but it's ^{either} ~~contemporary~~ ^{later}.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]





Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1706 Excavator DFM

[illegible]

OBJECTS

Object Number	Associated Pottery Pail	Identification (material/form)	Location	Elevation	Catalogue Number
1	B1706.1	spindle wheel	.69m from B1204 2.11m from B703	354.451	
2	B1706.1	stone tool	2.94m from B1204 1.43m from B703	354.503	
3	B1706.1	corner of quern	1.29m from B703	Unknown	
1	B1706.2	stone quern	3.10m from B1204 1.83m from B703	354.511	
2	B1706.2	stone tool	2.40m from B1204 1.64m from B703	354.458	
3	B1706.2	stone tool	2.92m from B1204 1.63m from B703	354.473	
(has been reclassified as 'other' - sea pebble - no trace of use)				354.53	
1	B1706.3	stone tool	.55m from B1710 .30m from B1705	354.53	

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

[illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1706 Excavator DFM

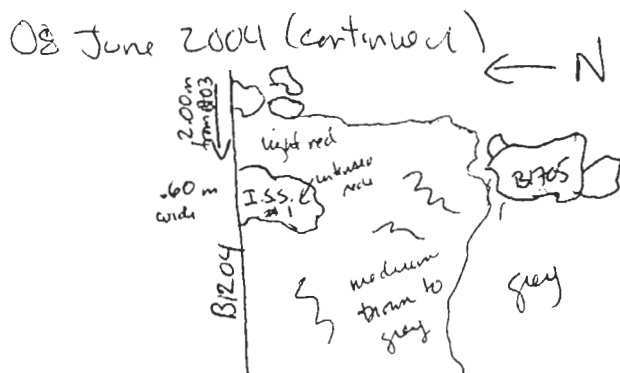
DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

08 June 2008

- This morning was a rather quiet one - most of the morning was spent removing the 16 jawbones that were uncovered and part of locus ~~B1704~~ B1704.1. Lynn ^{put} ~~separated~~ each jawbone in an individual bag. The little soil that was removed during the extraction was screened and a few bones were found, but due to an unfortunate mistake by the trench supervisor, the bones were combined into the bone bag for locus B1706.1, Lynn was informed of this error.
- Once Lynn was finished, the search for the floor continued. ~~and that~~ But before we started, Rod was asked to draw the larger semi circular accumulation of stone because it was feared that it might be removed during the next pass of the new locus. This architectural feature was given its own locus - B1705. From what is visible, this 'wall' had at least two courses and is made up of only a few large rocks with medium size stones between the larger ones, held together with soil. As described previously, the feature is semicircular, and begins approx at the end of the continuation of B1703 and curves around, almost enclosing the NE corner of the trench. Three elevations were taken along the built feature. Also at this time, seven elevations were taken of the area within, enclosed by B1705, where all 16 jawbones were discovered.
- Now, the new pass ~~in~~ in search of the floor was given a new locus # - B1706 and the associated pottery pail w/this is B1706.1. The rough dimensions of the pass were measured and an elevation was taken. The pass was taken in ~~an~~ easterly ~~direction~~ direction.
- The soil was medium to hard compaction and was grey in color and the matrix consisted of dirt, small pebbles and rocks, and pottery + bone. ~~As the~~ As the pass headed eastward, approx. between the B1704 and the ~~beginning~~ western end of the B1705 some changes in color was observed ~~in~~ in the soil.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1706 Excavator DTM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:



- An intensive soil sample (#1) was ~~to~~ taken in the area where the soil was a reddish color, quite distinctive to the surrounding soil. The I.S.S. area was ~~about~~ ^{against} ~~from~~ B1204 and 2.25 from B1703 in the NW quadrant of the trench. The red area extended about .60 m wide from the wall.

The soil also began to change as Martina began to dig beyond ~~the~~ B1705 ~~more~~ and it was decided that this area, which B1705 almost encloses, will be dealt w/ as another locus, ~~and that B1706~~

So B1706.1 continued ~~into~~ ^{along} the arch on the outside of ~~B1706~~ B1705 and followed the soil layer as it extended ⁱⁿ southerly and easterly direction. In some areas the soil became a bit denser, especially around a massive root that has grown throughout ~~the~~ ^{the} trench in its eastern half. One particular area had a lot of ash and so another I.S.S. was taken, approx 2.86 from B1204 and ~~1.29 from B1703~~ .70 m from B1703.

There were also pockets of dark red soil and it appeared to have turned this color as a result of burnt ceramics. Also as we started moving to the south, beyond the ~~western~~ ^{western} end of B1705, a fair amount of shell also started turning up, w/ some bone too.

Three objects were found in this pass:

Obj. #1 - Spindle wheel	R11.998 (355.86)	Obj. #2 - Stone tool	R11.998 (355.86)
.69 m from B1204	Elav. $\frac{+ .998}{356.858}$	2.94 m from B1204	$\frac{+ .998}{356.858}$
2.11 m from B1703	354.451	1.43 m from B1703	Elav. 354.503

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1706 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

08 June 2004 (continued)

Obj. #3 - corner of
stone quern

1.29 m. from B703

It is still unclear exactly what is going on in this area and the depositional history of the area, esp. in regards to the ^{poss} architectural feature cornering the extreme NE corner and the larger semicircular feature of B1705.

No definitive traces of the floor have yet to be uncovered and there is a considerable slope up eastward towards the eastern half of the trench. There is a considerable amount of pottery that appears to be in the next layer - and so perhaps these vessels are resting on the floor level. Yet, if that is true, then it's unlikely that the feature area in the ~~NE~~ NE corner was part of the original structure of this building and perhaps was a later addition or was built after the abandonment of this room or area. It is also possible that we are dealing w/ an external space, or some sort of covered courtyard area that was used as a work area, in food preparation and other domestic activities. The lack of an eastern wall and that it appears the continuation of B703 abruptly stops, approx. where B1705 begins, ~~to some~~ is a bit disconcerting as to ~~whether~~ what type of space we are dealing w/. ~~But~~ But there is still a lot of excavation + investigation of this area to be done, so it will be interesting to see how this all turns out.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1706 Excavator DFM

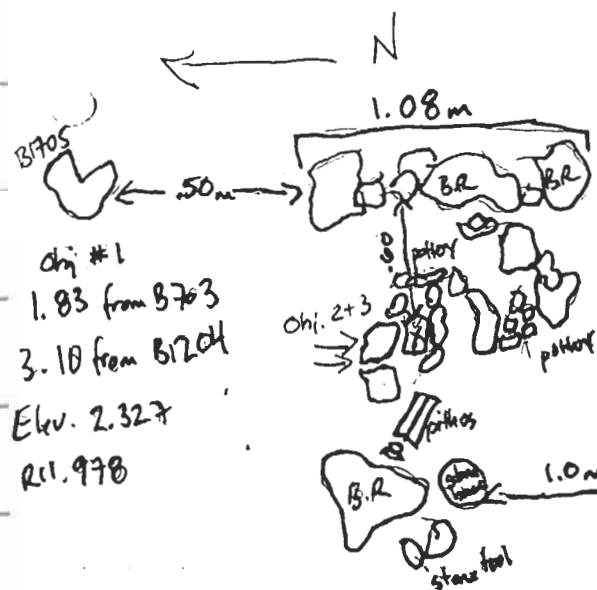
DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

09 June 2004

-Today we are continuing the pass that was started yesterday at locus B1706 in search of a floor surface. This part of the pass is given pottery pail B1706.2.

As Matina was reaching the eastern boundary of bedrock, the soil started getting redder, as an indication of the decay of bedrock. Yet in the ~~center~~ area right at the end of B703 and the E end of B1705, the soil was red from burnt ceramics, and there were flecks of carbon and a few burnt bone pieces. An I.S.S. was taken at this point.

The pass at this point had reached its eastern end, then Matina continued the pass in a southerly direction in the middle of the trench by the cluster of stones and ^{possibly} pottery ~~pottery~~. Within this cluster, more pottery was found and part of the area had a lot of bone and ashly soil. An intensive S.S. was taken, approx 1.40 m from B703 and 3.2 m from B1204.



After digging around this cluster, it was decided to take the stones out since they were forming no type of built feature and were primarily tumble. Pieces of pottery were underneath and around these stones. What pottery could remain in situ was left, but was taken out if became too loose. Amongst the stones was a stone quern and this was given Obj. #1. Measurements and elevations were taken.

Found underneath the two flat stones just ~~west~~ ^{west} of the ~~broken~~ vessel in the upper part of the cluster were two stone tools, one small one and

Length of trench - W end from B1204 to S. wall = 4.35

X = Obj. #1
B.R. = bedrock

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1706 Excavator DEM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

09 June 2004

as a medium size one. The small stone tool is Obj. #3 and the medium one is Obj. #2. Measurements and elevations were taken.

Obj. #2

R11-1008

Reading = 2.241

From B1201 - 2.90 m

B703 - 1.64 m

S. bulk - 1.31

Obj. # ³/₂

R11-1.008

Reading = 2.395

From B1204 - 2.94

B703 - 1.63

S. bulk - 1.30

In the southern half of the trench, the surface slopes up eastward because of the natural bed rock at the very southern end, yet in the middle part of the southern half the slope is partially due to a thick layer of roofing clay mixed in w/ the soil, so a smaller pass was taken in this area to see if the floor could be found in the area - but to no avail - there wasn't much of a floor surface. The locus and pottery pair remained the same because it's essentially the same soil, but just a thicker deposition.

The area was then cleaned and swept for a photograph. Final elevations were taken for B1706 because it was decided that the next step was to excavate the area in the ^{NE} ~~NE~~ corner, enclosed by B1705 to help determine the relationship between this area and the possibly ancient floor layer that may be either associated w/ it or

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1706 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pile(s)]:

part of a secondary use of the area post ~~the~~ ^{the} original construction of the 'room'. Whether or not this area is an actual room or a functioning + working ~~to~~ exterior space - its unclear at this point.

Final Elevations

$$R11 - 1.042 = H.I. - 37.902$$

$$\Delta 1 = 2.529 = 354.373$$

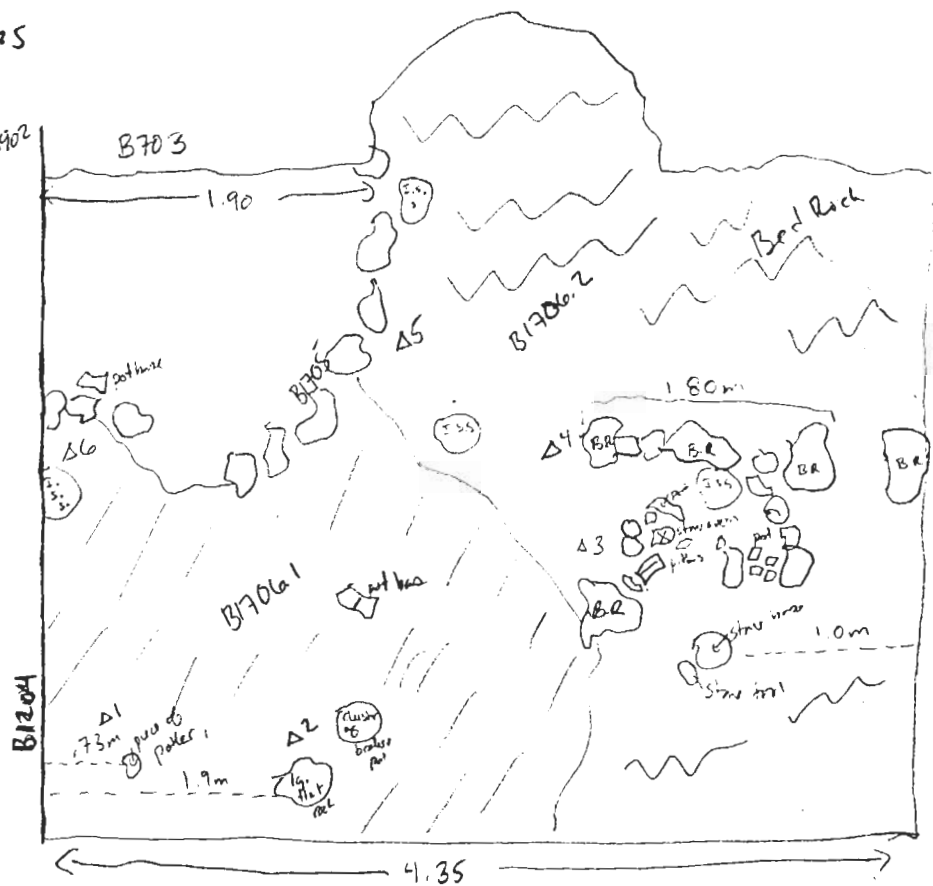
$$\Delta 2 = 2.527 = 354.374$$

$$\Delta 3 = 2.469 = 354.433$$

$$\Delta 4 = 2.264 = 354.638$$

$$\Delta 5 = 2.300 = 354.602$$

$$\Delta 6 = 2.434 = 354.468$$



Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1706 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

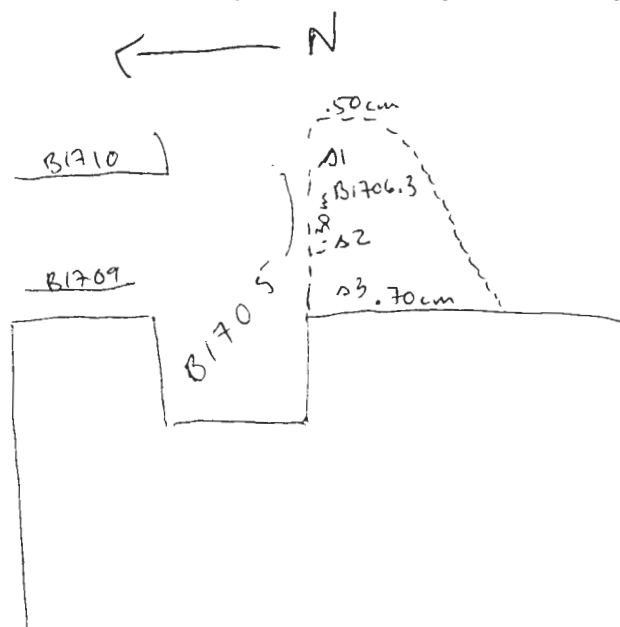
16 June 2004

- R14 = 3,587

$\Delta 1 = 3,359 (354.59)$

$\Delta 2 = 3,329 (354.62)$

$\Delta 3 = 3,432 (354.52)$



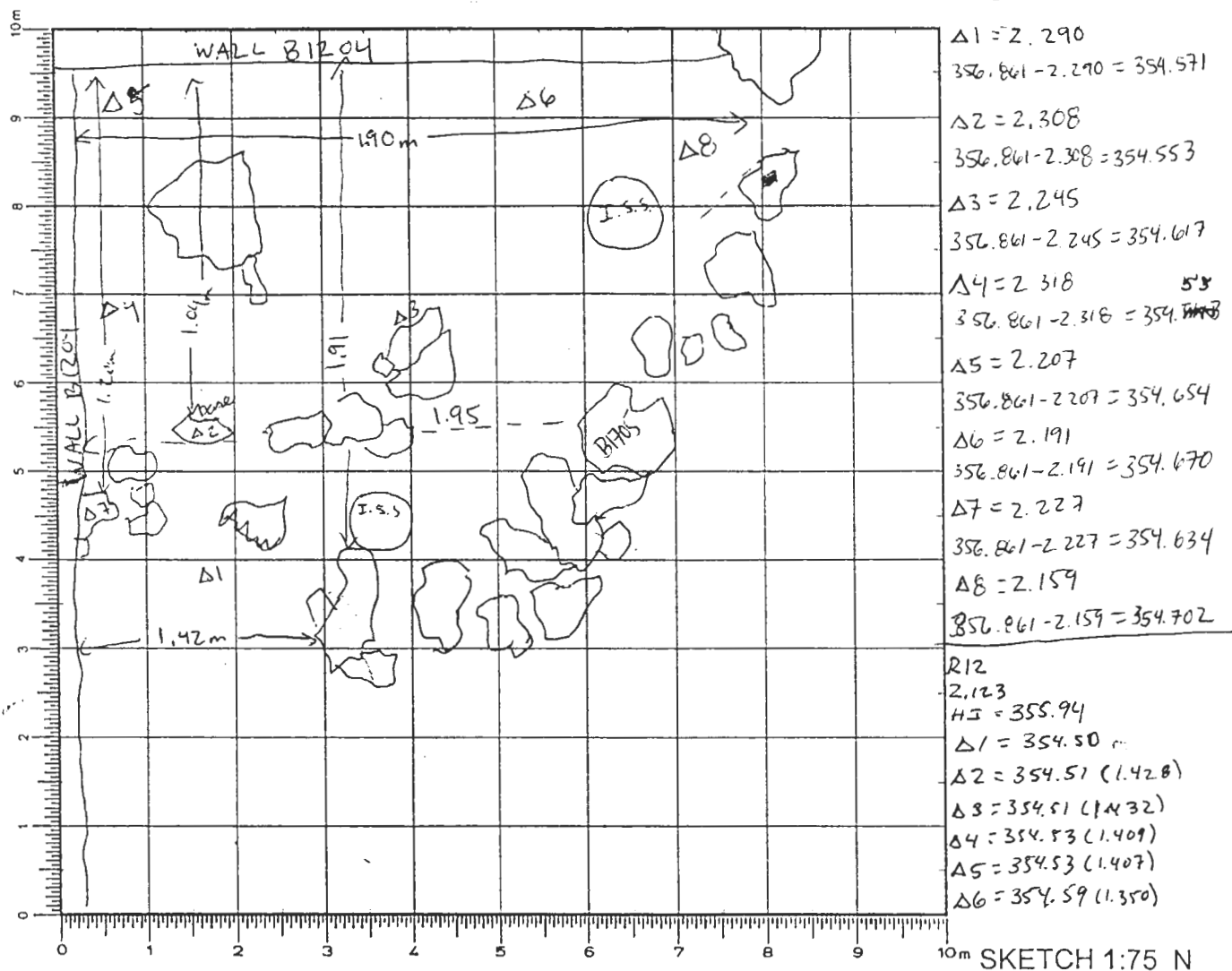
- This pan into the mid-eastern section of the trench was done in order to take down the Archaic surface to see if there were any other floor surfaces preserved in this area. A shallow pan was taken - the associated pottery pail was B1706.3. About 20 cm into E ward to into the pan, Matina noticed pieces of carbon in the soil, so an I.S.S. was taken from the narrow area between B1705 and the bed rock that lies the SE half of the trench. Further eastward, two (?) ~~was~~ bases of cups were found just lying above a floor surface that Matina came down upon. Early analysis has dated these vases to the Geom. period. Within this pan, a stone tool was found, Obj. #1 - approx. 55 cm from B1710 (near B1703) and 30 cm from the 2nd stone (from the E) in B1705.

R14 = 3,500

$\Delta 1 = 3,341 (354.53)$

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1707 Excavator DFM**Elevations**

Benchmark used: R11
 Reading on
 Benchmark: 1.001
 H.I.: 356.861

DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain **why** you changed locus numbers):Today's date: 09 June 2004 Locus above: ~~B1704~~ B1704

Locus parameters: This locus is in the NE corner of the trench, and its approx. 1.42 m x 1.95.

B1705 is serving as its southern boundary and northern boundary is B1704. The E boundary is 'extension' of B1703 and the W boundary is the ~~end~~ West end of B1705

Verbal description: This area is light grey in color and the matrix is soil, mixed w/ patches of ashy soil w/ flecks of carbon. The level of compaction is fairly hard. A fair number of jawbones were recovered in this locus, but not as many as from B1704.1

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

The area where B1705 ~~is~~ is possibly a working area in food preparation and B1705 is the division wall/partition to separate this area from the rest of the room. The amount of ash, its light grey color + the flecks of carbon suggest that this area was also used for cooking. There is a smaller linear accumulation within this area and a pot base is visible; so perhaps area is a ~~hearth~~ hearth.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1707 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

09 June 2004

- After taking ^{find} elevations for B1706, we decided to start the excavation of the NE corner and the area w/in B1705. Elevations were taken the previous day (08 June 2004) because it was thought that we'd excavate that area. The pottery find associated w/ this first pass into the area is B1707.1 and the soil was screened. Soon into the pass, just east of the western end of B1705, the soil had flecks of carbon and was very ashy - so an I. S. S. was taken and its approximate position was 1m from B1204 and 1.25m from B1703.

A very large, flat and cut stone was ~~un~~revealed and could be a continuation of the linear accumulation of stones that start against B1204, forming a smaller semicircular feature. As the pass progressed a few more stones were revealed and another I. S. S. was taken when Martina hit another area dense w/ ash and flecks of carbon. This was at about the mid point of B1705 on the N side of it, within the area enclosed by B1705, approx 1.90m from B1204 and .40m from B1703.

At the end of the day, Martina came across a badly preserved ceramic bowl yet there were a few bones in close proximity to it, almost w/in it if it had been whole; so she was carefully cleaning the pot and bones when the work day ended.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1707 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

10 June 2004

- Today we ~~by~~ continued taking the pass in B1707 that was started yesterday, but today the pottery pail associated w/ this part of the pass is B1707.2. So basically, B1707.1 and B1707.2 are ~~the~~ parts of the same ~~to~~ pass and locus.

Mafina continued digging and ~~turned~~ the pass turned N, digging w/in the smaller area of stones. Flecks of carbon were observed and an I.S.S. was taken along the edge of B703 at the midpoint, approx 1.20 m from B1204. A complete radius was found in this pass (Leyan, during her extraction of the 16 jawbones from B1704.1, had articulated this bone). The soil is fairly hard and compact, but there isn't ~~too~~ too much pottery being found. Flecks of carbon appear ~~here~~ here & there. Another I.S.S. was taken in the smaller accumulation of stones within the ~~rock~~ nook between two stones, approx .80 m from B703 and .65 m from B1204.



Mafina worked along the east wall defining some lower stones and in the corner formed by B1204 + B703, near the large piece of bed rock, a stone tool was found. This was labelled Chy. #1 and its measurements ~~was~~ and elevation were taken. As Mafina continued along B1204

w/in the smaller space defined by the four rocks, another cluster of jawbones were found in the NW corner of the small space formed by the row of four stones abutting B1204. It was attempted to collect the individual jawbones in individual bags.

~~There were more~~ As the area was being

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1707 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

10 June 2004 (continue)

~~cleaning up~~

Cleaned for a photograph, three more jaw bones, well preserved w/ several teeth still in situ, were uncovered. It was decided to leave them in for the photograph. Also, before the photograph could be taken, the remains of the partially preserved, yet in very bad condition, rim and handle of a vase had to be drawn and the soil which was supporting it had to be removed. The actual pieces of the pot had been previously taken away because they were just crumbling away and not ~~surviving~~. Surviving being exposed to the elements, but the ~~pot~~ impression in the soil remained. Underneath the rim, another jaw bone was preserved. So, Rod came up and drew the ~~area~~ exposed area, with its four stone wall fully exposed and defined and the three jaw bones in situ. Elevations were taken at this time and a rough measurement for where the pot was also taken.

1) Disintegrated vase -

From B1204 - 1.21 m

R11 = 1.069 Rim ~~B1203~~ - 1.42 m

Elevation reading - 2.316

Elevation for 3 jaw bones

R11 = 1.069

Reading 2.382

Elevations for end of ~~B1707.2~~

R11 = 1.172

 $\Delta 1 = 2.525$ $\Delta 2 = 2.498$ $\Delta 3 = 2.431$ $\Delta 4 = 2.505$ $\Delta 5 = 2.512$

$\Delta 1 = 2.397$
 $\Delta 2 = 2.399$
 $\Delta 3 = 2.398$
 end wall $\Delta 4 = 2.464$

Elevations for four stone wall

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1707 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

10 June 2004

Sketch of B1707.2-end

The quite fragmentary cooking pot that was removed was given its own pail w/in this locus, B1707.3. The soil supporting up the pot was also gathered as an I.S.S. There were other bones ^{possibly} associated w/ this pot and should have been put in a separate bone bag for this, ^{pail} but were not. ^{and put in the B1707.2 bone bag} Additionally, the jawbone that was sitting underneath the fragmentary rim was also put in the B1707.2 bone bag, though in its own bag.

-Once this area was cleaned, Martina began another pass w/in locus ~~B1705~~ the area enclosed ~~by~~ B1705, the area which is called B1707. This pottery pail associated w/ this pass is B1707.4. Almost immediately, just east of the fourth stone furthest away from B1204 that is forming a small partition wall, another large flat, ~~roughly~~ rectangular cut stone was uncovered. The soil above it was

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B707 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

10 June 2004

- was dark red, w/ ash and flecks of carbon in it. An intensive ^I S.S. was taken of this soil. The location of the stone is approx. 1.36m from B1204 and .72m from B703, interestingly enough, that is ~~in the area~~ roughly in the area of where the badly decomposed ~~but~~ burnt ^{vase} ~~pot~~ was found.

This discovery was at the end of the day and so will continue the pans tomorrow

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1707 Excavator DFM

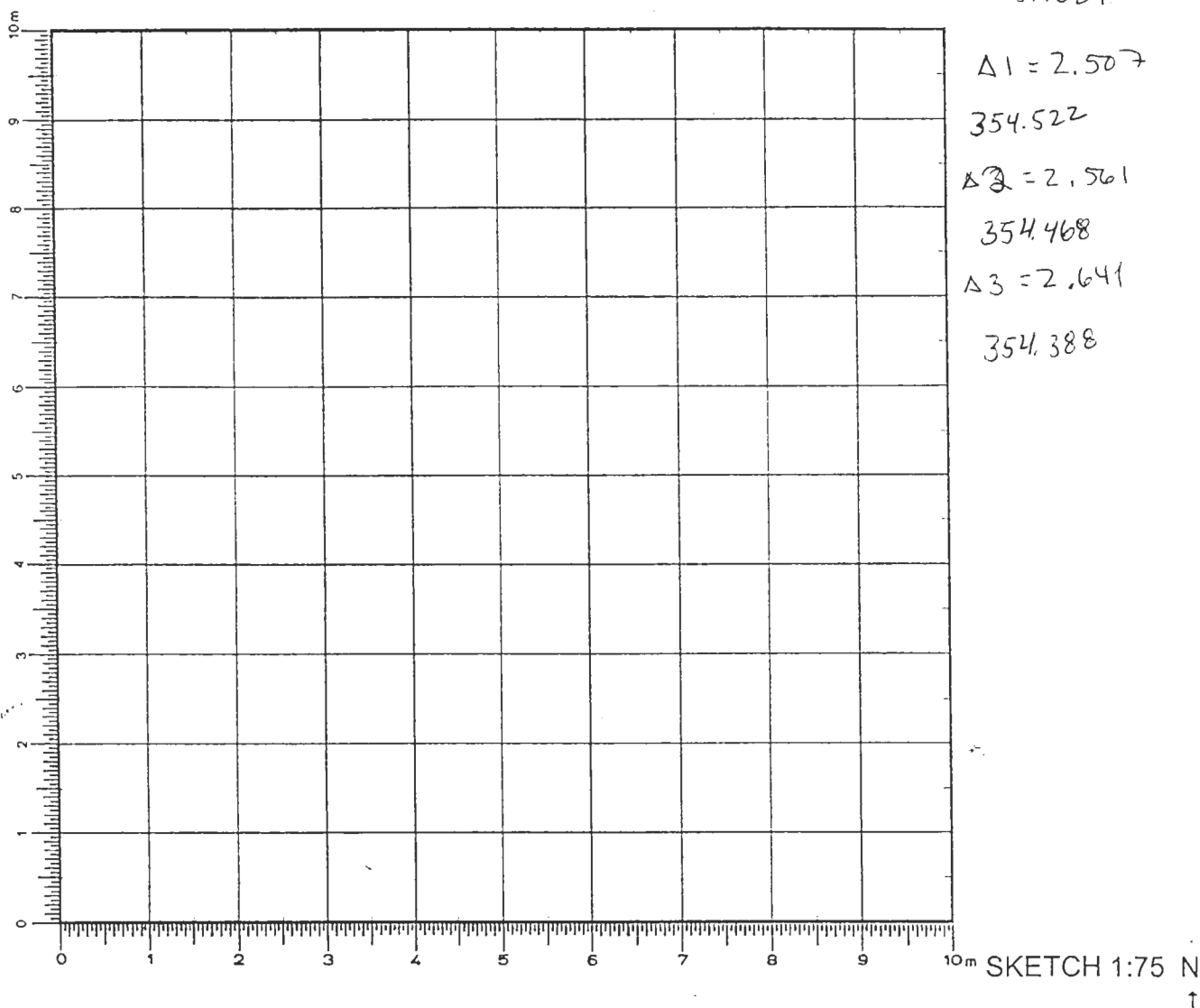
DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

11 June 2004

- Martina continued the pass w/in B1707 area ~~B1707.4~~ which was started yesterday (B1707.4) and so this part of the pass is associated w/ B1707.5. A few more jaw bones were found, particularly in the corner of B1705 and the extension of B1703. Another ^{intensive} soil sample was taken SE of large, flat but stone w/in B1707 in the SE corner of the area enclosed by B1705. There was, again, a large amount of carbon and ash. Martina finished the pass and she came down upon a gossile surface. The area was swept for ~~find~~ photos. Work stopped in the trench for the rest of the day due to illness of trench supervisor.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1708.1 Excavator DFM**Elevations**Benchmark used: 211 (355.66)

Reading on

Benchmark: 1.169H.I.: 357,029DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain **why** you changed locus numbers):Today's date: 10 June 2004Locus above: B1703 in S. HalfLocus parameters: This locus is primarily the area that was uncovered by 2 sep. locs.

Verbal description:

This locus primarily consists of the surface pottery that was lying on the probable floor surface of the trench B1700, in the southern part of the northern half - where floor surface is barely detectable

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

0 June 2004 This locus contains the pottery that most likely rests on the surface of this area, but they are possibly not in situ, but have possibly washed down the slope of the floor and have rested in the lower part of the floor where it flattens out (relatively). A stone tool, possibly a pestle was removed, along w/ the pottery. The tool most likely is associated w/ a flat stone situated

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1708.1 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

10 June 2004 (continue)

amongst a conglomeration of stones and bedrock fragments, the stone surface shows wave of pecking and so it's extremely possible that the stone tool (pestal) and the flat stone are associated with each other. D.H. has arg. that this area is a working space, exterior and that the stones + bedrock were placed around to form a relatively level working space around the flat stone and to keep the area from being muddy.

Elevation - Stone tool

R11 1.169

Reading = 2.652

Form B1204 - 3.13m

B703 - 2.58m

11 June 2004

- Removal of stone guern that was resting ~~on~~ on surface, in close proximity to the stone tool that was removed yesterday. There is no associated pottery find w/ this find, B1708.2.

Elevation: Stone guern - Obj. #1

R11 = 1.139

Reading = 2.571

Form B1204 - 3.29m

B703 - 2.30m

$$\begin{array}{r} 355.86 \\ + 1.14 \\ \hline 357.00 \\ - 2.57 \\ \hline 354.43 \end{array}$$

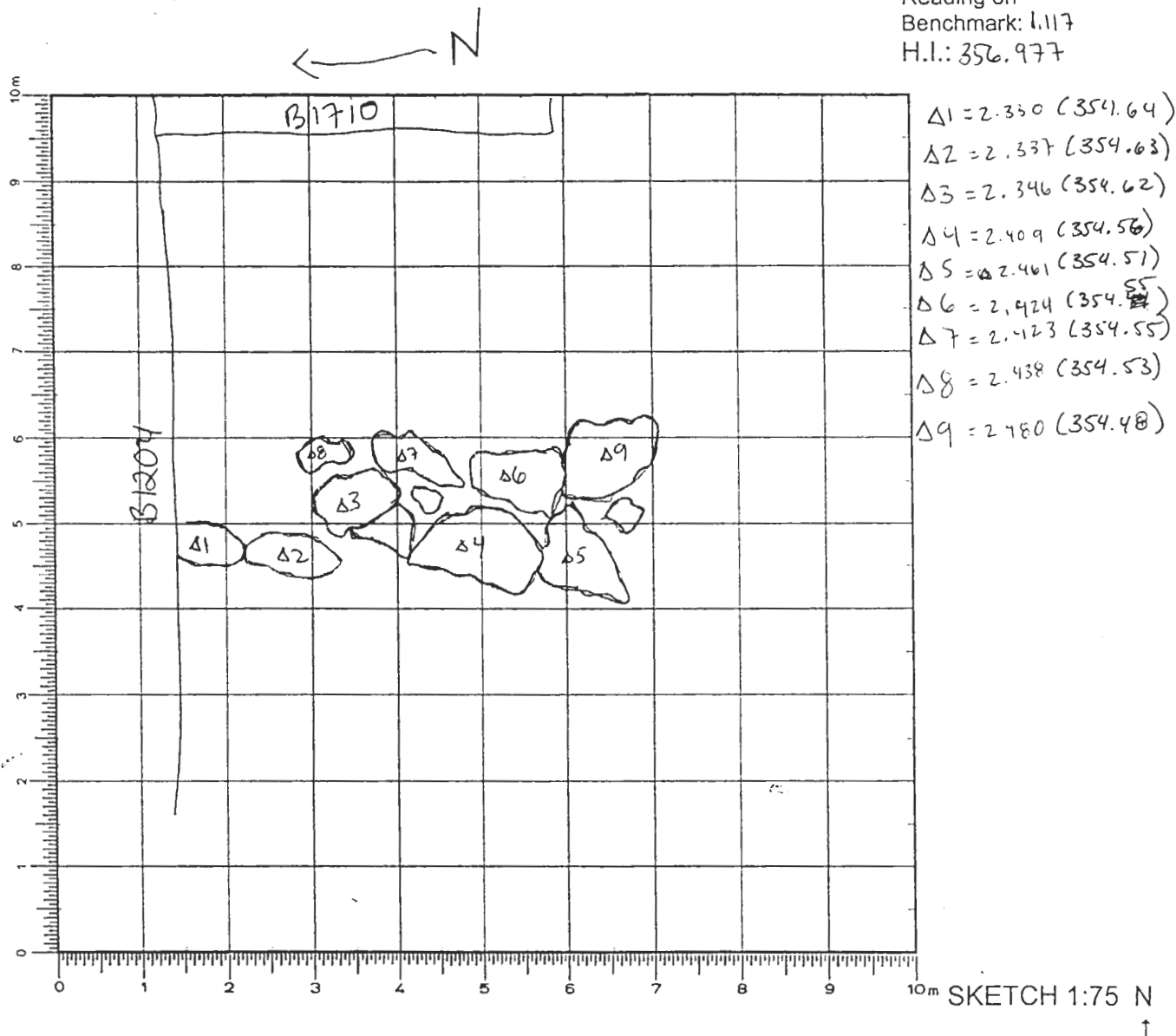
Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1709 Excavator DFM**Elevations**

Benchmark used: R11

Reading on

Benchmark: 1.117

H.I.: 356.977

DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain **why** you changed locus numbers):Today's date: 14 June 2004 Locus above: 1706.

Locus parameters: in NE corner, wall abutting B1204, consisting of ~~possibly~~ at least 1 course,
 extending approx 1.14m,
 Verbal description:

At least one course - only top course excavated; made of ~~of~~ a few
good sized stones, roughly cut (some of them)

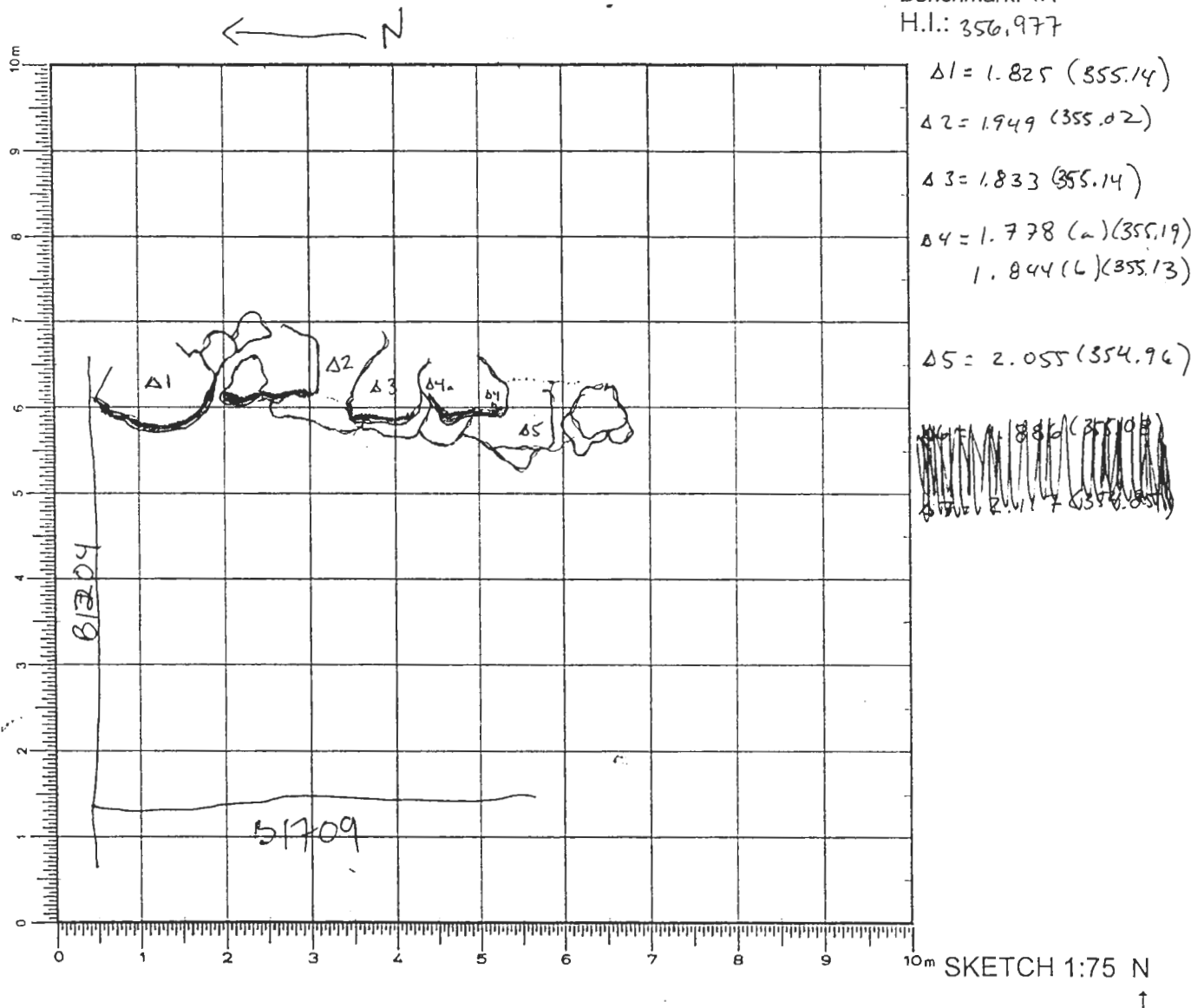
Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

This wall most likely is an earlier wall, being reused as a spatial
divisor in the NE corner of the area

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1710 Excavator DFM**Elevations**Benchmark used: R11

Reading on

Benchmark: 1.117H.I.: 356.977

DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 14 June 2004 Locus above: B1702Locus parameters: This wall is in the extreme NE corner of the trench, abutting B1704 and extending out, approx 1.45m and is about .27m wide. ~~4.5m wide~~

Verbal description:

The wall consists of ~~about~~ 2 to 3 courses of medium sized stones, some appearing to be roughly cut, with soil compacted in betw.

↑
5m. stones

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary): This wall is possibly a small spur wall built against the back wall of the trench against the bed rock.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1710 Excavator DFM

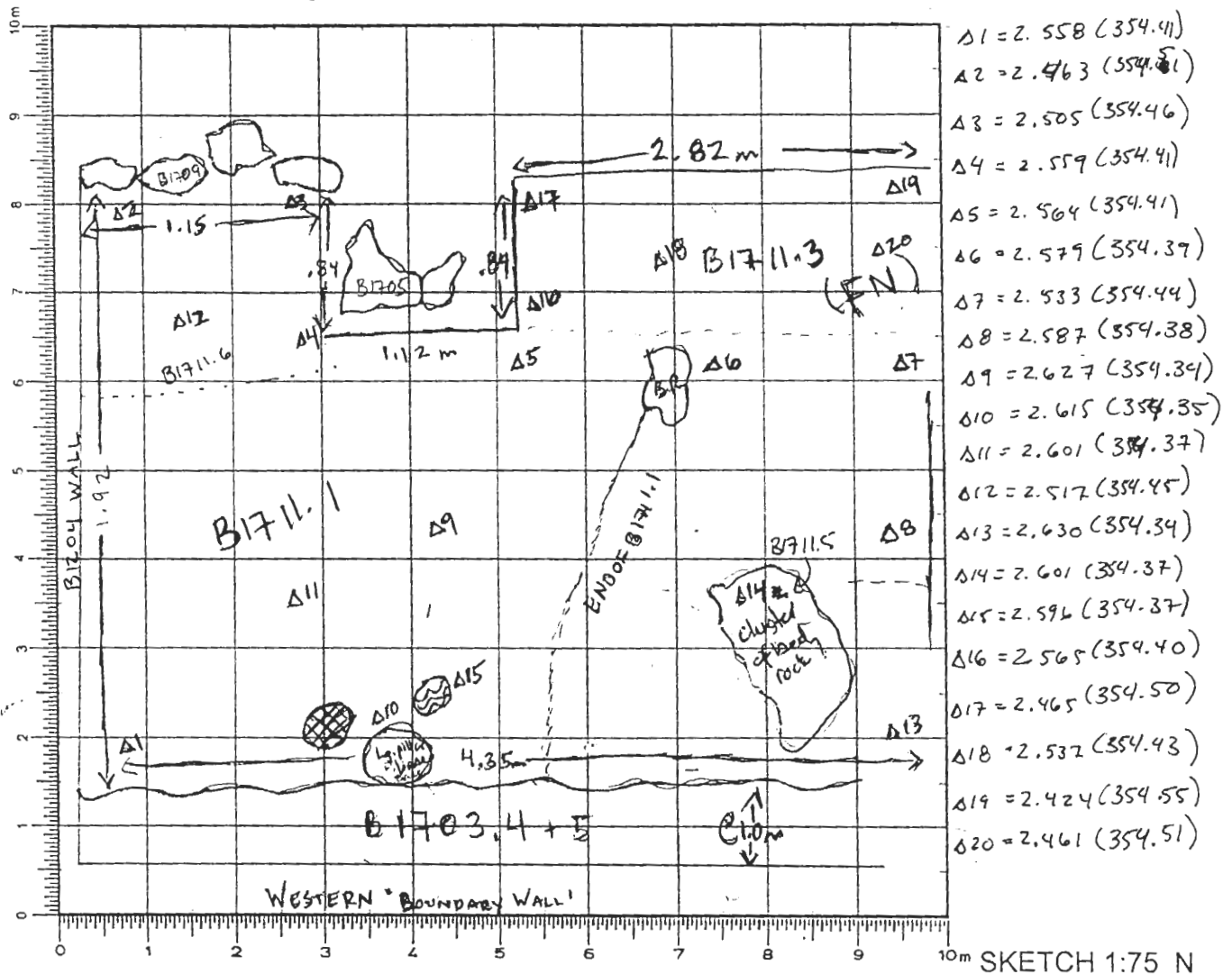
DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

June
30 ~~2004~~ 2004

Wall B1710 was cleaned today and the associated pottery find w/ the cleaning is B1710.1

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1711 Excavator DFMElevations

Benchmark used: R11
 Reading on
 Benchmark: 1.117
 H.I.: 356.977



DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 14 June 2004 Locus above: B1706Locus parameters: Covers the central northern half of trench - w/ B1709 and B1705 as its E boundary; W boundary is Western Strip of B1703.4/5

Verbal description:

The soil is fairly compact, light grey in color - ~~no~~ dirt + small pebbles mixed w/ some roofing clay - revealing hard surface underneath

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

Habitat debris above floor surface

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1711 Excavator DFM

Locus/Pottery Pail Number	Weight of Sherds	Number of Sherds	Chronology & Comments
B1711.1	2.52 kg	110	FN, LMIII C, LG, LG-EO
B1711.2	.150 kg	20	LMIII C
B1711.3	.135 kg	10	FN?
B1711.4	.24 kg	24	LMIII C
B1711.5	.106 kg	14	FN, LMIII C, EIA (mostly FN)
B1711.6	.045 kg	12	FN, LMIII C, LG-EO

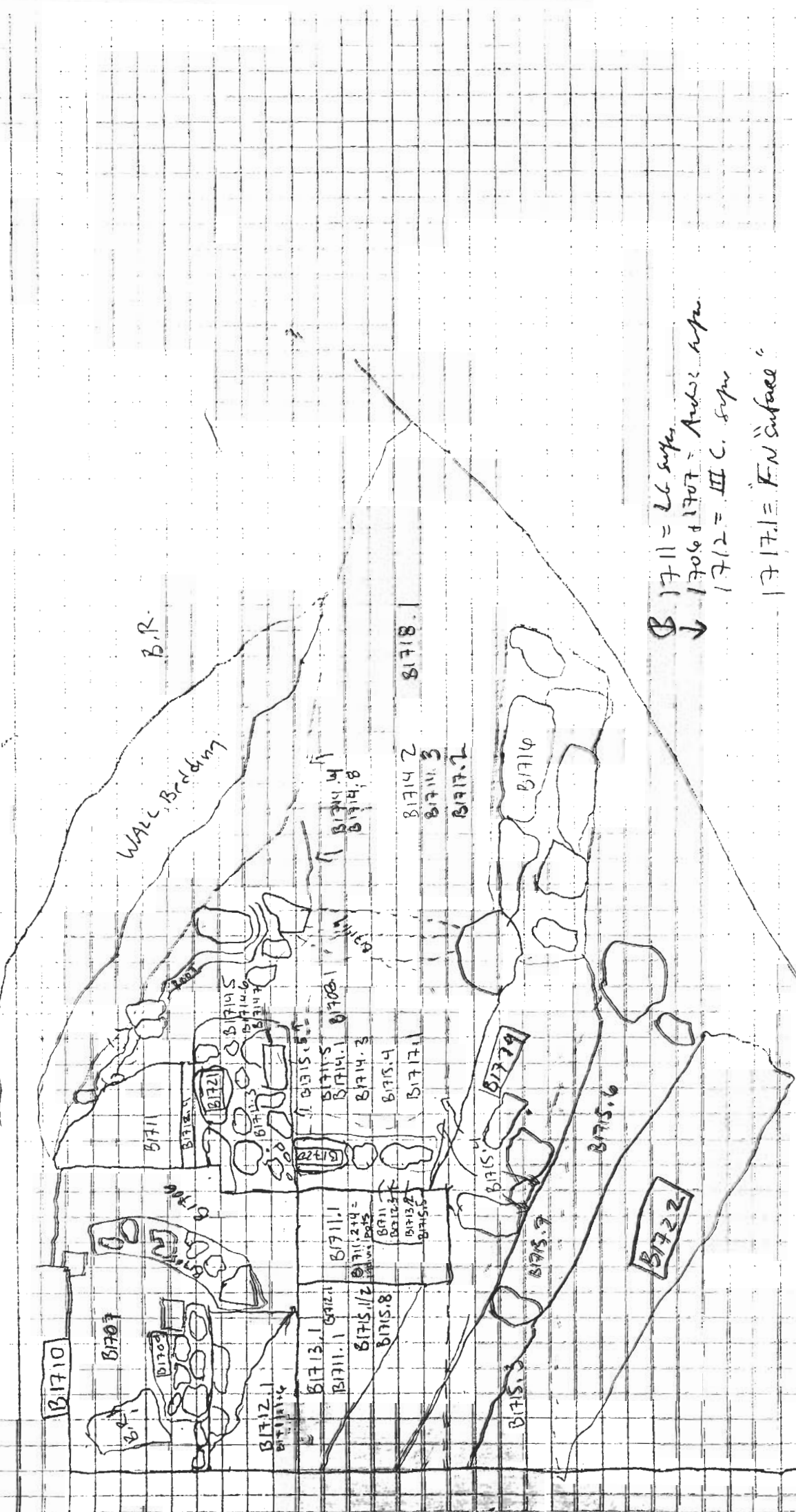
OBJECTS

Object Number	Associated Pottery Pail	Identification (material/form)	Location	Elevation	Catalogue Number

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

Locus/Pottery Pail Number	Bones	Shell	Carbon	Pumice	Soil Sample	Other (specify)
B1711.1	X				X 14.5.5 X 1-Standard	
B1711.2	X					
B1711.3	X					
B1711.4						
B1711.5						
B1711.6	X				X	

← N



B 1711 = 26 Super
 ↓ 1706 & 1707 = And. super
 1712 = III C. super
 1717.1 = "FN surface"

1717.2 = turn of the floor (date 2)
 packy

1718, → number of N. super / bar
 1718 = number of 1. order floor
 packy (1717.2) or number / day
 include / day

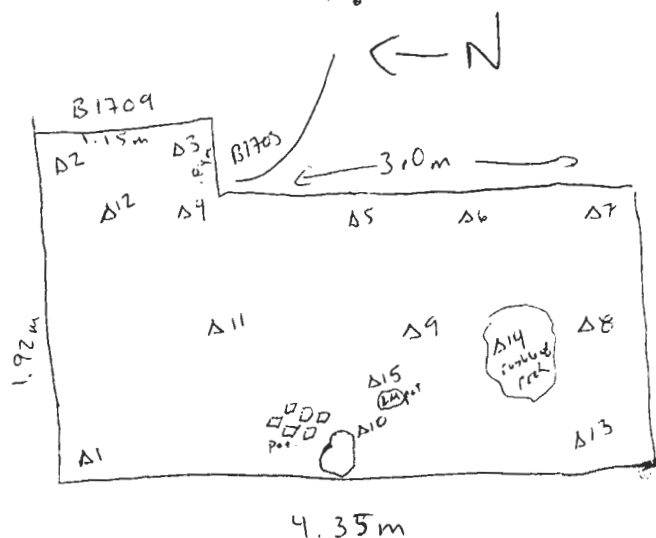
little streaky
 day 8 1716

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1711 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pile(s)]:

14 June 2004

Today we started locus B1711 and the associated pottery pile w/ this pass in B1711.1. Beginning elevations were taken and the area that was going to be excavated were measured out.



R11 = 1.117

H.I = 356.977

Δ1 = 2.558	Δ8 = 2.587
Δ2 = 2.463	Δ9 = 2.627
Δ3 = 2.505	Δ10 = 2.615
Δ4 = 2.559	Δ11 = 2.601
Δ5 = 2.564	Δ12 = 2.517
Δ6 = 2.579	Δ13 = 2.630
Δ7 = 2.533	Δ14 = 2.601
Δ15 = 2.596	

Quickly after Matina started the pass, she found a hard grey floor surface. As she moved closer up to B1709, she hit a patch of soil that was a bit red - but this was in the same area that a patch of red was hit along B1704 in B1706.1 and a soil sample was taken in B1706.1. Along B1709, along its Western edge, a few more stones were uncovered and it's unclear what the relationship is of these stones to B1709. It's possible that B1709 is an LM III c feature going along w/ the LM III c floor surface, since B1709 does appear to be sunk into the floor and so one ~~can~~ would associate these two together. But further investigation might be needed. The floor is lost as she nears the ~~area~~ junction of B1709 and B1705, so she begins to head in a more southerly direction, revealing the floor. A shattered vase is uncovered and is left in situ, but it appears to be resting just above the floor. The cluster of pottery, particularly a LM III c deep milkup? is unable to be kept in situ and so the pieces of pottery associated w/ this pass is given its own ~~pottery~~ pottery pile B1711.2. As Matina moves further south, w/ to the southern half, an intrusive S.S. is taken just to the SE of the large ground miller base because there appeared

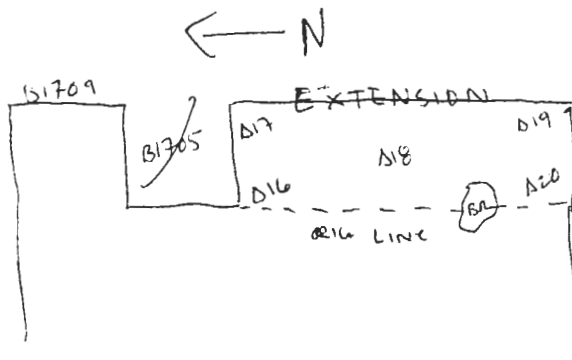
Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1711 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

14 June 2004

- to be a concentration of carbon and ash. The soil ~~was~~ in the area defined by B1704, B1709 and just about the long flat ash and potter base was extremely sterile, with hardly any pottery sherds or bones that were ~~not~~ uncovered by the pan and resting on the floor surface.

Midway between the pan, it was decided to extend the locus B1711 eastward, past B1705, cutting up to see if two large stones were possibly a continuation of B1709. The new area was measured and elevations taken and were added on to the original list of elevations.



R11 = ~~1.116~~ 1.116
 TH.I = 356.976

Δ16 = 2.565
 Δ17 = 2.465
 Δ18 = 2.537
 Δ19 = 2.424
 Δ20 = 2.461

~~As Matina headed further south~~

With the new extension, Matina tried to trace the floor eastward, up the slope, but as ~~she~~ lost it ~~and~~ started hitting red soil, which was thought to be associated with pre-ker rock since there were many stones mixed in w/ the soil, but a few ~~small~~ FN sherds. And the ~~recovery~~ uncovering of a fairly complete (?) FN bowl in situ made it clear that we might be hitting a FN layer and that this pottery + soil did not belong w/ B1701.1 - so the few bones and FN pottery found ~~in~~ in this southern half of the extension of B1711 was given a new pottery pair, B1711.3. And digging was stopped in this area.

The floor surface had been now lost to the east and the south, and with the recovery of FN sherds, it became apparent that we would not have a full, complete LM III C floor surface.

At this time, it was decided to take a shallow pass along the western boundary, about 1.10m wide to remove the strip of slope wash that still remained, so that it wouldn't contaminate any pure surfaces that might exist to its east and to try to get a better understanding of the stratigraphy to figure out what was going on. Since this ~~is~~ soil was slope wash, it belonged to locus B1703.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1711 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

15 June 2004

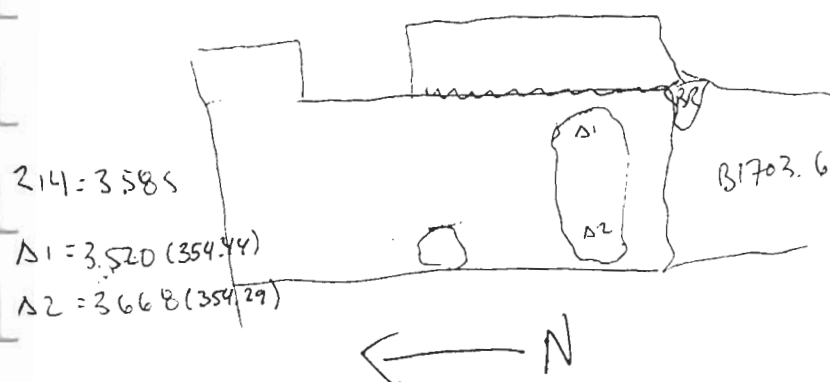
- After Rod ^{sketched} ~~was~~ in the pieces of the vase that was lying next to the large filler base, and the filler base itself and the three stones adjacent to it, the vase was removed and since it was part of B1711, it was given its own pail, B1711.4, so that all of the pieces would be kept together. The bit of soil that the vase was resting on was ~~was~~ scraped away and the floor surface was underneath. The filler base was better defined and the soil removed in this process and the removal of the vase was screened, but nothing was found.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1711 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

16 June 2004

-Today we removed the ^{small} cluster of rocks and pieces of bedrock that had been ~~top~~ exposed by the removal of both B1703 and ~~B1704~~ in the southern end of the trench, approx. 4.35 m from B1204. This cluster lined the original end of the trench before it was expanded to the south by B1703.6. It's measurements were about 1.90 m long and about .70 m wide. ~~As stated earlier, this was exposed by B1703~~



The associated pottery pair is 1711.5.

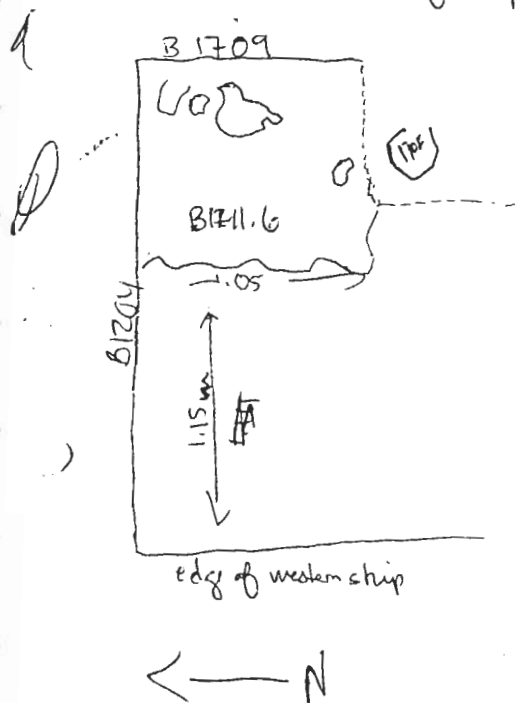
This cluster of rocks has been put w/ B1711, but it should be noted that it has been exposed since the removal of B1703. ~~and B1704~~ And two objects were taken out that had been set within this cluster of rocks and they were part of B1708. So it's possible that this cluster should be associated w/ locus B1708 or B1704 or B1706.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus ~~B1711~~ B1711 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

17 June 2004

This morning we took a pan in the NE area of the trench in front of B1709. This section of the trench seemed a bit high, and it sort of mounded up. So this pan is associated w/ locus B1711 since this was the locus that was taken out which revealed the floor surface lying underneath it and this mound belongs to this locus and hopefully some of the floor surface is preserved underneath it.



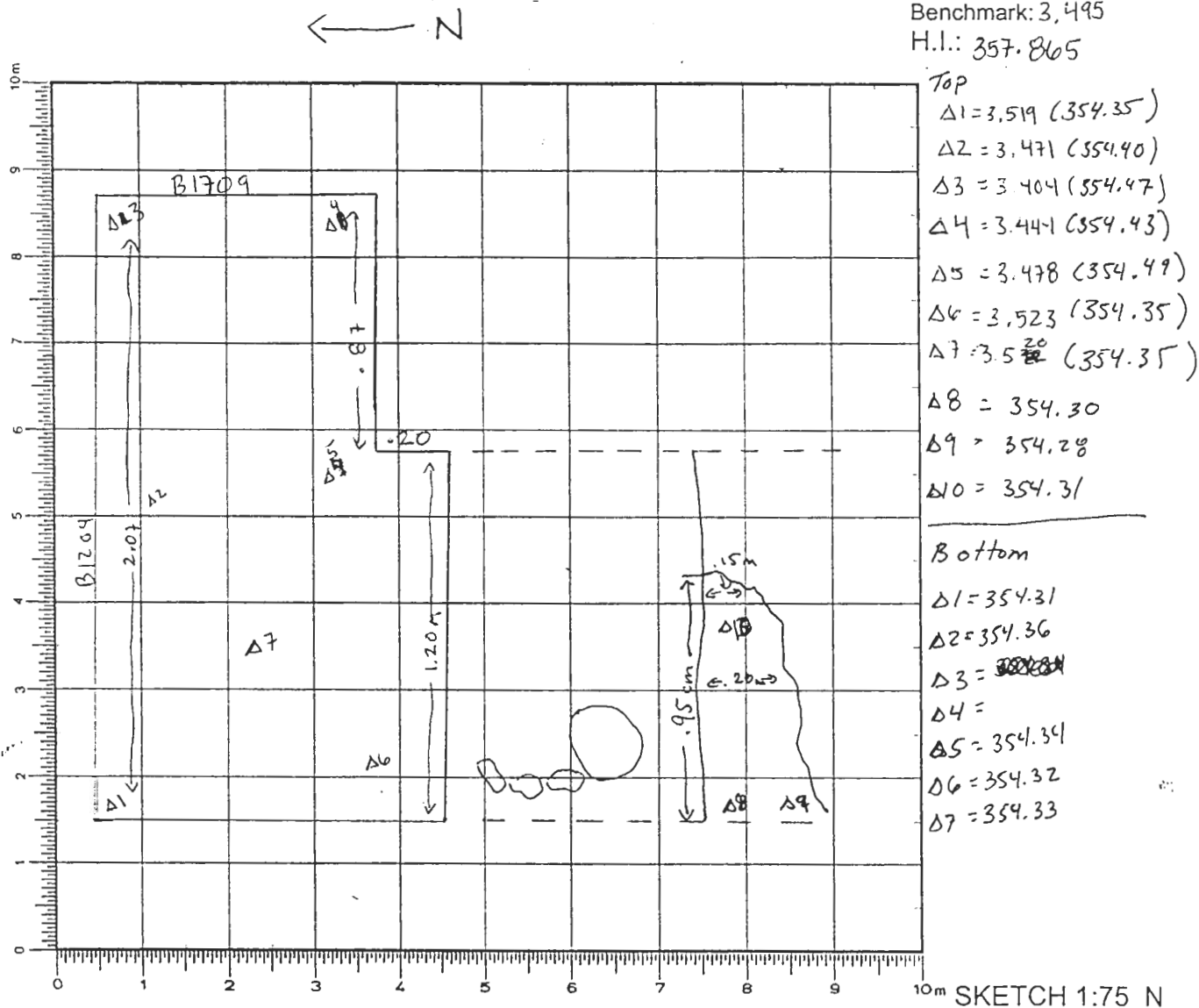
The associated pottery pail within pan is B1711.6. As Matina was digging up against B1709 and the few stones in front of it, the soil had flecks of carbon in it and so an intensive soil sample was taken and it was concentrated at the base of the large flat stone of B1709. Matina did find patches of the floor surface under the boarded surface in the NE area in front of B1709.

The area was swept and cleaned for photographs.

Before the photographs were taken, B1204 was quickly cleaned to really show the relationship between this floor surface and B1204. It's apparent that the wall rests above this surface by a few centimeters at its west end and ~~the amount~~ ^{the amount} increases as one heads E.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1712 Excavator DFMElevations

Benchmark used: R14 (354.37)
 Reading on
 Benchmark: 3.495
 H.I.: 357.865

DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain **why** you changed locus numbers):Today's date: 17 June 2004 Locus above: ~~B1712~~ B1711

Locus parameters: Northern section of trench - w/ B1204 as N boundary, B1709 as the E boundary, and the S boundary line is broken into 2 sections, observing B1705 and the large plin stone approx 2m from B1204.

Verbal description:

The soil is fairly compact, w/ soil and small pebbles. Pieces of pottery were mixed in, but very few bones.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

17 June 2004 This locus is probably the floor packing and deposition that was put down on top of the floor surface that was revealed after taking one pan, B1712.1, to support the floor surface of B1711. A standard soil sample was taken in this pan, as well as an intrusive soil sample from the area along B1204, next to the wall, approx. 1.15 m from the W end of trench.

Year	Trench/Locus	Excavator
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[illegible]

OBJECTS

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

[illegible]

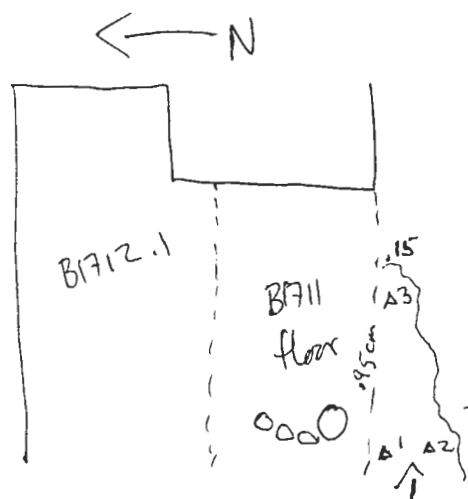
Year 2004 Trench/Locus ~~B7~~ B1712 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

18 June 2004

- Yesterday, ^a floor surface ~~was~~ was revealed after removing the floor surface of B1711 ~~and~~ in the NW area of the trench and this new locus was B1712.

Today, it was decided to see if this floor surface could be found on the S side of the Column base, and so B1712 was extended to the S, ~~and~~ removing the floor surface of B1711 where it was found and this pottery pair is B1712.3 Mafumi did find traces of the floor just S of the column base and ~~the~~ she uncovered a shattered vase resting just ~~on~~ the floor surface and so it was left in situ for photographs. ~~Over the photos were taken, the vase was removed in~~ the pass that took out the floor surface of B1712 and so it was associated w/ the locus B1713 and is the pottery pair B1713.2.



R11 = 2.121

(8) $\Delta 1 = 3.675$ (354.30)(9) $\Delta 2 = 3.702$ (354.28)(10) $\Delta 3 = 3.668$ (354.31)

A small patch of soil was removed at the end of B1204, in a space where a rock had been, and it was removed because it was part of the removal of floor surface B1711. A single shard was found in it and so the associated pottery pair within patch of soil is B1712.2. The floor surface of B1712 was uncovered, so it clear that the wall is sitting above the floor surfaces.

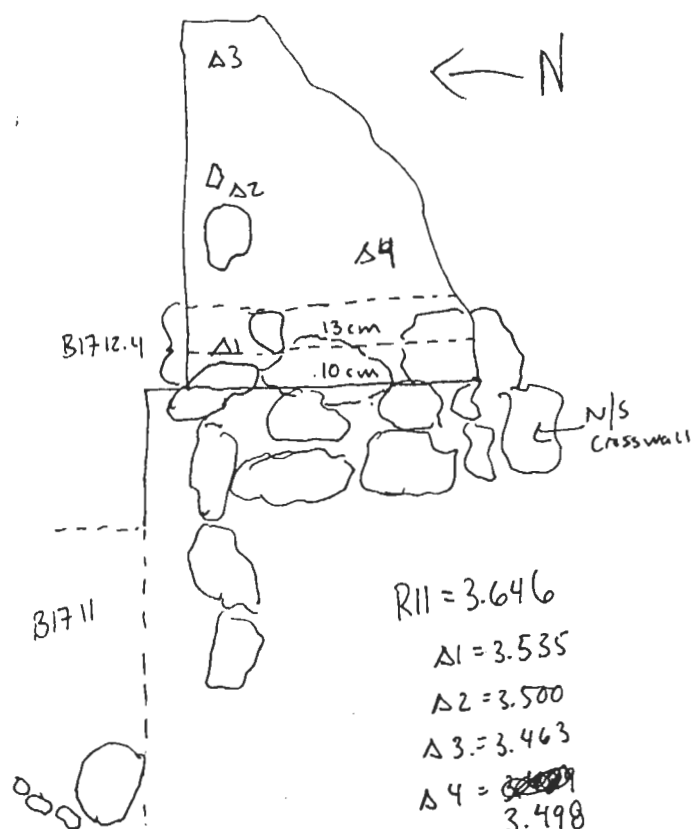
Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1712 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

-28 June 2004

B1712.4

- With the discovery ~~that~~ of a N/S cross wall more easterly ~~than~~ the other ^{once thought} N/S cross wall, it was necessary to determine the possible E face of the wall, since the W face was uncovered. Unfortunately, this required cutting into the ^{small portion} floor surface of B1711 (the geometric floor surface) that was found to the S of B1705 in the Eastern half. Some large rocks were protruding out of the bulk and so we wanted to see if these stones ~~at~~ were the E face of the N/S wall. At first, a .10cm wide pass was made into the floor and the large stones continued further under the floor, so another pass, approx. 13cm was taken and it revealed the E face of the N/S wall. This pass was put in this locus B1712 because that was the locus that took out the floor B1711 in other parts of the trench.



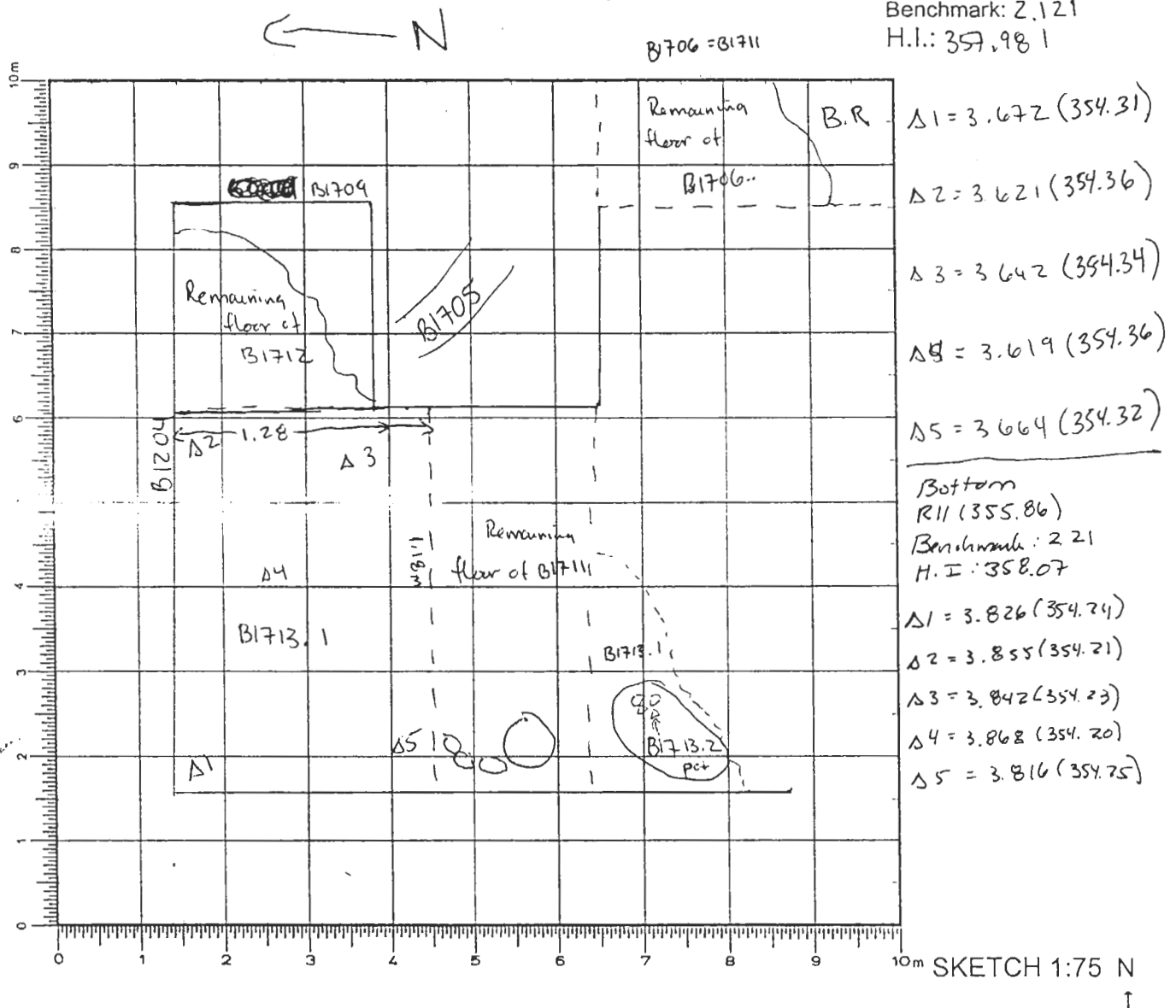
Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1713 Excavator DFM**Elevations**

Benchmark used: R11 (355.86)

Reading on

Benchmark: 2.121

H.I.: 357.981



DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 18 June 2004 Locus above: B1712 (changed locus because removing floor surface)

Locus parameters: N. section of trench - w/ B1704 as N boundary, B1709 as E boundary, + the S boundary lines in broken into 2 sections, observing B705 + B1711.

Verbal description:

This locus is the removal of the floor surface of B1712 that is seen in the N part of trench, on ~~both~~ sides of the pedestaled column base. The soil is light brown, ~~grey~~ w/ some grey. The soil is fairly soft under the floor surface, with ~~the~~ small rocks mixed in.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

18 June 2004

This locus is probably the ~~floor~~ packing for the floor surface, to even out the ground level. ~~One~~ There doesn't appear to be a floor surface underneath for the soil is becoming very red and dark, similar to the soil color of FN levels.

Year _____ Trench/Locus _____ Excavator _____

[illegible]

OBJECTS

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

[illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1713 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

18 June 2004

- It was decided to remove (partially) the floor surface of B1712 in the N area of B1700, on both side of the pedestalled column base; and so this ~~is~~ pass is locus B1713 and the pottery pail associated with this pass is B1713.1. The ~~perimeter~~ perimeter of the trench was measured + elevations taken. In the NE part of the floor, in front of B1709, the surface was left to be preserved. So Matina took a pass, removing the floor and in some areas, she came quite quickly down upon dark red soil, and in other areas the floor surface and the grey soil was a bit deeper, probably indicative of areas where the floor might have been ~~fixed~~ ^{fixed}, ~~covered up~~ ^{covered up} worn down areas. A standard soil sample was taken.

Matina also took out the bit of floor surface of B1712 that was found on the other side of the pedestalled column base, with the broken vase on the surface. The vase was given its own pottery pail, B1713.2. The vase was put w/ this locus because it was removed w/ the removal of the floor it was resting on.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1713 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

23 June 2004

- After the ~~first~~ ^(~~B1713.21/2~~) least pan, in the NW area of the trench, along B1204 and on the S side of the pillar base to remove the ~~B1712~~ B1712 floor, there were still ^{grey} patches of floor packing in some areas and so it was decided to take another pan through the same areas to take out the floor packing and grey soil. At this time, the western ship betw. B1204 and the N side of the SW corner wall (which is w. part of B1703) was included in this pan, ~~and~~ the associated pottery find is B1713.3. The pan was fairly sterile with only a few sherds - very small.

Elevations

$$\Delta 8 = 3.615 (354,42)$$

SKETCH 1:75 N

Today's date: 21 June 2004 Locus above: B1703 + B1711

Verbal description: Ship of land betw. the floor surface areas; the western boundary wall.

The soil is fairly ~~are~~ red, soft + w/ a lot of cobbles stones - pottery + bone ware in the mix

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary): None in a small shell, like a locus, it's a mixture of light & tan

ages if necessary): ~~The area~~ In the N half of the locus, it's a mixture of halutatorii debris + slope wash; in the S half, primarily slope wash erosion of bedrock

AZORIA Project

p.2

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1714 Excavator DFM

Locus/Pottery Pail Number	Weight of Sherds	Number of Sherds	Chronology & Comments
B1714.1	.180 kg	31	FN, LM IIC, LG (mostly FN)
B1714.2	.95 kg	107 (+ many)	FN, LM IIC, LG
B1714.3	.420	34	FN, LM III, LG?
B1714.4	.035 kg	3	LM IIC, I=?
B1714.5	.140 kg	18	FN
B1714.6	.070 kg	7	FN?
B1714.7	.120 kg	29	FN
B1714.8	.001 kg	1	FN, LM IIC?
B1714.9	.151 kg	3	FN (I=LM IIC)

OBJECTS

Object Number	Associated Pottery Pail	Identification (material/form)	Location	Elevation	Catalogue Number
1	B1714.1	chipped stone core (?)	Screen	—	
1	B1714.4	stone quern	1.20 m from B1716 .30 m from "threshold"	354.19	
2	B1714.4	pumice	along the old road, mixed in w/ stones in S end of B1714	354.27	
1	B1714.5	chipped stone core	Depos. 2 rocks in S end of NE quadrant of B1714	354.36	
2	B1714.5	chipped stone flake	Screen	—	
1	B1714.9	chipped stone flake	.04 m from Lg. W end road of "threshold"	354.16	
2	B1714.9	chipped stone flake	.06 m " "	354.13	
3	B1714.9	chipped stone flake	.35 m " "	354.16	
4	B1714.9	chipped stone flake	.06 m " "	354.13	
5	B1714.9	chipped stone flake		354.20	

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

Locus/Pottery Pail Number	Bones	Shell	Carbon	Pumice	Soil Sample	Other (specify)
B1714.1	X					
B1714.2	X					
B1714.3	X					
B1714.4	X					
B1714.5	X				1.S.S	
B1714.6						
B1714.7	X				1.S.S	
B1714.8	X					
B1714.9	X					

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1714 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

21 June 2004

- It was decided to start a new locus in the southern part of the trench that included ^{areas that were part of} several different loci ~~and start a new locus to combine~~ ~~these areas that were concerned by several loci~~ ~~and start a new locus to combine~~

these areas that were concerned by several loci. ~~The areas part of this locus, B1714~~ ~~included the soil~~

that was full of cobbles, ~~and~~ bedrock, ~~pottery~~ ^{and} ~~were~~ underneath either floor levels where they were preserved or ~~eroded~~ soil mixed w/ roofing soil and erosion/slope wash. The ~~pottery~~ ^{pottery} pail associated w/ this pan is B1714.1

- As the pan was started, the soil was fairly red, soft and with a lot of cobbles. Pottery and bone were also found in the area. Two pieces of chipped stone were found in the screen - one possibly a chipped stone core and so they both were sent down as obj. #1. About 1.80 m from the West end of the locus, the soil started changing color from a dark red to more ~~be~~ brown and the compaction became harder and the rocks were chunks of bedrock. So at this point, pails were changed and the ~~soil~~ SW end continuation of the pan now is associated w/ B1714.2.

A possible wall feature is appearing ~~and~~ along the NE section of the locus and so the area to the E of this 'possible' wall will be given a different pail number when it will be dug. At the point of where the soil started changing color, a small ^{EW} section of possible wall bedding was uncovered and so a ~~or~~ larger EW wall could exist that joins up w/ the ^{corner} ~~large~~ section of a wall in the SW corner. The area to the S of this 'wall bedding' is filled w/ large stones, and appear to be tumble and slipped rocks from a N/S wall lining the bedrock in some way, either on top or in front.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1714 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

22 June 2004

- Another pass was made through locus B1714 to remove some stones that were left in, but were clearly tumble and to better define the possible cross wall (N/S) that is dividing B1714 in its N half and the tumble line in the southern half of B1714. The associated pottery pair is

B1714.3

- After the pass B1703.17 was made in the area to the E ~~of B1714~~ of possible ^{E/W} wall and S side of the massive root in the S end of the trench ~~and the~~ which helped define the possible wall line, the bed rock bedding and the tumble of bedrock stones that had fallen off the bedrock lining, it was decided to take a E-ward pass taking out the wall tumble that had fallen into the SE half of locus B1714. The pottery pair associated w/ this pass is B1714.4. The two massive stones of bedrock were removed - but before they were, elevations were taken. This pass will hopefully define a clearly the wall face. There was a stone quern that was embedded in the soil in front of the tumble line and it should have been pointed out to the excavator to leave in, but it was pulled out before the trench supervisor did so. Therefore this object was given Object #1 and the elevation was taken at the bottom of the space left empty by the quern. As the pass continued Sward, a very large piece of pumice was discovered near the SE end of B1714 close to the bedrock line. ~~The~~ Due to the large size of pumice, it was decided to make ~~it~~ the pumice an object. →

Obj. #1 - Stone quern

R11 = 2.254

Δ1 = 3.915

1.20

from SW wall

1.30

30cm

from B.R. stones pass - part of E/W wall

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1714 Excavator DFM

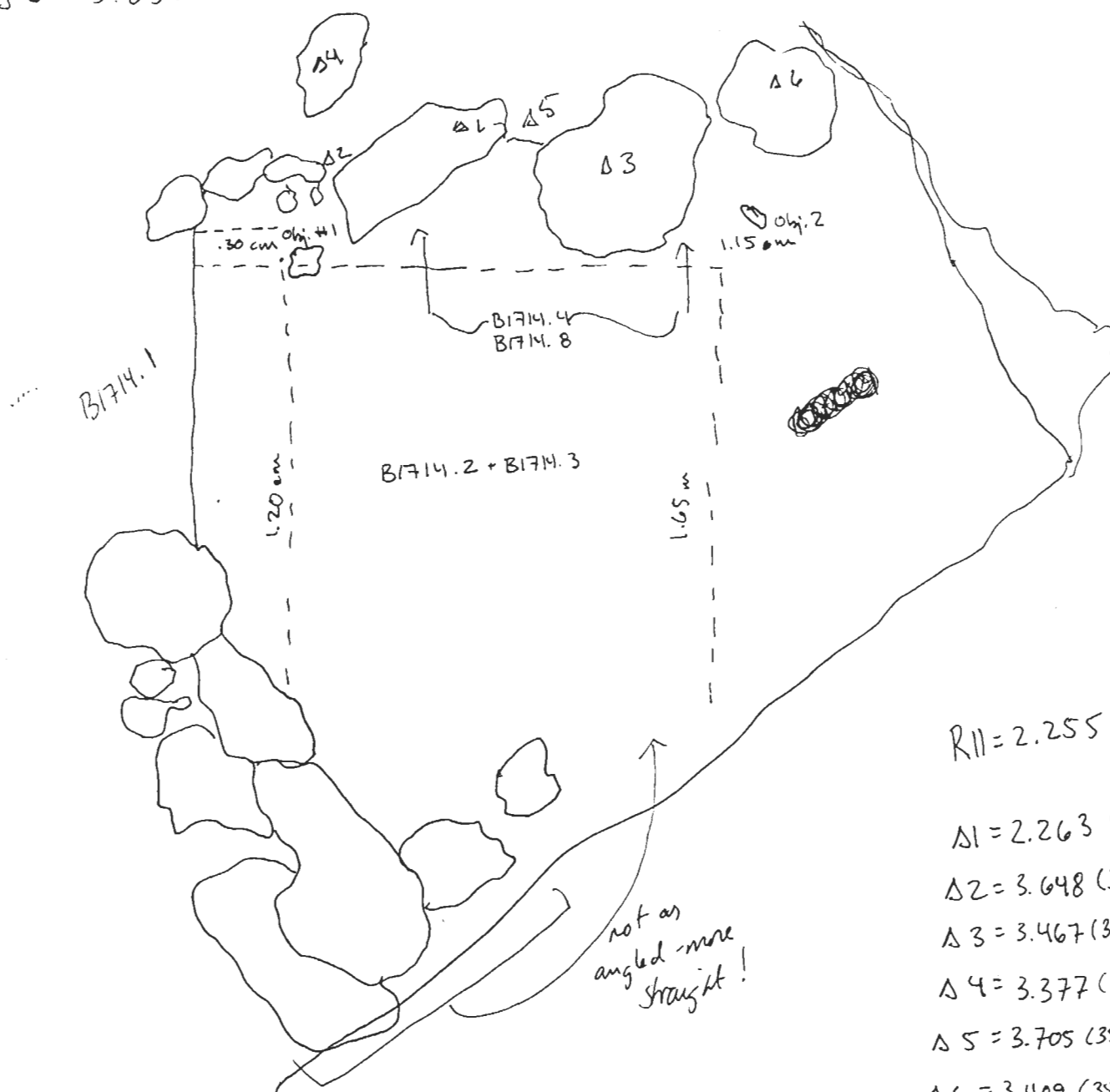
DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

22 June 2004 (cont.)

- Obj. #2 - pumice

R11 = 2.254

$\Delta 2 = 3.835$



R11 = 2.255

$\Delta 1 = 2.263$ (354.85)

$\Delta 2 = 3.648$ (354.46)

$\Delta 3 = 3.467$ (354.64)

$\Delta 4 = 3.377$ (354.73)

$\Delta 5 = 3.705$ (354.40)

$\Delta 6 = 3.409$ (354.70)

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1714 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

11 23 June 2004

B1714.5]

.6]
.7

.8 Cent. of B1714.4 from yesterday)

- This morning we started a pass in the NE quadrant of locus B1714, the space that is bounded by a possible N/S wall on its W side, the bull line of the late Geometric floor surface of B1706 on its E side, and the N boundary is the bull line running along B1705, and the S is bounded by a possible wall (E/W) and wall tumble from the wall in the SE corner lining the bed rock. This shallow pass ~~was~~ curved out the surface within the area and removed the FN pot that had been uncovered by B1711.3. The pottery finds associated w/ this pass are B1714.5 (for the whole area) and B1714.6 for the pieces of the pot resting upon a cluster of rocks.

Elevations and placement measurements were taken. As Matis moved toward the SW end, she found a chipped stone core between two rocks that might be part of the E/W wall. This is obj. #1 - elevation and measurements taken. Another flake was found in the screen and that was identified - Obj. #2.

B1714.6 = FN pot 3.25m from B1201
R11 = 2.217 1.50m from B1710
 $\Delta = 3.686$

~~Once we had reached a relatively even surface, Matis took another~~

An I.S.S. was taken in the area S ~~of~~ of the FN pot, within a cluster of rocks - the soil was dark, w/ some carbon flecks and fragments of bone. Its placement is 3.60m from B1201 and 1.40m from B1710.

- Once we had reached a relatively even surface in that area, another pass was taken ~~in~~ across the whole area. In some patches across the pass, ~~the~~ we came down upon a floor surface, esp. along the possible N/S cross wall and in the Southern part of the area. The soil above the floor surface was collected as an I.S.S. The associated pottery find with this pass is B1714.7.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1714 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

23 June 2004 (cont.)

- The pass that was started yesterday as B1714.4 was continued today and is pottery pail B1714.8. This pass continued moving Eward into the tumble against the bedrock to try to find the face of the wall, or see which stones are tumble or ~~egg~~ cases of a possible wall that is abutting the bedrock from the N and meeting up w/ the possible E/W wall. At the end of the pass, it is still unclear and some stones might need to be removed at a later date in another pass.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1714 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pair(s)]:

-28 June 2004

B1714.9 It was decided ~~that~~ ~~to~~ to remove the possible wall bedding that had originally ~~divided~~ divided B1714, as it cut along an E/W direction. The W end of this section is a rather large stone and is deeply imbedded and it was once thought to have been an edge of a threshold into a small room in the central area of the trench; on its E end there was a rather large stone and it looked like it had been the E end of the threshold and this bedding was either wall bedding or a threshold bedding. Yet it became clear that the E end stone was rather high and was resting on a lot of soil and so it most likely had tumbled from either from the wall that lined the SE area of the trench, using the bedrock as a ~~for~~ wall bedding or from the newly discovered large N/S wall that now serves as the E boundary of the central room (see B1712.4). This area associated w/ this pass is approx. 1.10m long and ranges in width from .35cm - .40cm. ~~Within~~ ~~this area~~ The pottery pair associated w/ this pass is B1714.9. Within this area, 5 objects were found, all chipped stone flakes. Here are the following measurements:

Obj. #1 - chipped stone flake
 R14 = 3.646
 Δ = 3.864 (354.16)
 from Lg W end rock = .4cm

Obj. #2 - chipped stone flake
 R14 = 3.646
 Δ = 3.889
 from Lg W end rock = .6cm

Obj. #3 = chipped stone flake
 R14 = 3.646
 Δ = 3.858
 from Lg W end rock = .35cm

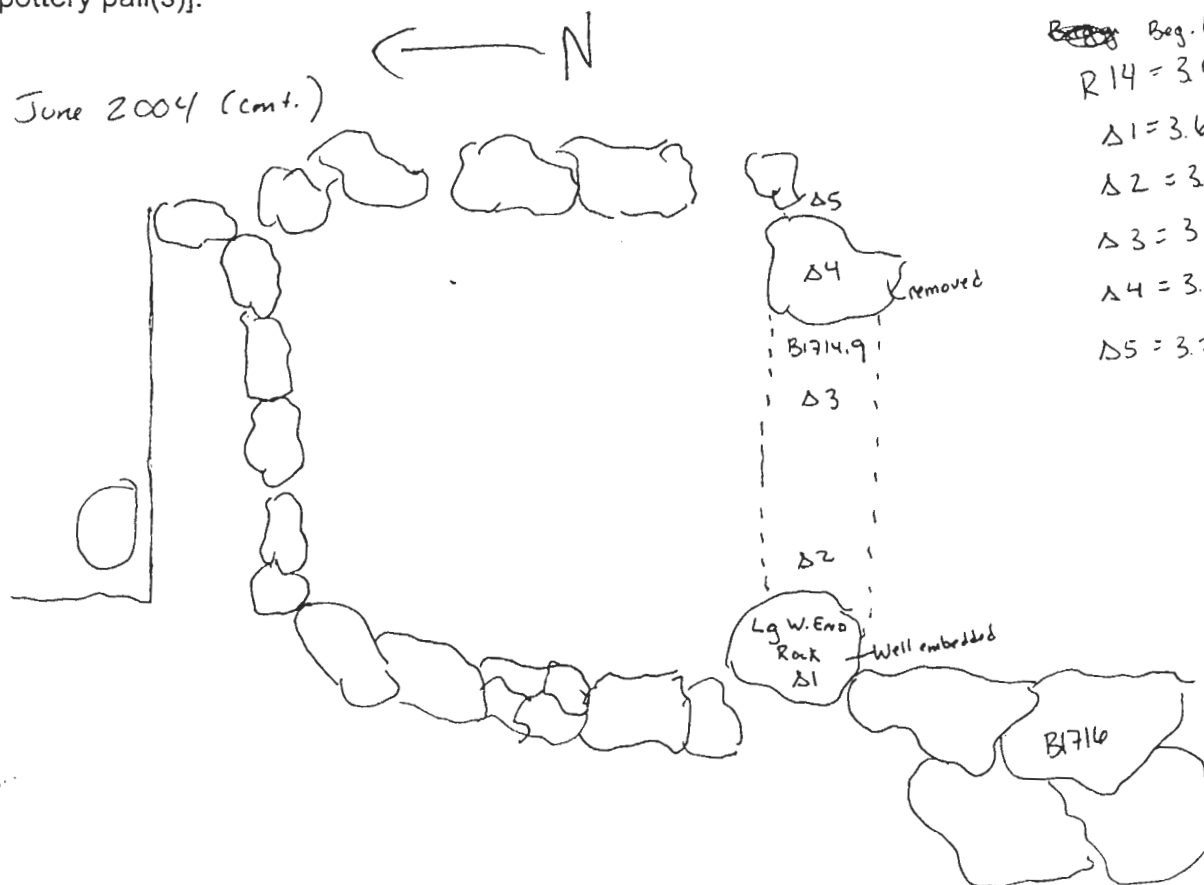
Obj. #4 = chipped stone flake
 R14 = 3.646
 Δ = 3.889
 from Lg W end rock = .47cm

Obj. #5 - chipped stone flake
 R14 = 3.646
 Δ = 3.822
 from Lg W end rock = .66cm

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1714 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

-28 June 2004 (cont.)



~~Beg.~~ Beg. Elevations

R14 = 3646

Δ1 = 3.651

Δ2 = 3.788

Δ3 = 3.729

Δ4 = 3.564

Δ5 = 3.758

End Elevations

R14 = 3646

Δ1 = 3.651

Δ2 = 3.888

Δ3 = 3.872

Δ4 = 3.859

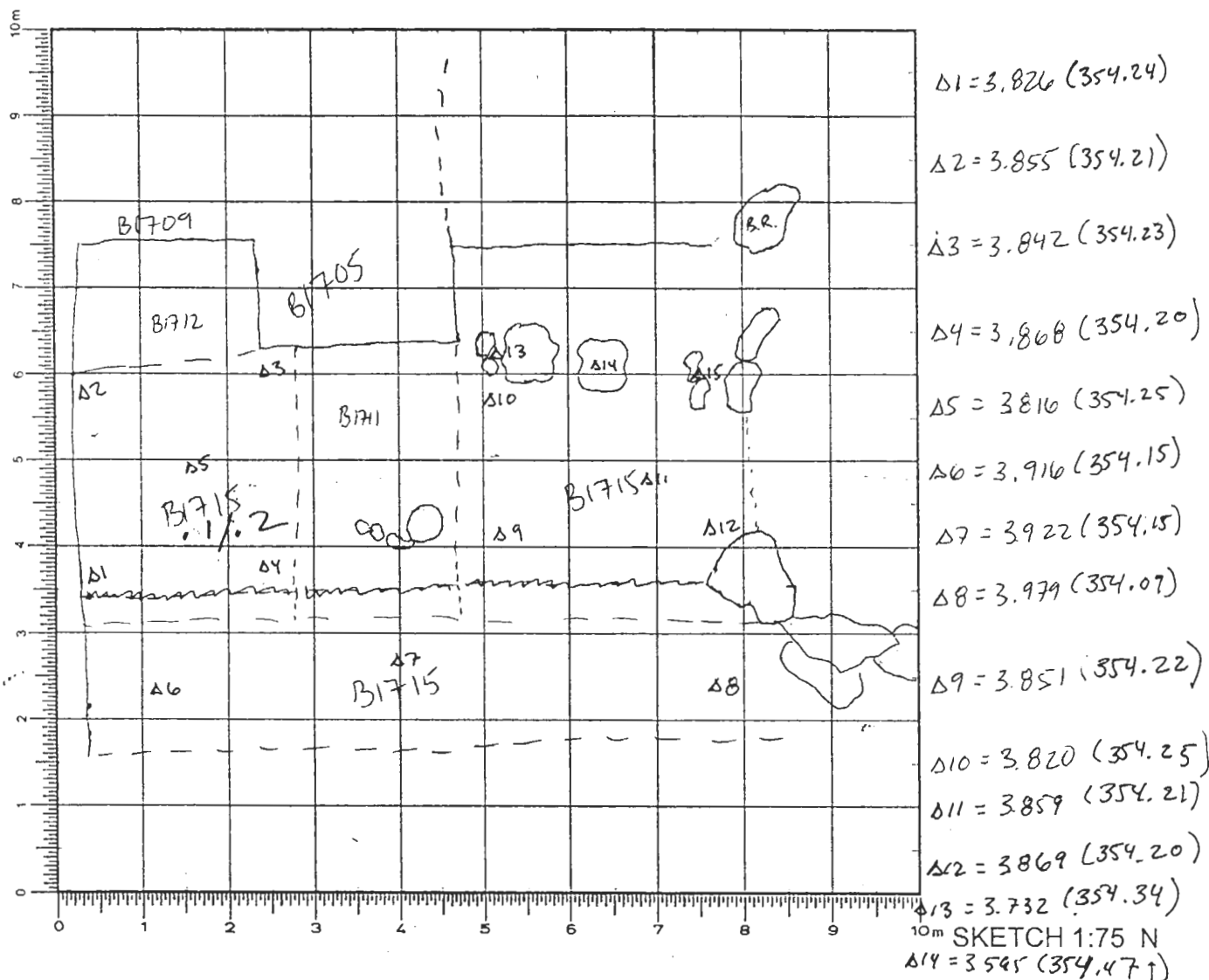
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Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1715 Excavator DFM

Top of B1715 p.1
Bottom of B1713/B1714

Elevations

Benchmark used: 211 (353.86)
Reading on
Benchmark: 2.21
H.I.: 358.07



DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 23 June 2004 Locus above: B1713/B1703/B1714

Locus parameters: The locus includes the NW end of trench in front of B1704, then the Western strip betw. the W boundary wall and the floor surfaces till it reaches the SW corner wall and area to the S of the pedestalled pillar base and west of the N/S cross wall.

Verbal description:

The soil is extremely compact and there isn't too much of it in some areas soil is brown and other areas it's very red. So far, the matrix is primarily stones, large chunks of bed rock.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

23 June 2004 - This locus appears to be a mixture of rubble and large stones that were on one part of the Western boundary wall or an extension of the SW corner wall, or an extension of the FN wall that is visible from B1700 and appears to run under B1704 (head in to B1700).

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B715 Excavator DEM

Locus/Pottery Pail Number	Weight of Sherds	Number of Sherds	Chronology & Comments
B715.1	0	0	—
B715.2	.255 kg	25	FN, LM III C (4) -mostly FN
B715.3	.275 kg	61	FN, LM III C (4) -mostly FN
B715.4	.190 kg	48	FN -mostly FN
B715.5	.1101 kg	89	FN, 2 LM III C, ? -mostly FN
B715.6	.600 kg	142	FN
B715.7	.240 kg	62	FN
B715.8	.015 kg	5	FN

De-objectified to "Other"

10	B715.4	chipped stone flake	1.85 from B1204 / 1.78 from W bulk	353.99
11	B715.6	chipped stone flake	1.81 from B1204 / 1.85 from W bulk	354.02
12	B715.6	chipped stone flake		353.95

OBJECTS

Object Number	Associated Pottery Pail	Identification (material/form)	Location	Elevation	Catalogue Number
3	B715.3	stone bead	T.S.S.		
1	B715.3	stone tool	1.59 m from B1204 3.52 m from B710	354.14	
2	B715.3	chipped stone flake	SCREEN	—	
1	B715.5	chipped stone flake	3.68 m from B1204 1.13 m from B716	354.24	
2	B715.5	chipped stone flake	3.35 m from B1204 1.04 m from B716	354.17	
3	B715.5	chipped stone flake	SCREEN	—	
1	B715.6	chipped stone flake	3.02 from B1204 1.55 from W bulk	354.08	
2	B715.6	chipped stone flake	2.65 from B1204 1.43 from W bulk	354.00	
3	B715.6	chipped stone flake	2.72 from B1204 1.70 from W bulk	353.99	
4	B715.6	chipped stone flake	2.58 from B1204 1.85 from W bulk	353.98	

17 - De-objectified

5	B715.6	chipped stone flake		354.01	
6	B715.6	micro flake		353.97	2.15 from B1204 / 1.91 m from W bulk
7	B715.6	chipped stone flake		353.95	
8	B715.6	chipped stone flake	1.20 m from B1204 / 1.82 from W bulk	353.95	
9	B715.6	chipped stone flake	1.85 from B1204 / 1.58 from W bulk	354.02	

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

Locus/Pottery Pail Number	Bones	Shell	Carbon	Pumice	Soil Sample	Other (specify)
B715.2	X					
B715.3	X	X			X-I.S.S.	
B715.4	X				X-2 I.S.S.	X-chipped stone
B715.5						
B715.6	X	X			X-I.S.S.	X-chipped stone
B715.7						
B715.8					X-I.S.S.	

Objects

1	B715.7	chipped stone	1.66 m from B1204 / 2.00 m from W bulk	353.96
2	B715.7	chipped stone		
3	B715.7	chipped stone	2.73 from B1204 / 1.75 m from W bulk	353.91
4	B715.7	chipped stone	1.49 from B1204 / 2.10 m from W bulk	353.88
5	B715.7	chipped stone	2.00 from W bulk / 1.15 from B1204	353.91

Year 2004Trench/Locus B1715Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

24 June 2004

- Today we started in the morning w/ the continuation of a pass that was started yesterday (B1715.1) and so this pottery pail is B1715.2. Martina moved Eward forward the bull line that is preserving the B1712 floor level. This area was ~~heavily~~ densely packed w/ stones, yet provided a fair amount of pottery nevertheless. In the SE corner of B1715.1/2, there still was some floor packing in the ~~corner~~ corner and this is the location that produced some LM IIIA sherds - yet the rest of the area ~~just~~ produced FN sherds. As Martina moved west and crossed the bull line of the preserved B1711 floor and began to head south along the western ~~end~~ ship, pottery pails were changed - B1715.3. Approx. .57 cm from B1204, was found a chipped stone tool. This is Obj #1 - measurements + elevations were taken.

$$R11 = 3.106 + 355.86 = 358.966$$

$$\Delta 1 = 4.823$$

$$- 4.823$$

$$\boxed{354.143}$$

$$.57 \text{ cm from B1204}$$

$$3.52 \text{ m from B1710}$$

As the pass continued southward, several stones were removed, but the area was not as dense w/ stones as ~~B1715.1/2~~ B1715.1/2. In the area just at the beg. of the southern ~~end~~ half of the western ship, right behind a long boulder, the soil had bits of carbon and was a bit darker, so an I.S.S. was taken. From this pass, the line of the western boundary ~~line~~ wall became fairly clear, but additionally another ~~the~~ western ~~the~~ side of a wall appeared - to the east of the western boundary line and the space running between these two possible walls is approx. .45 cm. The two walls run parallel w/ each other in a NE to SW direction. The more easterly wall appears to be a continuation of the large section of ^{the} wall in the SW corner.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1715 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

24 June 2004

- As the pass continued eastward, pails were changed at the point Matina crossed the western line of the wall and this pottery pail is B1715.4. ~~The~~ The eastern side of the wall was discovered and so it appears that there might be a small room in

the SE area of B1715, for there are four possible walls in this area. The soil within the room was a dark red, w/ patches of burnt soil + so two T.S.S. were taken. The first was concentrated ~~along~~ along the Western ~~end~~ side of the south end of the possible N/S cross wall and the second one was from the whole area w/ on the four walls. From the screen associated w/ this pottery pail, B1715.4, a few pieces of chipped stone flakes and a possible one was found.

25 June 2004

- This morning we are continuing the pass through B1715 and the pottery pail associated w/ this section of the pass is B1715.5. The area included in this pass is the ~~small~~ ^{narrow} bit of soil just S of the B1718 South bulk line and ~~below~~ below a narrow line of stones running E/W. In addition it was decided to remove what was once thought was a N/S cross wall; but it became apparent after digging to the W of it (B1715.4) that the stones were really just floating very ~~high~~ ^{high} ~~above~~ on a lot of soil and ~~there~~ there were some later ~~Ant.~~ ^{Ant.} shreds associated w/ it.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1715 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

25 June 2004 (cont.^①)~~- In the SE corner of the area~~

- At the Southern end of the once thought N/S cross wall, when Marina was removing some of the stones and soil, a fair sized chipped stone core was found, and lying just a few centimeters away was a possibly modified shell. They appeared to be wedged between the rocks of the tumble (once thought wall) and the rocks possibly part of an E/W wall that either had some sort of threshold or the stones are missing.

Elevations and measurements were taken. Since it was unclear whether or not the shell was cooked, it wasn't objectified yet, but its elevation + measurements were taken just in case,


R11 = 3.084

Obj. #1: Chipped stone core
 $\Delta 1 = 4.700$

3.68 m from B1204

1.13 m from SW corner wall (B1716)

R11 = 3.084

 Modified shell $\Delta 2 = 4.712$

3.65 m from B1204

1.15 m from SW corner (B1716)

The rest of the few ~~to~~ rocks that were once part of the "N/S cross wall" were removed - and another chipped stone flake was found. This was objectified + the proper measurements were taken. This soil was screened (thoroughly) and

R11 = 3.084

Obj. #2: chipped stone flake

 $\Delta 3 = 4.771$

3.35 m from B1204

1.04 m from SW corner wall (B1716)

another chipped stone flake was found, like the others before, it was objectified (Obj. #3) but since it was found in the screen, its exact location cannot be determined.

The pans extended to the east a few centimeters to determine if there were a possible wall line that was suggested by the fact that a few stones were just ~~ap~~ above the surface and lying in a linear fashion and that the E/W wall that is to the N of

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B/715 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

25 June 2004 (cont. ⁽²⁾)

-The other E/W wall w/ a possible threshold seemed to continue to the E after its face was cleared from the stones of the ^{not} "N/S corner wall".

[Note: ~~the floor that was found~~ yesterday (24 June 2004) it was thought that we had some traces of a floor in the NE quadrant of B/714 (where the FN pit was situated), but after some further investigation it was clear that it wasn't in fact a floor surface. ~~But ~~there~~ there was a wall in this area, which was the stones that were~~

The stones that were protruding from the surface ~~do~~ appear to form a wall and so now we might have at least ~~three~~ four possible walls defining a space in the center of the trench.

Once the area was ~~cleared~~ cleared up, it was decided to further investigate in the ~~the~~ Western part of the locus B/715 and take another pan through the ~~the possible wall~~ space between the two possible walls that appear fairly parallel going NE to SW; this space was dug to get a better sense as to the ~~the~~ actual faces of these walls (the E face and the W face of each wall). The pottery pail associated w/ this pan is B/715.6.

At the southern end of pan, from where we started, we removed the stone schist plaque that had been lying on the surface of this space. This is Obj. #1 and its measurements are as follows:

R11 = 3.084
 Δ1 = 4.856 (354.08)
 • 1.55 from W bull line
 3.02 from B/204

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1715 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

-25 June 2004 (cont. ③)

-The pan started from the S and headed N. ~~There~~ There was a cluster of pottery, bones, and pebbles in the soil under ~~the~~ when the plaza had been so and I.S.S. was taken at this point. As Matra moved N, she continuously was finding chipped stone flakes, ^{and} a micro blade. ~~Each~~ Each of these flakes were objectified and the following is a list of the measurements.

Obj. #2 - chipped stone flakes

R11 = 2.870

 $\Delta = 4.730$

from W bulk - 1.43 m

from B1204 - 2.65 m

Obj. #7 - chipped stone

R11 = 2.87

 $\Delta = 4.781$

from W bulk = 1.82

from B1204 - 2.10 m

Obj. #12 - chipped stone

R11 = 2.89

 $\Delta = 4.801$

Obj. #3 - chipped stone flakes

R14 = 4.40

 $\Delta = 4.78$

from W bulk = 1.70 m

from B1204 = 2.72

Obj. #8 - chipped stone

R11 = 2.87

 $\Delta = 4.80$

from W bulk - 1.76

from B1204 - 2.10 m

Obj. #9 - chipped stone

R11 = 2.87

 $\Delta = 4.715$

from W bulk - 1.88

from B1204 - 1.85

Obj. #4 - chipped stone flakes

R14 = 4.40

 $\Delta = 4.79$

from W bulk = 1.85 m

from B1204 = 2.58

Obj. #10 - chipped stone

R11 = 2.89

 $\Delta = 4.764$ from W bulk - ~~1.88~~ 1.78

from B1204 - 1.85

Obj. #5 - chipped stone flakes

R11 = 2.895

 $\Delta = 4.745$

Obj. #6 - poss. micro blade

R11 = 2.87

 $\Delta =$ ~~4.78~~ 4.785from W bulk = ~~1.91~~ 1.91 mfrom B1204 = ~~2.10~~ 2.15 m

Obj. #11 - chipped stone

R11 = 2.89

 $\Delta = 4.728$

from W bulk = 1.85

from B1204 = 1.81

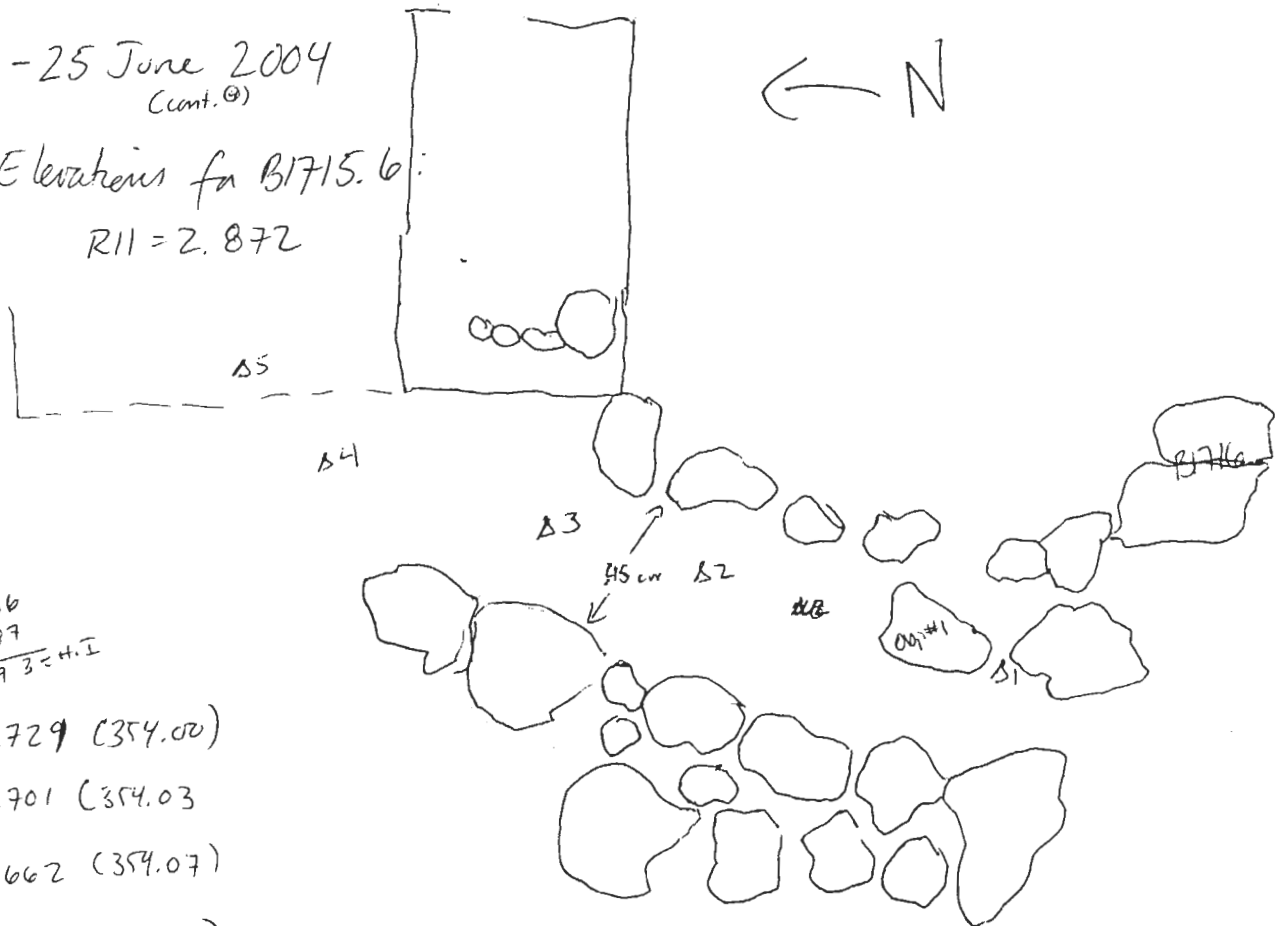
Year 2004 Trench/Locus ~~B710~~ B715 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

-25 June 2004
(cont. ⑨)

Elevations for B715.6:

R11 = 2.872



$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 355.86 \\ + 2.87 \\ \hline 358.73 = H.I. \end{array}$$

$$\Delta 1 = 4.729 (354.00)$$

$$\Delta 2 = 4.701 (354.03)$$

$$\Delta 3 = 4.662 (354.07)$$

$$\Delta 4 = 4.498 (354.23)$$

$$\Delta 5 = 4.655 (354.06)$$

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1715 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

- 28 June 2004

This morning we continued the pass that was started on Friday in the space between the two possible walls ^{along} the western edge of the trench (B1715.6) and so this pottery pail is B1715.7. Fairly soon into the pass we came across some chipped stone flakes. In total there were 5 ~~flakes~~ ^{objects} - here are the following measurements for the 5 objects (chipped stone flakes and possible stone tool). There were some chipped stone flakes found in the screen.

Obj. #1 - chipped stone

R11 = 2.965

 $\Delta = 4.867$

1.66 m from B1204

2.00 m from W bulk

Obj. #5 - chipped stone flake

R11 = 2.965

 $\Delta = 4.920$

2.00 from W bulk

1.13 from B1204

Obj. #2 - ^{NOT A STONE TOOL} poss. stone tool

R11 = 2.965

 $\Delta = 4.817$

1.43 m from B1204

1.9 m from W bulk

Obj. #3 - chipped stone flake

R11 = 2.965

 $\Delta = 4.915$

2.73 m from B1204

1.75 m from W bulk

Obj. #4 - poss. stone tool / sea pebble?

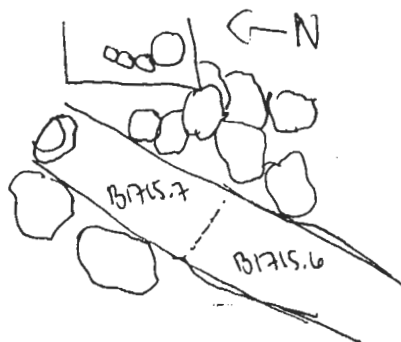
R11 = 2.966

 $\Delta = 4.952$

2.10 m from W bulk

1.49 m from B1204

As the pass neared the N end of the trench, approx. at the point where the N bulk line is for B1711 floor (if one extended the line W), there appeared a rather large stone that seems to be wedged into the space betw. the two faces of these parallel walls as they come closer together. It's unclear whether this stone has fallen accidentally from either of the two walls or was placed there purposely to join the two walls.



Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1715 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

-28 June 2004

- It was decided to take ~~another~~ another pass through the N gradient of B1715 to help ~~determine face of the East~~ to help figure out the situation regarding the N ends of the walls to see if they do come together behind the large stone placed inbetween. Then a if we could find the ~~E or W face~~ faces of the walls as they continue past the ~~N~~ bull line of B1711 and head under B1204.

This pottery pail is B1715.8. The pass was fairly sterile, w/ only a few sherds; yet in the SE corner of the N quadrant of B1715 there was a fair bit of soil that ~~was~~ was much darker in color and appeared to be burnt - so an I.S.S. was taken.



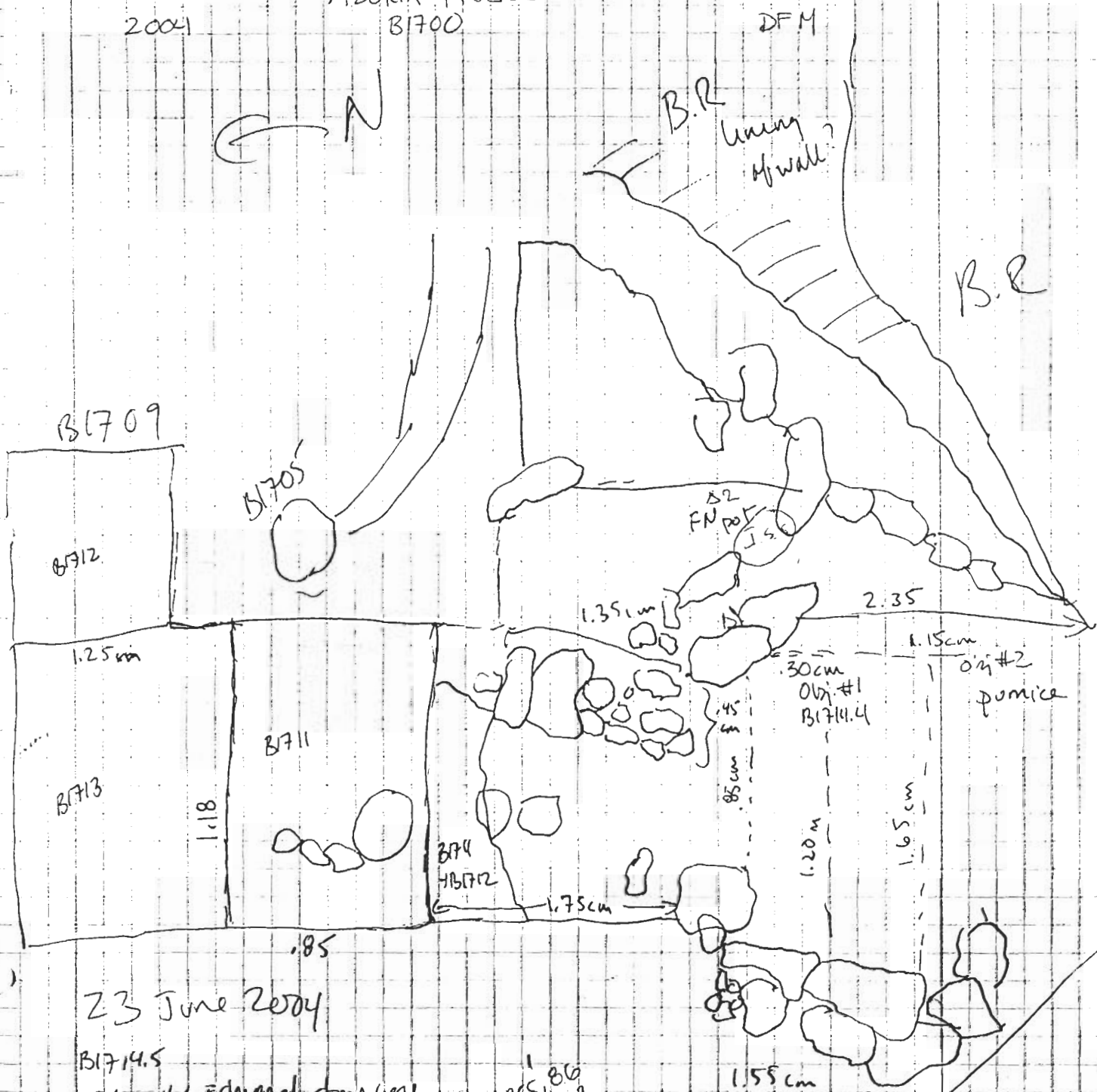
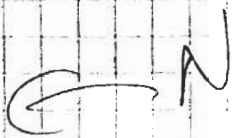
There were many stones, but Matina was able to find the continuation of the more Eastward wall and was able to define the two faces (E+W) of the wall.

But the space has become incredibly small to work in and it's apparent that we are unable to investigate this area further (the N gradient).

2001

AZORIA PROJECT B1700

DFM



23 June 2004

B1714.5

Obj. #1 = dumped stone core

R11 = 2.223

Δ1 = 3.724

$$\begin{array}{r} 355.86 \\ + 2.22 \\ \hline 358.08 \\ - 3.72 \\ \hline 354.36 \end{array}$$

B1714.6 = FN pot

R11 = 2.217

Δ2 = 3.686

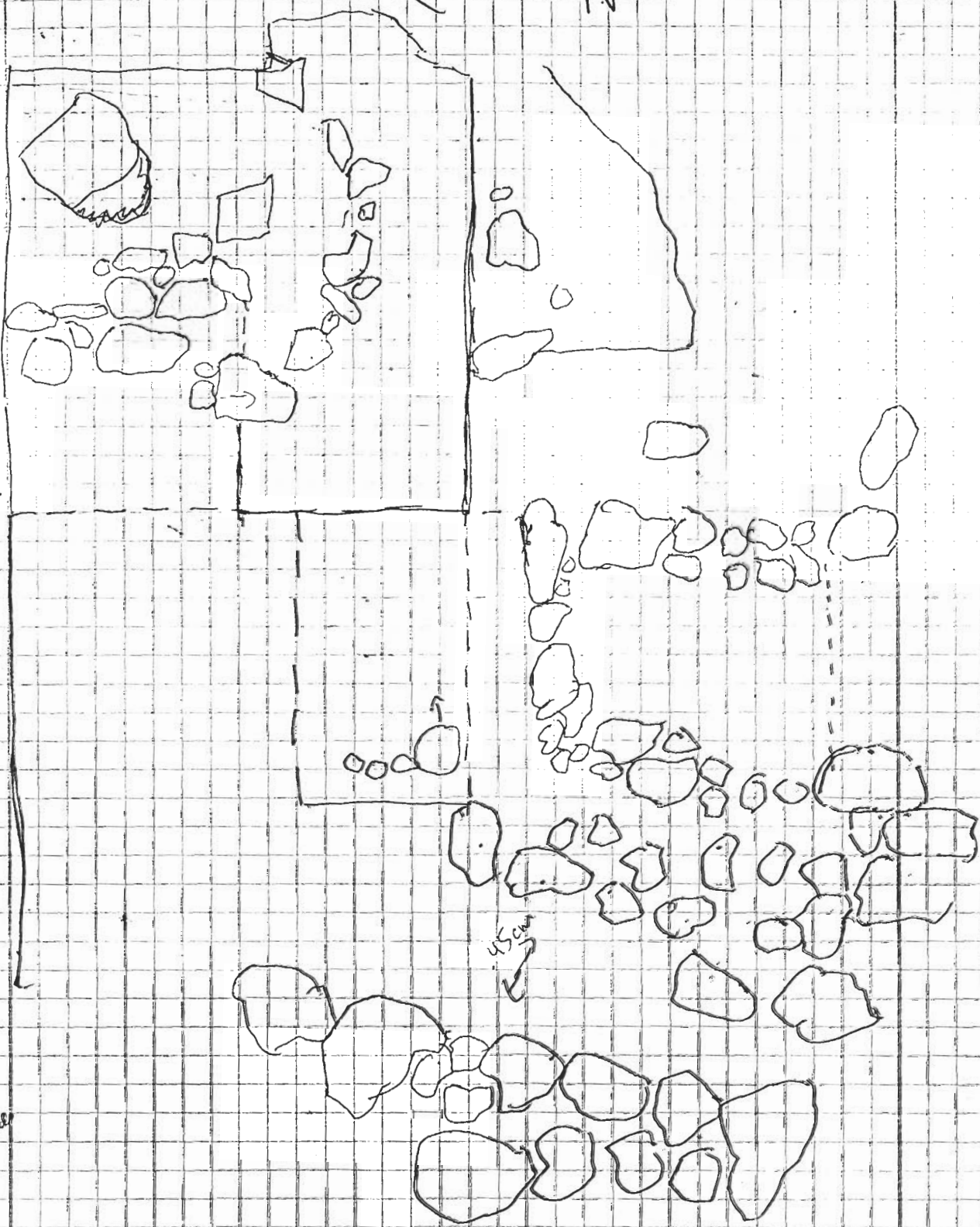
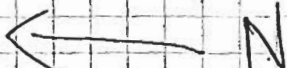
3.25m from B1704
450m from B1700

I. ss. 3.60m
from B1704
1.40m
from B1710

2004

Azoria Project
B1700

DFM



B1204

174.5
Obj #1
1.32 km
sw side
dropped
3.97
km
B1204

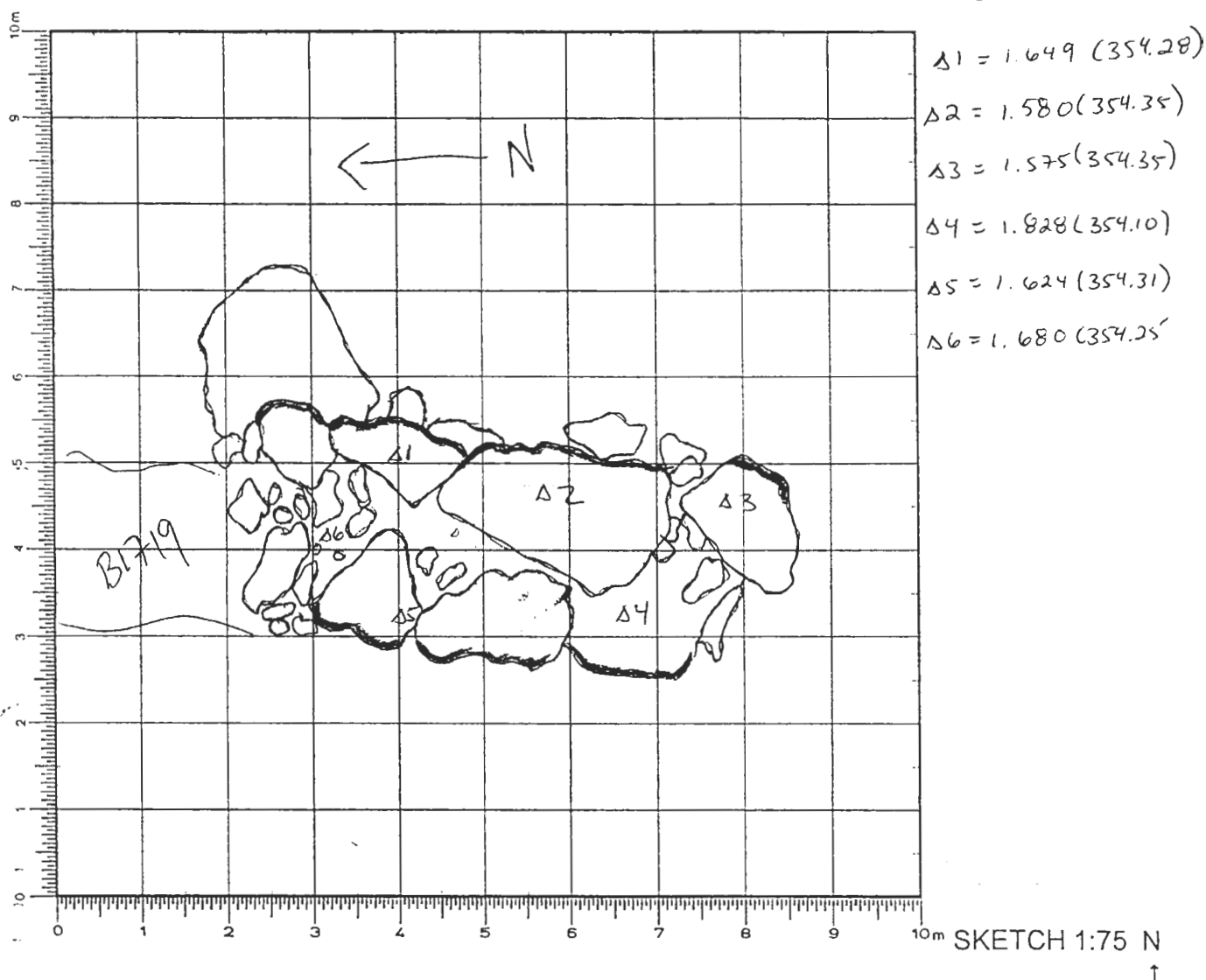
Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1716 Excavator DFMElevations

Benchmark used: 12

Reading on

Benchmark: 2.112

H.I.: 355.93

DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):Today's date: 28 JuneLocus above: B1703Locus parameters: 1.60 m long
.60 cm wide

Verbal description:

2 course wall in SW corner of trench

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

This is a wall of unknown date, but since it abuts an earlier wall (FN probable date) at an off angle and is made of large, rough cut stones (unlike FN wall B1719) that it post dates the FN period.

Year _____ Trench/Locus _____ Excavator _____

[illegible]

OBJECTS

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

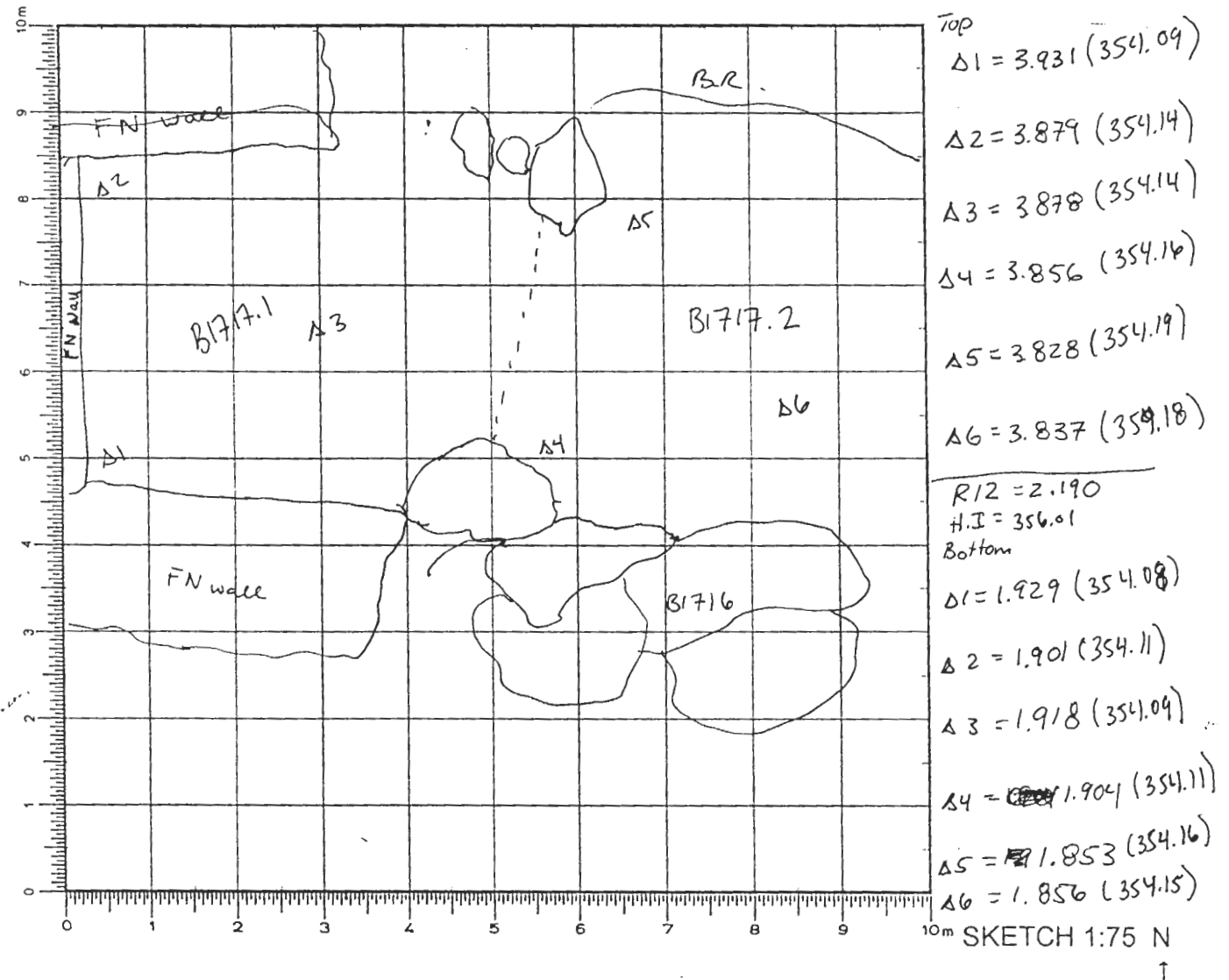
[illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1717 Excavator DFMElevationsBenchmark used: R14

Reading on

Benchmark: 3.646

H.I.:



DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 29 June 2004 Locus above: B1714/B1715

Locus parameters: This locus is ~~located~~ primarily in the S half of the trench, w/ small N/S on its E boundary, and a small E/W cross wall serving as its N boundary; to the W it is bordered by B1716, and the sketch line of the trench is its S boundary.

Verbal description:

In the N half of this locus, primarily the space enclosed by the 3 probable FN walls, the soil color is red, to dark red, with areas of burnt soil; the compaction is fairly soft and the matrix is composed of soil, some clay, and small rocks.

In the S half of this locus, approx. 1.58 m into the locus ~~from~~ ^{beginning} ~~from~~ ^{from E/W} ~~from~~ ^{cross wall}, the soil is light brown + grey; matrix is dirt w/ yellow roofing clay; few stones ^{except for along B1716.}

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary): 29 June 2004

-In the N half of locus, the locus is most likely depantimal material from FN period of habitation; ~~primary debris is the pottery~~ the pottery ~~is~~ ^{is} associated w/ this Northern half is

B1717.1. Along the ^E edge of the E/W cross wall acting as the N boundary, a dropped stone cont. →

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1717 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

29 June 2004 (cont.)

- flake was found; this is Obj. #1 and its elevations are - Obj. #1
 $R11 = 3.105$
 $\Delta = 4.875$ (354.09)

As the pan continued south, and crossed S of the large boulder at the W end of B1716, the soil changed in color and compaction and matrix so pottery pails were changed, B1717.2.

Approx. 1.58 m from E/W cross wall and 1.67 m from B1716 a possible stone tool was found -

this is Obj. #1

$R12 = 2.189$

(354.18)

$\Delta = 1.830$

As Mattia dug along the SE edge of the locus, some flecks of

carbon appeared in the soil and so an I.S.S. was taken. In patches

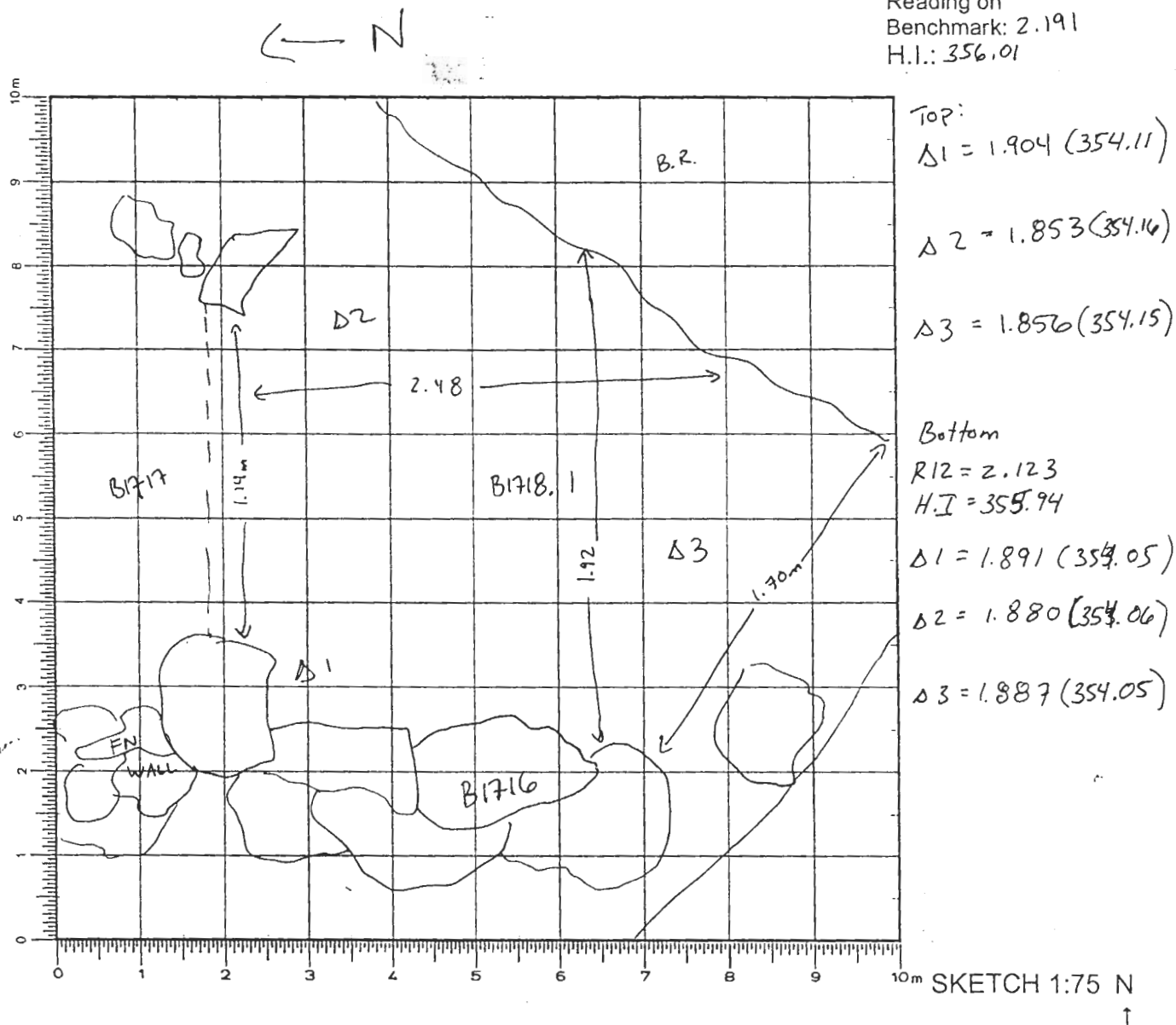
We came down upon a floor surface; but, as stated before, it was evident only in a few patches and it seemed to have been eroded in most of the area. An I.S.S. was taken of the soil above some of the floor patches.

Along the E edge of B1716, there were mostly rocks.

This area that makes up B1717.2 is in, for the most part, an erosion zone and it is apparent that some of the earlier soil from above, like the red soil of the FN area in the SE area had washed down and covered up the later layers, which consisted of yellow roofing clay and later floor surfaces.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1718 Excavator DFM**Elevations**

Benchmark used: R12
 Reading on
 Benchmark: 2.191
 H.I.: 356.01



DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 29 June 2004Locus above: B1717.2

Locus parameters: To the E is the bedrock slope, to the W is B1716; the N boundary is the arbitrary line betw. the large boulder at the end of B1716 and the large tumble piece of bed rock to the E; and ~~the~~ to the S is the ^{simply} line of the bench.

Verbal description:

This locus is the removal of the patches of floor surface; the soil is turned to red and is fairly compact; little inclusions in the matrix, except ^{at} the W boundary, along the edge of B1716 where there are a concentration of rocks.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

29 June 2004

~~The floor surface~~ (B1718.1) is the pottery pit associated w/ the pass taking out the patchy floor surfaces and to see if there are any earlier floor surfaces.

AZORIA Project

p.2

Year _____ Trench/Locus _____ Excavator _____

[illegible]

OBJECTS

[illegible]

ADDITONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

[illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1718 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

-29 June 2004 (cont.)

- just south of the beginning of the pass into B1718, a ^{chipped stone flake} ~~possible stone tool~~ was uncovered.

This is obj. #1: R 12 = 2.190 .18cm from B1716

De-object Δ = 1.953 .54cm from lg border E N end of B1716

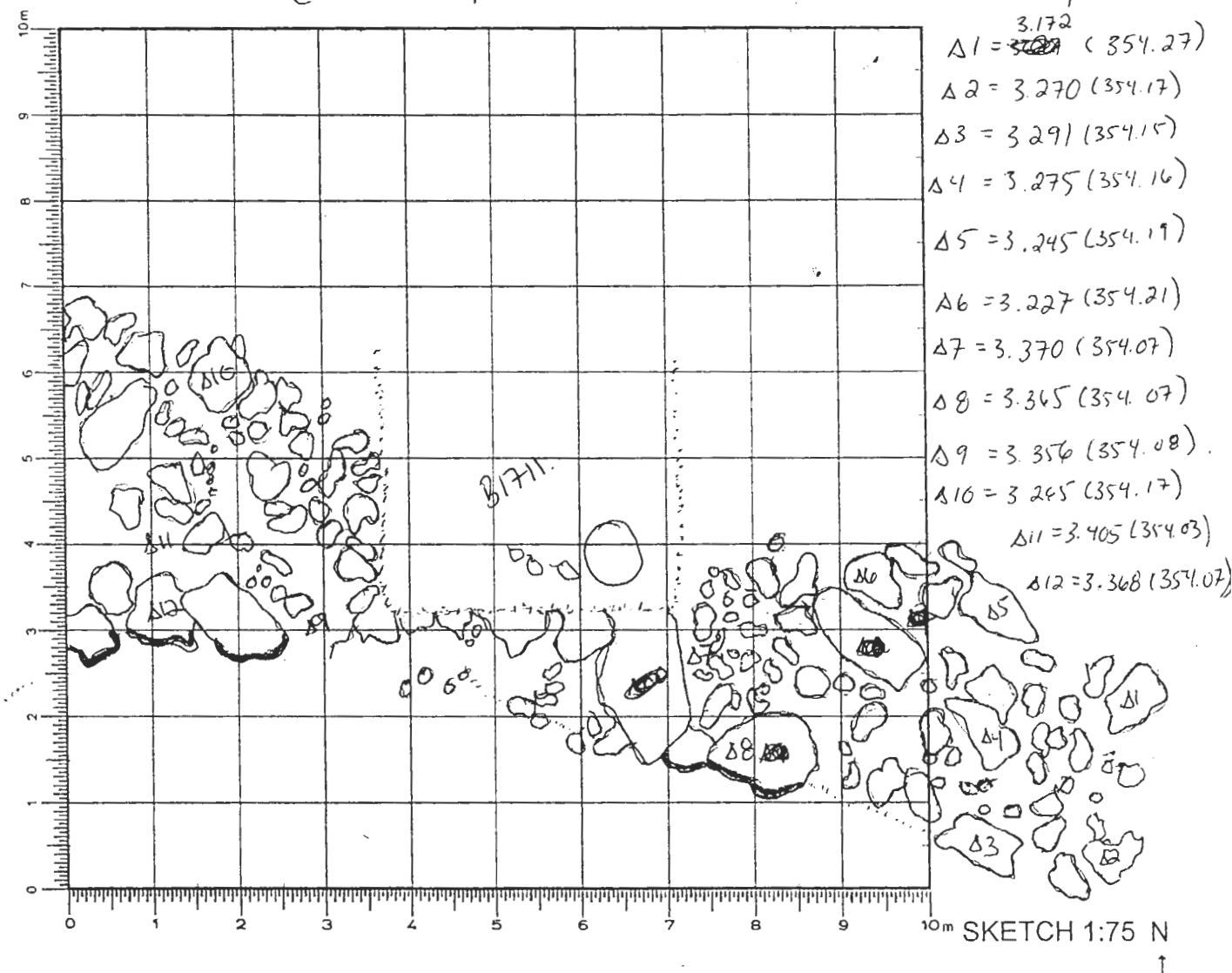
Along B1716, there was still a concentration of rocks. In the SE area of the locus, particularly along the ^E ~~S~~ boundary, remains of a pos. FN floor were uncovered - again in patches - the soil was dark red and fairly hard. In these two areas, along the SE boundary + above the floor surface, I.S.S.'s were taken.

(I.S.S. #1)

(I.S.S. #2)

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1719 Excavator DFMElevationsBenchmark used: R11

Reading on

Benchmark: 1.50H.I.: 357.44

DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 30 June 2004 Locus above: B1703 / B1715

Locus parameters: The total length of the wall is approx. 3.73m and its width ranges from .80m to .67m. It cuts NE/SW across the trench and runs under B1204.

Verbal description:

The wall consists of a few ~~pieces~~ ^{pieces} of bedrock, about medium size and small rocks + stone packed w/in dirt.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

30 June 2004

This wall is part of a FN structure that probably dates later than the other FN wall to its W (B1722). The definition of this wall was done by passes in loci B1703 and B1715. It's possible that part of the wall was used as a foundation for another wall at a →

p.2

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1719 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery pail(s)]:

30 June 2004 (cont.)

- later phase; yet prob. unlikely since at least a LM III C floor, a geometric floor, and probably an Archaic surface were covering the area where the wall extends N and goes under B1204.

A later wall, ^(B1716) pars. LM III C, abuts the S end of B1719 and its unclear why this was done for the two walls are skewed and do not line up together.

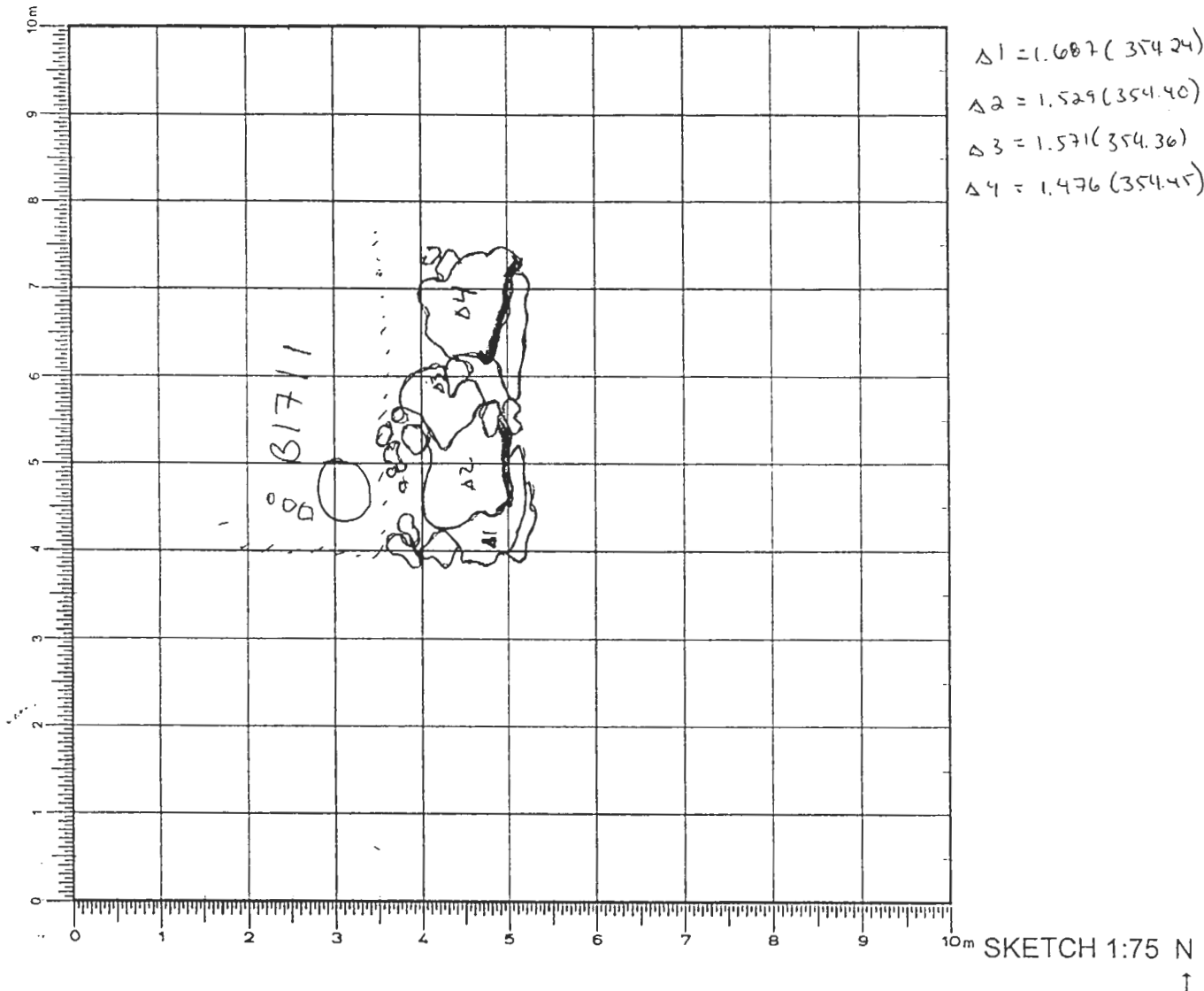


Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1720 Excavator DFM**Elevations**

Benchmark used: R12
 Reading on
 Benchmark: 2.112
 H.I.: 355.93

← N

$\Delta 1 = 1.667 (354.24)$
 $\Delta 2 = 1.529 (354.40)$
 $\Delta 3 = 1.571 (354.36)$
 $\Delta 4 = 1.476 (354.45)$

**DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):**

Today's date: 30 June 2004 Locus above: B1706 / B1711

Locus parameters: This locus measures .95m long and is approx. .30m wide. ~~It is partially covered by the previous locus and a few stones are visible from the top of the wall.~~
 Verbal description: ~~The wall is composed of bedrock and is partially covered by the previous locus.~~

The wall consists of fair sized bedrock pieces with smaller rocks wedged inbetween with dirt. The wall is preserved w/ two courses.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

30 June 2004

The top 2 stone were ^{partially} uncovered by B1706 and then more fully exposed by B1711, B1712, B1713. The lower courses were revealed by locus B1714 and B1715. It appears that this wall is an E/W cross wall betw. B1719 + B1721 and it is dividing →

p.2

p.2

[illegible]

OBJECTS

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

[illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1720 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

30 June 2004 (cont.)

- the space within this FN structure, so there is at least 2 rooms or separate spaces within the ~~for~~ structure.

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1721 Excavator DFM**Elevations**

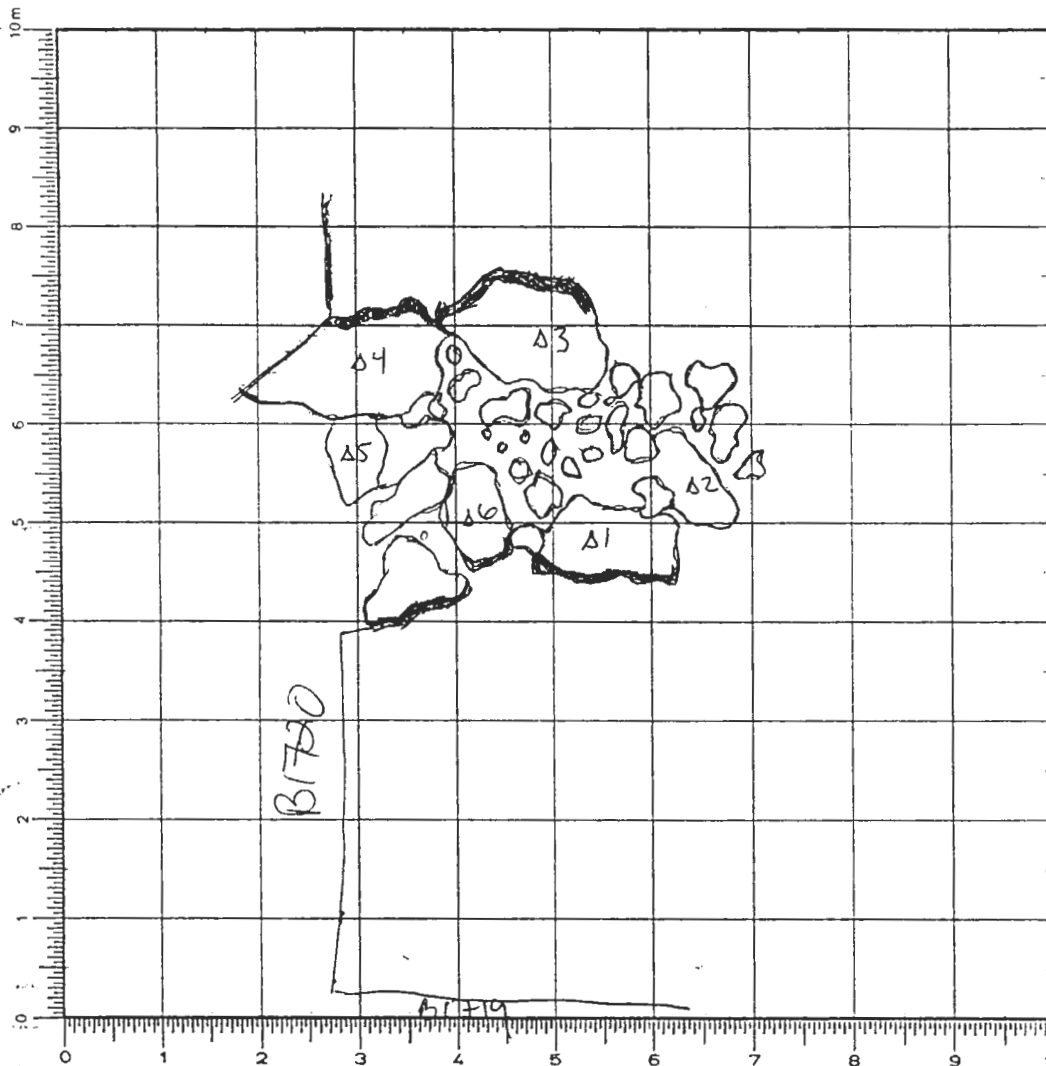
Benchmark used: R12

Reading on

Benchmark: 2112

H.I.: 355.93

← N



$\Delta 1 = 1.585 (354.34)$
 $\Delta 2 = 1.550 (354.38)$
 $\Delta 3 = 1.501 (354.43)$
 $\Delta 4 = 1.360 (354.57)$
 $\Delta 5 = 1.475 (354.45)$
 $\Delta 6 = 1.603 (354.33)$

SKETCH 1:75 N
↑DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain **why** you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 30 June 2004

Locus above: B1714

Locus parameters: This wall measures approx. 1.31 m long, yet is prob longer since it necessarily continues to the N under the preserved Archai's levels, and the tops of some ribs that might belong to B1721 can be seen protruding just W of B1709

Verbal description:

The wall consists of good sized pieces of bedrock with smaller rocks and dirt inbetween. One course is visible along the W face; the E face is only visible from the top, and it is higher than the E side of the wall, so perhaps the wall had at least 2 courses.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary):

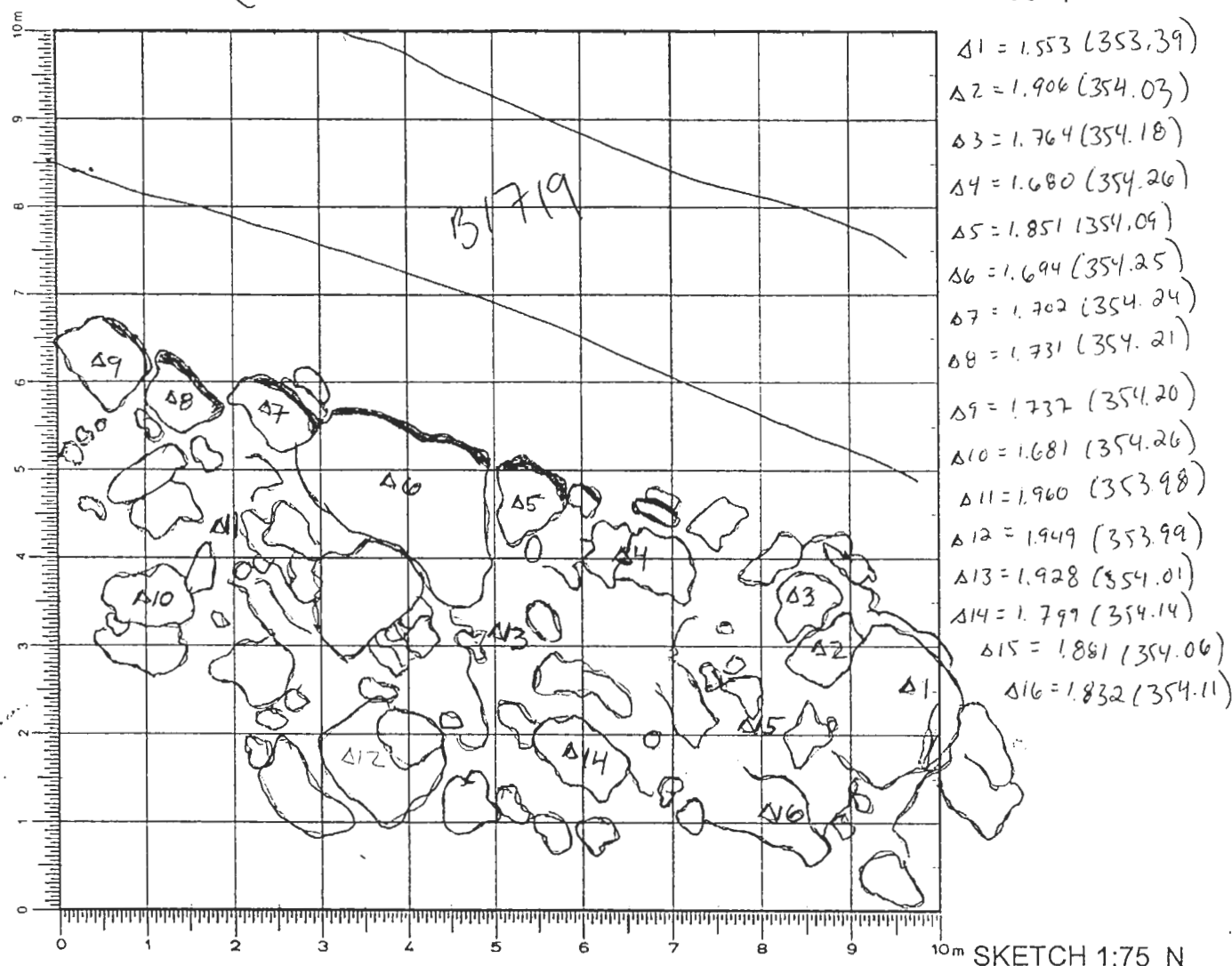
30 June 2004

The wall seems as part of the FN structure that B1719 and B1720 are part of and it most likely serves as the E ~~side~~ side of the structure. The top part of the wall was uncovered by B1714 and the E face was uncovered by B1712 4, and the W side of the wall was recalled by B1715.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1722 Excavator DFM**Elevations**

Benchmark used: R12
 Reading on (353.82)
 Benchmark: 2.123
 H.I.: 355.94



DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION of LOCUS (explain why you changed locus numbers):

Today's date: 30 June 2004 Locus above: B1701 | B1703

Locus parameters: This wall is approx. 3.30 m long and between .95 m - .98 m thick. The wall continues through B1704 and most likely joins w/ the FN wall in B1700.

Verbal description:

The wall consists mainly of large pieces of bedrock, with smaller stones and dirt compacted in between the ~~spaces~~ ^{stems} of bedrock.

Locus Interpretative Comments (What do you think this is? DATE your comments, continue on additional pages if necessary): 30 June 2004

This wall initially ~~was~~ was described as the ~~present~~ western boundary wall to the trench B1700 and it was once thought to have defined the architectural space of the Archaic phase of this area and was the continuation of the western wall seen in B1700, B1700, B1500. At a later phase, it might have done so, but the wall originally →

Year	Trench/Locus	Excavator
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[illegible]

OBJECTS

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL COLLECTED MATERIAL

[illegible]

Year 2004 Trench/Locus B1722 Excavator DFM

DESCRIPTION of PROGRESS of EXCAVATION [date each entry and identify associated pottery find(s)]:

30 June 2004 (cont.)

- ~~it~~ was an FN wall that continues NEward and joins up w/ the FN wall in B1200. It has been suggested that this FN wall ~~might~~ is from an earlier phase in the period and part of an earlier structure, while the other FN walls (B1719, 20, 21) ~~are~~ belong to a later phase + thus a later structure.

As noted above, this wall in previous discussions + descriptions is described as the western boundary wall and it ~~was~~ was first uncovered by B1703.1, but only a few stones were barely visible and it took two more passes to uncover it more, but not fully. Other passes in B1703 and B1715 helped to fully delineate the faces of the wall and its extent.

01 July 2004

- Wall B1722 was cleaned today for Rod's drawing -
thus we have the associated pottery find B1722.1